To: Planning Commission  
From: John Harrington, Development Services Division  
Subject: Temporary Homeless Camp Permitting Process  
Meeting Date: November 20, 2013  
Memo Date: November 14, 2013

At the previous meeting on September 18, 2013, the Planning Commission reviewed background information and the scope of work for the proposed amendments to the Tacoma Municipal Code (TMC) to address the issue concerning temporary homeless camps associated with a religious organization as provided for in RCW 36.01.290.

At the next meeting on November 20, 2013, the Commission will review the proposed language for amending TMC Chapters 13.05 and 13.06 to establish the permitting process and development regulations for this issue. Staff intends to request the Commission to authorize the distribution of the proposal for public review and set December 18, 2013 as the date for a public hearing.

Attached is a staff analysis report, which includes the proposed code amendments as Exhibit A. If you have any questions, please contact me at 279-8950 or jharring@cityoftacoma.org.

Attachment

c: Peter Huffman, Interim Director
Temporary Homeless Camp Permitting Process

Staff Analysis Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposed Amendment:</th>
<th>Add Temporary Homeless Camp Permitting Process to TMC Chapter 13.05 Land Use Permit Procedures and add regulatory standards for the camps in TMC 13.06.635 - Temporary Uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applicant:</td>
<td>Planning and Development Services Department, City of Tacoma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location &amp; Size of Area:</td>
<td>City-wide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Land Use &amp; Zoning:</td>
<td>All land use and zoning districts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood Council Area:</td>
<td>All Neighborhood and Council Areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Contact:</td>
<td>John Harrington, Development Services Division (253) 591-2069, <a href="mailto:jharring@cityoftacoma.org">jharring@cityoftacoma.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Report:</td>
<td>November 20, 2013 (draft)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

I. Description of the Proposed Amendment:

1. Describe the proposed amendment, including the existing and proposed amendatory language, if applicable.

   The proposed amendment would regulate temporary homeless camps to protect public health and safety and the safety of the residents of such camps in the City of Tacoma.

   Exhibit A attached is the proposed amendment language to the Tacoma Municipal Code Sections 13.05 and 13.06.635. Under the authority of the City Council, the fee code in Chapter 2.09 of the Municipal Code will also be amended at a future date to add an application fee for a temporary homeless camp.

2. Describe the intent of the proposed amendment and/or the reason why it is needed.

   In 2010, the Washington Legislature passed Ch. 175 (ESHB 1956), codified as RCW 36.01.290 which granted broad authority to religious organizations to host temporary homeless camps for individuals experiencing homelessness on property owned or controlled by such organizations. It allows cities to enact regulations that are necessary to protect the public health and safety in conducting the set up operation and decommissioning of a temporary homeless camp that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization with respect to the provision of temporary homeless camps. It also prohibits the imposition of permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of the required permit applications for temporary homeless camps. The city has not had a religious organization propose such a camp since the state law passed, but wants to have regulations in place should a group want to operate one.
3. Describe the geographical areas associated with the proposed amendment. Include such information as: location, size, parcel number(s), ownership(s), site map, site characteristics, natural features, current and proposed Comprehensive Plan land use designations, current and proposed zoning classifications, and other appropriate and applicable information for the affected area and the surrounding areas.

The only limitation to the location of the temporary homeless camps in the City of Tacoma is that the site must be on property that is owned or controlled by the religious organization that is running the camp.

4. Provide any additional background information associated with the proposed amendment.

No additional information.

II. Analysis of the Proposed Amendment:

1. How does the proposed amendment conform to applicable provisions of State statutes, case law, regional policies, the Comprehensive Plan, and development regulations?

The proposed amendment is in response to RCW 36.01.290 passed by the Washington State Legislature in 2010. The law provides great latitude for religious organizations to run homeless camps and limits local jurisdictions controls that protect the public health and safety only.

Numerous cities in the state have enacted similar regulations. There is no case law resulting from a legal test of any of the existing regulations.

2. Would the proposed amendment achieve any of the following objectives?

- Address inconsistencies or errors in the Comprehensive Plan or development regulations;
- Respond to changing circumstances, such as growth and development patterns, needs and desires of the community, and the City’s capacity to provide adequate services;
- Maintain or enhance compatibility with existing or planned land uses and the surrounding development pattern; and/or
- Enhance the quality of the neighborhood.

There are currently no regulations for the establishment and operation of homeless encampments in the City of Tacoma. The proposed amendment puts into place public health and safety regulations for the operation of homeless encampments as authorized by state law.

3. Assess the proposed amendment with the following measures: economic impact assessment, sustainability impact assessment, health impact assessment, environmental determination, wetland delineation study, traffic study, visual analysis, and other applicable analytical data, research and studies.

The proposed amendment has no significant impacts in economic development, but may have positive impacts to sustainability and the public health.

The intent of the camps is to provide a temporary, safe and healthy housing alternative for homeless persons who want to live in a camp environment who otherwise would be living on the streets. The camps will provide a place where the residents can be educated about services that they can take advantage of to improve their life situation.
4. Describe the community outreach efforts conducted for the proposed amendment, and the public comments, concerns and suggestions received.

There are a number of non-governmental organizations and governmental agencies in the Greater Tacoma/Pierce County area that have been engaged for some time assisting the homeless. City staff met with many of these groups in September and October to tap into the experience and expertise of these groups, neighborhood and business groups and the public-at-large by holding a number of public meetings to elicit feedback and to hear concerns regarding the operation of temporary homeless camps in the City.

Some of the community based agencies, organizations and groups that staff consulted with included: Tent City Tacoma, Associated Ministries, Metropolitan Development Council, Catholic Community Services, Comprehensive Life Resources, Ministerial Alliance, and Tacoma-Pierce County Coalition to End Homelessness. The Tacoma Community Council and the Cross District Association were given presentations.

A number of city staff on the Intergovernmental SME team went down to Olympia, Washington and observed the operation of an active temporary homeless camp and interviewed the camp operators, human services provider serving the residents and residents of the camp.

5. Will the proposed amendment benefit the City as a whole? Will it adversely affect the City’s public facilities and services? Does it bear a reasonable relationship to the public health, safety, and welfare?

Yes. It will provide the public and religious organizations with the confidence that the city is ready to address homeless encampments with limited, reasonable regulations to protect the public health and safety and the health and safety of the camp residents.

III. Staff Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission authorize the distribution of the proposed code amendments concerning the Temporary Homeless Camp Permitting Process, as set forth in Exhibit A, for public review, and set December 18, 2013 as the date for a public hearing to receive public comment on the proposal. There are a number of variable standards and discretionary aspects that are being recommended in the proposal, as summarized below:

1. Maximum occupancy of each camp: 50 residents. The range of camp size for the eleven cities that we studied was 40-100 residents. Our site inspection of an active camp in Olympia (Camp Quixote) was very instructive in this regard. There were representatives from Tacoma Police, Tacoma Fire, Planning and Development Services, Tacoma-Pierce County Health District and Neighborhood and Community Services were able to make the trip to Olympia. We interviewed the resident president and vice-president of the camp and volunteers and viewed the internal and external camp setup. The site was built for 30 persons and was 7,200 square feet in size. The camp seemed crowded even though a number of larger tents housed up to three persons. The administrative, security tent and kitchen were all crammed into one tent at the entrance to the camp, which had a temporary perimeter fence wood fence. There was also not enough separation between the porta-potties from the kitchen/dining area and not enough hand-washing and garbage cans. There did not appear to be enough room to have proper cooking and dishwashing area and storage for refrigerated and dry goods food. It was not good to have admin/security tent in with the kitchen/dining tent.
2. Minimum site area for camp: 7,500 square feet for up to 25 residents and 15,000 for 26-50 residents. This again was based on the cramped example of Camp Quixote and the desire to create more operational space for the food preparation and dining areas and separation from field hygiene components of the camp. Camp Quixote also did not have a shower facility. One of the main factors for residents to get employment was the ability to get clean with showers and have clean clothes to wear.

3. Allows up to two camp sites operated by the same organization at a time. This is to keep the camps to a manageable size socially and logistically and to not overload a single neighborhood and to facilitate reclamation of the camp sites. An additional component to this allowance is that if two camps are developed by a church during the 93 day time period, the second one must be located at least one mile from the first so that two camps are put on adjacent properties or in the same neighborhood.

4. Maximum time on ground for camp: 93 days. Ninety days was the focus timeframe that fit with our temporary use section, but 90 days did not go into a full 365 day year evenly. Three days were added to alleviate this and to also provide moving time from one camp to the next.

5. Minimum time to return to, or within one mile of previous site: 2 years. Recovery time for the site and neighborhood was considered in reaching this timeframe. The two years allows for a site to have a full year of seasons to recover and for the neighborhood to not feel like they had an annual event happening. This also allows for a return to be at the same time of year versus at a staggered timeframe which should assist the religious community in planning for which sites are more suitable for each season of the year to locate at. So you could have three winter sites for example that could be rotated every third year (with two years in between) that maybe is on a paved site that would minimize muddying up a site, keeping the tents cleaner and not beating up grass sod areas.

6. No warrant or background checks required by Code. Rationale is that city does not require this for other special housing by ordinance and would seem to be a city requirement only for the camps. This is a best practice that will probably happen anyway by the sponsor church.

7. Trash pick-up paid for by sponsor church. The camps will generate solid waste that is beyond what the existing site is set up for disposal and pick-up by Waste Management. Camp Quixote had a separate large dumpster on the property just outside the perimeter fence of the camp that a garbage truck had access to. This additional dumpster and pick-up service would not be a free service paid for by the city or Waste Management, it would be paid for by the sponsor religious organization.

8. Minimum age: 18 years old. This is the common minimum age for homeless encampments. Many social and safety issues are averted by not having child residents in the camp. The indication staff received from Human Services and homeless advocate agencies in Tacoma is that there is better options available for young teenagers and families with children than a temporary tent camp.

9. 6-foot sight obscuring perimeter fence required. This requirement helps to control access to the camp, provides increased security for residents from intruding persons and animals, and provides buffer from noise and light from the camp to the neighborhood and the neighborhood to the camp. A fence also maintains a residential look to the camp versus a hodge-podge external appearance of numerous tents of varying colors and sizes.
10. 14-day public notice (notify to 100 feet of site). This is consistent with a number of benchmarked city’s regulations and is consistent with the notification requirements of our minor critical areas permits. This use is also a temporary, so the impact over time is not as great as a short plat or other permanent development. The use is also not able to be denied, only conditioned with public health and safety requirements. So the more complicated debate of whether to approve the camp or not is not part of the permitting process, therefore less time is needed for consideration. The adoption of these regulations will also hopefully allay concerns that the community would have about the temporary homeless camps.

IV. Exhibits:

Permit Process – TMC 13.05

13.05.010 Application requirements for land use permits.

A. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to outline land use permit and application requirements.

B. Applicability. The regulations identified in this section apply to land use permits for which the Director and/or Hearing Examiner have decision-making authority. The applicant for a land use permit requested under this title shall have the burden of proving that a proposal is consistent with the criteria for such application.

C. Application Requirements.

1. Predevelopment Conference. A predevelopment conference may be scheduled at the request of the Department or the applicant. The predevelopment conference is intended to define the project scope and identify regulatory requirements of Title 13, prior to preparing a land use proposal.

2. Pre-Application Meeting. The pre-application meeting is a meeting between Department staff and a potential applicant for a land use permit to discuss the application submittal requirements and pertinent fees. A pre-application meeting is required prior to submittal of an application for rezoning, platting, height variances, conditional use permit, shoreline management substantial development (including conditional use, variance, and revision), wetland/stream/Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area (FWHCA) development permits, wetland/stream/FWHCA minor development permits, and wetland/stream/FWHCA verifications. This requirement may be waived by the Department. The pre-application meeting is optional for other permits.

3. Applications Form and Content. The Department shall prescribe the form and content for complete applications made pursuant to this title. The applicant is responsible for providing complete and accurate information on all forms as specified below.

Applications shall include the following:

a. The correct number of completed Department application forms signed by the applicant;

b. The correct number of documents, plans, or maps identified on the Department Submittal Requirements form which are appropriate for the proposed project;

c. A demonstration by the applicant of consistency with the applicable policies, regulations, and criteria for approval of the permit requested;

d. A completed State Environmental Policy Act checklist, if required; containing all information required to adequately determine the potential environmental impacts of the proposal;

e. Payment of all applicable fees as identified in Section 2.09.170 – Required Filing Fees for Land Use Applications; and

f. Additional application information which may be requested by the Department and may include, but is not limited to, the following: geotechnical studies, hydrologic studies, noise studies, air quality studies, visual analysis, and transportation impact studies.

D. Initiation of Review Process. The Department shall review a submitted application to determine its completeness, but will not begin permit processing of any application until the application is found to be complete. “Completeness” means the appropriate documents and reports have been submitted. Accuracy and adequacy of the application is not reviewed as a part of this phase.

E. Notice of Complete or Incomplete Application.

1. Within 28 days after receiving a development permit application, the Department shall provide in writing to the applicant either:

a. A notice of complete application; or

b. A notice of incomplete application and what information is necessary to make the application complete.

The 28-day time period shall be determined by calendar days from the date the application was filed to the postmarked date on the written notice from the Department.
2. An application shall be found complete if the Department does not, within 28 days, provide to the applicant a notice of incomplete application.

3. If the application is determined to be incomplete, and/or additional information is requested, within 14 days after an applicant has submitted the requested additional information, the Department shall notify the applicant whether the information submitted adequately responds to the notice of incomplete application, thereby making the application complete, or what additional information is still necessary.

4. An application is complete for purposes of this section when it meets the submission requirements of the Department as outlined in Section 13.05.010.C and TMC Section 13.11.250 for projects that may affect wetlands, streams, or their regulated buffers, even though additional information may be required or project modifications may be made later. The determination of a complete application shall not preclude the Department from requesting additional information or studies, either at the time of the notice of complete application or subsequently if new information is required or substantial changes in the proposed action occur, or should it be discovered that the applicant omitted, or failed to disclose, pertinent information.

F. Inactive Applications. If an applicant fails to submit information identified in the notice of incomplete application or a request for additional information within 120 days from the Department’s mailing date, or does not communicate the need for additional time to submit information, the Department may consider the application inactive and, after notification to the applicant, may close out the file and refund a proportionate amount of the fees collected with the application.

G. Modification to Application. Proposed modifications to an application which the Department has previously found to be complete will be treated as follows:

1. Modifications proposed by the Department to an application shall not be considered a new application.

2. If the applicant proposes modifications to an application which would result in a substantial increase in a project’s impacts, as determined by the Department, the application may be considered a new application. The new application shall conform to the requirements of this title which are in effect at the time the new application is submitted.

H. Limitations on Refiling of Application.

1. Applications for a land use permit pursuant to Title 13 on a specific site shall not be accepted if a similar permit has been denied on the site within the 12 months prior to the date of submittal of the application. The date of denial shall be considered the date the decision was made on an appeal, if an appeal was filed, or the date of the original decision if no appeal was filed.

2. The 12-month time period may be waived or modified if the Director finds that special circumstances warrant earlier reapplication. The Director shall consider the following in determining whether an application for permit is similar to, or substantially the same as, a previously denied application:

a. An application for a permit shall be deemed similar if the proposed use of the property is the same, or substantially the same, as that which was considered and disallowed in the earlier decision;

b. An application for a permit shall be deemed similar if the proposed application form and site plan (i.e., building layout, lot configuration, dimensions) are the same, or substantially the same, as that which was considered and disallowed in the earlier decision;

   c. An application for a variance or waiver shall be deemed similar if the special circumstances which the applicant alleges as a basis for the request are the same, or substantially the same, as those considered and rejected in the earlier decision.

In every instance, the burden of proving that an application is not similar shall be upon the applicant.

I. Filing Fees. The schedule of fees for land use permits is established in Chapter 2.09 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

J. Time Periods for Decision on Application.

1. A decision on applications considered by the Director shall be made within 120 days of complete application. Applications within the jurisdiction of the Hearing Examiner shall be processed within the time limits set forth in Chapter 1.23. The notice of decision on a land use permit shall be issued (and postmarked) within the prescribed
number of days after the Department notifies the applicant that the application is complete or is found complete as provided in Section 13.05.010.D.3. The following time periods shall be exempt from the time period requirement:

a. Any period during which the applicant has been requested by the Department to correct plans, perform required studies, or provide additional required information due to the applicant’s misrepresentation or inaccurate or insufficient information.

b. Any period during which an environmental impact statement is being prepared; however, in no case shall the time period exceed one year, unless otherwise agreed to by the applicant and the City’s responsible official for SEPA compliance.

c. Any period for administrative appeals of land use permits.

d. Any extension for any reasonable period of time mutually agreed upon in writing between the applicant and the Department.

2. The 120-day time period established in Section 13.05.010.J.1 for applications to the Director shall not apply in the following situations:

a. If the permit requires approval of a new fully contained community as provided in RCW 36.70A.350, master planned resort as provided in RCW 36.70A.360, or the siting of an essential public facility as provided in RCW 36.70A.200.

b. If, at the applicant’s request, there are substantial revisions to the project proposal, in which case the time period shall start from the date on which the revised project application is determined to be complete, per Section 13.05.010.E.3.

3. Decision when effective. A decision is considered final at the termination of an appeal period if no appeal is filed, or when a final decision on appeal has been made pursuant to either Chapter 1.23 or Chapter 1.70. In the case of a zoning reclassification, the first reading of the reclassification ordinance by the City Council shall be considered the final decision. First reading shall be considered a tentative approval, and does not constitute final rezoning of the property. However, first reading of the ordinance shall assure the applicant that the reclassification will be approved, provided that the application complies with all requirements and conditions for reclassification as may have been imposed by the Hearing Examiner or the City Council.

4. If unable to issue a final decision within the 120-day time period, a written notice shall be made to the applicant, including findings for the reasons why the time limit has not been met and the specified amount of time needed for the issuance of the final decision.

5. Time Computation. In computing any time period set forth in this chapter, the day of the act or event from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, a Sunday, nor a legal holiday. Legal holidays are described in RCW 1.16.050.


13.05.020 Notice process.

A. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide notice requirements for land use applications.


1. A notice of application shall be provided within 14 days following a notice of complete application being issued to the applicant as identified in Section 13.05.010.E. Examples of minor land use decisions are waivers, variances, temporary homeless camp permits, wetland/stream/FWHCA Verifications, and wetland/stream/FWHCA Minor Development Permits.

2. Notice of application shall be mailed by first-class mail to the applicant; property owner (if different than the applicant); neighborhood councils in the vicinity where the proposal is located; qualified neighborhood or community organizations; the Tacoma Landmarks Commission (for proposals located within a historic district or
affecting a designated landmark); the Puyallup Indian Tribe for “substantial action” as defined in the “Agreement Between the Puyallup Tribe of Indians, Local Governments in Pierce County, the State of Washington, the United States of America, and Certain Private Property Owners,” dated August 27, 1988; and to owners of property and/or taxpayers of record, as indicated by the records of the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer, within the distances identified in Section 13.05.020.G.

3. Parties receiving notice of application shall be given 14 days from the date of mailing (including the day of mailing) to provide any comments on the proposed project to the Department. The notice shall indicate that a copy of the decision taken upon such application will be provided to any person who submits written comments on the application within 14 days of the mailing of such notice, or who requests receipt of a copy of the decision.

4. Decisions of the Land Use Administrator shall be mailed to the applicant and the property owner, if different than the applicant, by first class mail. Decisions of the Administrator requiring environmental review pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act, WAC 197-11, and the provisions of TMC Chapter 13.12, shall also include a Threshold Determination by the Responsible Official for the Department. A decision shall be mailed by first-class mail to: owners of property and/or taxpayers of record as indicated by the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer’s records within the distance identified in Section 13.05.020.G; neighborhood councils in the vicinity where the proposal is located; qualified neighborhood or community organizations; and the Puyallup Indian Tribe for “substantial action” as defined in the “Agreement Between the Puyallup Tribe of Indians, Local Governments in Pierce County, the State of Washington, the United States of America, and Certain Private Property Owners,” dated August 27, 1988.

5. A neighborhood or community organization shall be qualified to receive notice under this section upon a finding that the organization:
   (a) has filed a request for a notification with the City Clerk in the form prescribed by rule, specifying the names and addresses of its representatives for the receipt of notice and its officers and directors;
   (b) includes within its boundaries land within the jurisdiction of the permit authority;
   (c) allows full participating membership to allow property owners/residents within its boundaries;

6. More than one neighborhood or community organization may represent the same area.

7. It shall be the duty of the neighborhood group to advise the City Clerk’s office in writing of changes in its boundaries, or changes in the names and addresses of the officers and representatives for receipt of notice.

8. A public information sign (or signs), provided by the Department for applications noted in Table G (Section 13.05.020.G), indicating that a land use permit application for a proposal has been submitted, shall be erected on the site by the applicant, in a location specified by the Department, within seven calendar days of the date on which a notice of complete application is issued to the applicant. The sign shall remain on the site until the date of final decision, at which time the sign shall be removed by the applicant. The sign shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: type of application, name of applicant, description and location of proposal, and where additional information can be obtained.

C. Process II – Administrative Decisions Requiring an Environmental Determination and Height Variances, Shoreline Permits, Conditional Use, Special Development Permits, Wetland/Stream/Fish & Wildlife Habitat Conservation Area (FWHCA) Development Permits.

1. A notice of application shall be provided within 14 days following a notice of complete application being issued to the applicant as identified in Section 13.05.010.E.

2. Notice of application shall be mailed by first-class mail to the applicant; property owner (if different than the applicant); neighborhood councils in the vicinity where the proposal is located; qualified neighborhood or community organizations consistent with the requirements set forth for Process I land use permits; the Tacoma Landmarks Commission (for proposals located within a historic district or affecting a designated landmark); the Puyallup Indian Tribe for “substantial action” as defined in the “Agreement Between the Puyallup Tribe of Indians, Local Governments in Pierce County, the State of Washington, the United States of America, and Certain Private Property Owners,” dated August 27, 1988; and to owners of property and/or taxpayers of record, as indicated by the records of the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer, within the distances identified in Section 13.05.020.G. For major modifications to development approved in a PRD District rezone and/or site approval, the notice of application shall also be provided to all owners of property and/or taxpayers of record within the entire PRD District and owners of
property and/or taxpayers of record, as indicated by the records of the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer, within the distances identified in Section 13.05.020.G from the boundary of the PRD District.

3. Parties receiving notice of application shall be given 30 days, with the exception of five to nine lot preliminary plats which shall be given 20 days from the date of mailing (including the day of mailing) to provide any comments on the proposed project to the Department, unless a Public Meeting is held, as provided by Section 13.05.020.F. The notice shall indicate that a copy of the decision taken upon such application will be provided to any person who submits written comments on the application within 30 days of the mailing of such notice, or who requests receipt of a copy of the decision.

4. A public information sign (or signs), provided by the Department for applications noted in Table G (Section 13.05.020.G), indicating that a land use permit application for a proposal has been submitted, shall be erected on the site by the applicant, in a location specified by the Department, within seven calendar days of the date on which a notice of complete application is issued to the applicant. The sign shall remain on the site until the date of final decision, at which time the sign shall be removed by the applicant. The sign shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: type of application, name of applicant, description and location of proposal, and where additional information can be obtained.

5. Notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation for applications identified in the table in subsection G of this section.


1. A notice of application shall be provided within 14 days following a notice of complete application being issued to the applicant as identified in Section 13.05.010.C.

2. Notice of application, including the information identified in Section 13.05.020.E, shall be mailed by first-class mail to the applicant, property owner (if different than the applicant), neighborhood councils in the vicinity where the proposal is located; qualified neighborhood or community organizations; the Tacoma Landmarks Commission (for proposals located within a historic district or affecting a designated landmark); Puyallup Indian Tribe for “substantial action” as defined in the “Agreement Between the Puyallup Tribe of Indians, Local Governments in Pierce County, the State of Washington, the United States of America, and Certain Private Property Owners,” dated August 27, 1988; and to owners of property and/or taxpayers of record, as indicated by the records of the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer, within the distances identified in Section 13.05.020.G. For major modifications to development approved in a PRD District rezone and/or site approval, the notice of application shall also be provided to all owners of property and/or taxpayers of record within the entire PRD District and owners of property and/or taxpayers of record, as indicated by the records of the Pierce County Assessor/Treasurer, within the distances identified in Section 13.05.020.G from the boundary of the PRD District.

3. The notified parties shall be allowed 21 days from the date of mailing to comment on the pre-threshold environmental determination under provisions of Chapter 13.12, after which time the responsible official for SEPA shall make a final determination. Those parties who comment on the environmental information shall receive notice of the environmental determination. If an appeal of the determination is filed, it will be considered by the Hearing Examiner at the public hearing on the proposal.

4. A public information sign (or signs), provided by the Department, indicating that a land use permit application for a proposal has been submitted, shall be erected on the site by the applicant, in a location specified by the Department, within seven calendar days of the date on which a notice of complete application is issued to the applicant. The sign shall remain on the site until the date of final decision, at which time the sign shall be removed by the applicant. The notice shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: type of application, name of applicant, location of proposal, and where additional information can be obtained.

5. Notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation for applications identified in the table in subsection G of this section.

E. Content of Public Notice of Application. Notice of application shall contain the following information, where applicable, in whatever sequence is most appropriate for the proposal:

1. Date of application;

2. Date of notice of completion for the application;
3. Date of the notice of application;
4. Description of the proposed project action;
5. List of permits included in the application;
6. List of studies requested;
7. Other permits which may be required;
8. A list of existing environmental documents used to evaluate the proposed project(s) and where they can be reviewed;
9. Public comment period (not less than 14 nor more than 30 days), statement of right to comment on the application, receive notice of and participate in hearings, request a copy of the decision when made, and any appeal rights;
10. Date, time, place and type of hearing (notice must be provided at least 15 days prior to the open record hearing);
11. Statement of preliminary determination of development regulations that will be used for project mitigation and of consistency;
12. A provision which advises that a “public meeting” may be requested by any party entitled to notice;
13. Any other information determined appropriate, e.g., preliminary environmental determination, applicant’s analysis of code/policy applicability to project.

F. Public Comment Provisions. Parties receiving notice of application shall be given the opportunity to comment in writing to the department. A “public meeting” to obtain information, as defined in Section 13.05.005, may be held on applications which require public notification under Process II when:
1. The Director determines that the proposed project is of broad public significance; or
2. The neighborhood council in the area of the proposed project requests a “public meeting”; or
3. The owners of five or more parcels entitled to notice for the application make a written request for a meeting; or
4. The applicant has requested a “public meeting.”

Requests for a meeting must be made in writing and must be in the Planning and Development Services office within the comment period identified in the notice. One public meeting shall be held for a permit request regardless of the number of public meeting requests received. If a public meeting is held, the public comment period shall be extended 7 days beyond and including the date of the public meeting. Notice of the “public meeting” shall be mailed at least 14 days prior to the meeting to all parties entitled to original notice, and shall specify the extended public comment period; however, if the Director has determined that the proposed project is of broad public significance, or if the applicant requests a meeting, notification of a public meeting may be made with the notice of application, and shall allow the standard 30-day public comment period.

The comment period for permit type is identified in Section 13.05.020.G. When a proposal requires an environmental determination under Chapter 13.12, the notice shall include the time within which comments will be accepted prior to making a threshold determination of environmental significance or non-significance.

G. Notice and Comment Period for Specified Permit Applications. Table G specifies how to notify, the distance required, the comment period allowed, expiration of permits, and who has authority for the decision to be made on the application.

**Table G – Notice, Comment and Expiration for Land Use Permits**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permit Type</th>
<th>Preapplication Meeting</th>
<th>Notice: Distance</th>
<th>Notice: Newspaper</th>
<th>Notice: Post Site</th>
<th>Comment Period</th>
<th>Decision</th>
<th>Hearing Required</th>
<th>City Council</th>
<th>Expiration of Permit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interpretation/determination of code</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
<td>For general application</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uses not specifically classified</td>
<td>Recommended</td>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boundary line adjustment</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental SEPA DNS/EIS</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>Same as case type</td>
<td>Yes if no hearing required</td>
<td>Yes for EIS</td>
<td>Same as case type</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>None</td>
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<tr>
<td>Variance, height of main structure</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years</td>
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<td>Open space classification</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>**</td>
<td>Hearing Examiner</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>None</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plats 10+ lots</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>21 days</td>
<td>SEPA**</td>
<td>Hearing Examiner</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Final Plat</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plats 5-9 lots</td>
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<td>400 feet</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>20 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>Final Plat</td>
<td>5 years***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rezones</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>21 days</td>
<td>SEPA**</td>
<td>Hearing Examiner</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shoreline/CUP/variance</td>
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<td>400 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Director</td>
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<td>2 years/maximum 6</td>
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<td>Short plat</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site approval</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days***</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Conditional use</td>
<td>Required</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days***</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years****</td>
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<td>Conditional use, large-scale retail</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>1,000 feet</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days**</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary Homeless Camp Permit</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variance</td>
<td>Optional</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>5 years</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waiver</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td>100 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>Condition of permit</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Wetland/Stream/FWHCA development permits</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>30 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years with 5 year renewal option to a maximum of 20 years total</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wetland/Stream/FWHCA Minor Development Permits</td>
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<td>100 feet</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>No</td>
<td>5 years with 5 year renewal option to a maximum of 20 years total</td>
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<td>Wetland/Stream/FWHCA verification</td>
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<td>100 feet</td>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>Director</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>5 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INFORMATION IN THIS TABLE IS FOR REFERENCE PURPOSE ONLY.

* When an open record hearing is required, all other land use permit applications for a specific site or project shall be considered concurrently by the Hearing Examiner (refer to Section 13.05.040.E).
** Comment on land use permit proposal allowed from date of notice to hearing.
*** Must be recorded with the Pierce County Auditor within five years.
Special use permits for wireless communication facilities, including towers, are limited to two years from the effective date of the Director’s decision.

If a public meeting is held, the public comment period shall be extended 7 days beyond and including the date of the public meeting.


13.05.030 Director Decision Making Authority.

A. Authority. The Director shall have the authority to act upon the following matters:

1. Interpretation, enforcement, and administration of the City’s land use regulatory codes as prescribed in this title;
2. Applications for conditional use permits;
3. Applications for site plan approvals;
4. Applications for variances;
5. Applications for waivers;
6. Applications for preliminary and final plats as outlined in Chapter 13.04, Platting;
8. Applications for Shoreline Management Substantial Development Permits/conditional use/variances as outlined in Chapter 13.10;
9. Modifications or revisions to any of the above approvals;
10. Approval of landscape plans;
11. Extension of time limitations;
12. Application for permitted use classification for those uses not specifically classified.
13. Boundary line adjustments, binding site plans, and short plats;
14. Approval of building or development permits requiring Land Use Code and Environmental Code compliance;

15. Applications for temporary homeless camps

D. Interpretation and Application of Land Use Regulatory Code. In interpreting and applying the provisions of the Land Use Regulatory Code, the provisions shall be held to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public safety, health, morals or general welfare. It is not intended by this code to interfere with or abrogate or annul any easements, covenants or agreements between parties. Where this code imposes a greater restriction upon the use of buildings or premises or upon the heights of buildings or requires larger yards or setbacks and open spaces than are required in other ordinances, codes, regulations, easements, covenants or agreements, the provisions of this code shall govern. An interpretation shall be utilized where the factual basis to make a determination is unusually complex or there is some problem with the veracity of the facts; where the applicable code provision(s) is ambiguous or its application to the facts unclear; or in those instances where a person applying for a license or permit disagrees with a staff determination made on the application. Requests for interpretation of the provisions of the Land Use Regulatory Code shall be processed in accordance with the requirements of Section 13.05.040.

E. Permitted Uses – Uses Not Specifically Classified. In addition to the authorized permitted uses for the districts as set forth in this title, any other use not elsewhere specifically classified may be permitted upon a finding by the Director that such use will be in conformity with the authorized permitted uses of the district in which the use is requested. Notification of the decision shall be made by publication in a newspaper of general circulation.

F. Reasonable Accommodation. Any person claiming to have a handicap, or someone acting on his or her behalf, who wishes to be excused from an otherwise applicable requirement of this Land Use Code under the Fair Housing
Amendments Act of 1988, 42 USC § 3604(f)(3)(b), or the Washington Law Against Discrimination, Chapter 49.60 RCW, must provide the Director with verifiable documentation of handicap eligibility and need for accommodation. The Director shall act promptly on the request for accommodation. If handicap eligibility and need for accommodation are demonstrated, the Director shall approve an accommodation, which may include granting an exception to the provisions of this Code.

1. Purpose. This section provides a procedure for requests for reasonable accommodations made by persons with disabilities, their representative or any entity, when the application of a land use regulation acts as a barrier to fair housing opportunities.

2. Application. Requests for reasonable accommodation shall be submitted in the form of a letter to the Development Services Division of the Planning and Development Services Department and shall include the following:
   a. The applicant’s name, address, and telephone number;
   b. Address of the property for which the request is being made;
   c. The current use of the property;
   d. The basis for the claim that the individual is considered disabled under the fair housing laws: identification and description of the disability which is the basis for the request for accommodation, including current, written medical certification and description of disability and its effects on the person’s medical, physical or mental limitations;
   e. The code provision, regulation or policy from which reasonable accommodation is being requested, including all applicable material necessary to reach a decision regarding the need for and reasonableness of the accommodation, such as drawings, pictures, plans, correspondence or any other background information relevant to the request;
   f. The type of accommodation being sought and why the reasonable accommodation is necessary to make the specific property accessible to the individual; and
   g. Other supportive information deemed necessary by the Department to facilitate proper consideration of the request, consistent with the Acts.

3. No application fee shall apply to a request for reasonable accommodation (unless the request is being made concurrently with an application for some other Land Use discretionary permit, in which case the applicant shall pay only the required application fee for that other discretionary permit).

4. Review Authority and Review Procedure.
   a. Review Authority. Requests for reasonable accommodation shall be reviewed by the Director, or his/her designee.
   b. Other Review Authority. Requests for reasonable accommodation submitted for concurrent review with another Land Use discretionary application shall be reviewed by the authority reviewing the discretionary land use application; further, a reasonable accommodation cannot waive a requirement for a Conditional Use Permit when otherwise required or result in approval of uses otherwise prohibited by the City’s land use and zoning regulations.
   c. Review Procedure. The Director, or his/her designee, shall grant, grant with conditions, or deny a request for reasonable accommodation in accordance with 13.05.030.F.5 (Findings and Decision).
   d. The Director may require a Concomitant Zoning Agreement (CZA) be recorded with the Pierce County Auditor to ensure conditions of approval are met. The City will be responsible for creating the CZA and will provide it to the applicant. The CZA must be recorded prior to issuance of Certificate of Occupancy or Certificate of Completion for the associated building permit;
   e. A notice of the Director’s decision will be mailed to all property owners/taxpayers located within 100 feet of the site where the accommodation is requested.

5. Findings and Decision. The written decision to grant or deny a request for reasonable accommodation will be consistent with the Acts and shall be based on consideration of the following factors, with or without conditions:
   a. The requested accommodation is necessary to make specific housing available to a disabled person;
   b. The housing will be used by a disabled person;
The requested accommodation would not require a fundamental alteration in the nature of a City program or law, including land use and zoning; and

d. The requested accommodation would not impose an undue financial or administrative burden on the City;

6. Reasonable Conditions. In granting a request for reasonable accommodation, the reviewing authority may further impose conditions of approval that are deemed reasonable and necessary to ensure that the reasonable accommodation would comply with the findings required under 13.05.030.F.5 above, such as removal of the improvements, where removal would not constitute an unreasonable financial burden and when the need for which the accommodation was granted no longer exists.

Development Standards/Permitting Process for Temporary Homeless Camps – TMC Chapter 13.06

13.06.635 Temporary use.
A. Purpose. The purpose of this section is to allow listed temporary uses which:
1. Are not contrary to the various purposes of this chapter;
2. Will not impede the orderly development of the immediate surrounding area, as provided for in the Comprehensive Plan and the zoning district in which the area is located; and
3. Will not endanger the health, safety, or general welfare of adjacent residences or the general public.
B. Temporary uses.
1. General. A temporary use shall be subject to the standards of development specified in this section.
2. Duration and/or frequency. Where permitted as a temporary use, the following uses may be authorized for the time specified in Table 1, and subject to Section 13.06.635.B.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Temporary Use Type</th>
<th>Days Allowed Per Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal sales</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carnival</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary housing</td>
<td>See Section 13.06.635.B.3.a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary office space</td>
<td>See Section 13.06.635.B.3.b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary storage</td>
<td>See Section 13.06.635.B.3.d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temporary homeless camps</td>
<td>See Section 13.06.635.B.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. The duration of the temporary use shall include the days the use is being set up and established, when the event actually takes place, and when the use is being removed.
b. A parcel may be used for no more than three temporary uses within a calendar year; provided, the time periods specified in Table 1 are not exceeded. Multiple temporary uses may occur on a parcel concurrently; provided, the time periods in Table 1 are not exceeded.

3. Temporary structure standards.
a. Temporary housing.
   (1) Such use shall be placed on a lot, tract, or parcel of land upon which a main building is being in fact constructed. The applicant shall have a valid building permit approved by Planning and Development Services;
   (2) Such uses are of a temporary nature not involving permanent installations, including structures and utilities;
   (3) That such a house trailer or mobile home shall be located at least 25 feet away from any existing residences;
   (4) That conformance with all applicable health, sanitary, and fire regulations occasioned by the parking and occupancy of said house trailer or mobile home shall be observed.
   (5) The temporary housing shall be removed within 30 days after final inspection of the project, or within one year from the date the unit is first moved to the site, whichever may occur sooner.
b. Temporary office space.
   (1) Such use shall be in accordance with the use regulations of the zoning district within which the temporary office is located.
   (2) Such use is appropriate due to the construction or reconstruction of a main building or the temporary nature of the use.
(3) Such use is of a temporary nature not involving permanent installations, including structures, utilities, and other improvements, unless such improvements are to be used in conjunction with a permanent structure, plans for which have been approved by Planning and Development Services. This provision shall not be construed to prohibit the installation of utilities necessary to serve the temporary use or the requiring of improvements necessary to eliminate or mitigate nuisances or adverse environmental impacts resulting from the temporary use.

(4) Such a temporary building shall be located at least 25 feet away from any existing structure or structures under construction unless it can be demonstrated that a lesser distance will be adequate to safeguard adjacent properties and provide a safe distance from any construction occurring on the site.

(5) Such temporary building shall not be required to comply with the design standards found in Section 13.06.501.

(6) That conformance with all applicable health, sanitary, and fire regulations occasioned by the parking and occupancy of said temporary building shall be observed.

(7) The temporary office shall be removed within 30 days after final inspection of the project, or within one year from the date the unit is first moved to the site, whichever may occur sooner.

c. Carnival.

(1) Such uses are of a temporary nature not involving permanent installations, including both structures and utility services, except those already existing on the premises.

(2) Proper regard shall be given to the controlling of traffic generated by the use with respect to ingress and egress to the given site and the off-street parking of automobiles attracted by the use.

(3) That any structures, buildings, tents, or incidental equipment shall be located at least 200 feet from existing residences;

(4) That off-street parking for the primary use on the site shall not be reduced below the required parking for that use.

d. Temporary storage. Temporary storage units are transportable units designed and used primarily for temporary storage of building materials, household goods, personal items and other materials for use on a limited basis. Temporary storage units, where allowed, shall be subject to the following standards:

(1) Temporary storage units shall be allowed as part of an active construction project or active moving process.

(2) In residential zoning districts, the maximum duration of temporary storage shall be 180-days in any two-year period, with up to one 60-day extension allowed at the discretion of Planning and Development Services.

(3) In commercial, mixed-use or industrial zoning districts, temporary storage units shall be removed within 30 days after final inspection of the project.

(4) Temporary storage units shall be placed in the least conspicuous location available to minimize disturbance to any adjoining properties and shall be located in accordance with all applicable building, health and fire safety ordinances and regulations. Units shall provide a minimum 5-foot setback from all exterior property lines and shall not be located within required buffer areas. Units shall not block, impair, or otherwise unduly inconvenience pedestrian or vehicular traffic patterns, emergency access, access points to the site, parking lots, or adjacent uses.

(5) Such use is of a temporary nature not involving permanent installations, including structures, utilities, and other improvements, unless such improvements are to be used in conjunction with a permanent structure, plans for which have been approved by Planning and Development Services. This provision shall not be construed to prohibit the installation of utilities necessary to serve the temporary use or the requiring of improvements necessary to eliminate or mitigate nuisances or adverse environmental impacts resulting from the temporary use.

(6) Such temporary building shall not be required to comply with the standard locational, bulk and area requirements or the design, landscaping, parking and other standards found in Sections 13.06.500-.522.

(7) Planning and Development Services shall have full discretion to stipulate additional limitations or conditions on such temporary use to ensure that it does not unduly affect the health, safety, or general welfare of adjacent properties or residences or the general public.
4. Temporary Homeless Camps

a. Purpose. In recognition of the need for temporary housing for homeless persons, it is the purpose of this section to allow sponsoring religious organizations to use property they own or control for temporary homeless camps, while preventing harmful effects associated with such uses, including the use of open flames, the possibility of impediments to emergency services, the possibility of environmental degradation, the use of improper sanitary facilities, and the possibility of any other factors that would be considered a nuisance under applicable laws.

b. Application. In order to allow sponsoring religious organizations to establish a temporary homeless camp on qualifying property, a permit must be obtained from Planning and Development Services in accordance with TMC 13.05 and the following:

(1) The director of Planning and Development Services is authorized to issue permits for temporary homeless camps only upon demonstration that all public health and safety considerations have been adequately addressed.

(2) An application for a temporary homeless camp shall include the following:

(a) The dates of the start and termination of the temporary homeless camp;

(b) The maximum number of residents proposed;

(c) The location, including parcel number and address

(d) The names of the managing agency or manager and sponsor

(e) A site plan showing the following:

   (i) Property lines,

   (ii) Property dimensions,

   (iii) Location and type of fencing/screening,

   (iv) Location of all support tents/structures (administrative, security, kitchen, and dining areas)

   (v) Method of providing and location of potable water,

   (vi) Method of providing and location of waste receptacles,

   (vii) Location of required sanitary stations (latrines, showers, hygiene, hand-washing stations),

   (viii) Location of vehicular access and parking,

   (ix) Location of tents and dwellings for each person (must meet Tacoma Pierce County Health Department requirements),

   (x) Entry/exit control points, and

   (xi) Internal pathways, access routes for emergency services

(f) A statement from the sponsoring religious organization regarding its commitment to maintain during the existence of any sponsored temporary homeless camp liability insurance in types and amounts sufficient to cover the liability exposures inherent in the permitted activity.

c. Safety and health requirements. A temporary homeless camp shall be established in accordance with the following standards:

(1) No more than 50 residents shall be allowed per camp location. There may be up to two camps operating under the same religious organization at a time on separate parcels with at least one (1) mile separation. The City may further limit the number of residents as site conditions dictate.

(2) A minimum seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet of site area shall be required for camps of up to twenty-five (25) people. Site area may be proportionally reduced if adjacent existing church buildings are used for support facilities such as kitchen, dining hall, showers and latrines, and
(3) A minimum fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet of site area shall be required for camps of twenty-six to fifty (26-50) people. Site area reduction may be permitted as in (2) above.

(4) The maximum duration of a homeless camp shall be ninety-three (93) consecutive days.

(5) A camp may only return to, or within one mile of, the same parcel of land after two years has lapsed since the previous camp moved off the site.

(6) In no event shall more than two (2) homeless camp sites be permitted within the City at any given time.

(7) The encampment shall be enclosed on all sides with a minimum six foot tall site obscuring fence. Such fence may be comprised of chain link with slats or be a solid wood fence.

(8) Permanent structures are prohibited from being constructed within the camp.

(9) Temporary homeless camps are prohibited in Shoreline Districts, critical areas, and their buffers.

(10) The sponsoring religious organization shall work with Neighborhood and Community Services and other agencies to find more permanent housing solutions for the inhabitants of the camp during its operation.

(11) One security/office/operations tent for the purposes of having the manager overseeing the camp must be onsite at all times. Persons who are acting as the on-site manager must be awake while on shift to monitor the security of the camp and be ready and able to alert police and/or other emergency responders if the need arises.

(12) The minimum age for camp inhabitants is 18-years-old.

(13) The temporary homeless camp must be located within one- quarter (¼) mile of a bus route that is in service seven (7) days-a-week.

(14) The following facilities and provisions must be made available on site and approved for adequacy and location by the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department prior to occupancy:

(a) Potable water as approved or provided by local utilities. Estimated usage is four to five (4-5) gallons per day per resident.

(b) One sanitary portable toilet per twenty (20) residents with service as required.

(c) Hand-washing stations with warm water, soap and paper towels and covered garbage cans at the following locations:

   (i) One (1) per fifteen (15) residents next to the portable toilets

   (ii) One (1) at the entrance to the dining area, and

   (iii) One (1) at the food preparation area.

(d) One (1) showering facility per fifteen (15) residents on-site.

(e) At least one food preparation area/tent with refrigeration, sinks and cooking equipment. If food is prepared on site, adequate dishwashing facilities must be available.

(f) Food preparation, storage and serving. No children under age of ten (10) in food preparation or storage areas

(g) An adequate water source must be made available to the camp.

(h) Sleeping shelters must meet the following standards:

   (i) Minimum ten (10) feet separation on all sides from other tents and be flame retardant,

   (ii) Minimum thirty (30) square feet per resident.
(iii) Minimum forty to fifty (40-50) cubic feet of air space per resident.

(iv) Beds arranged at least three (3) feet apart.

(i) Waste water disposal including mop sink which drains to sanitary sewer, and

(ii) Solid waste: Garbage removal by local utilities. Adequate scheduled dumping to prevent overflow. Estimate 30 gallon capacity per 10 residents. Infectious waste/sharps disposal shall be made available.

(k) Premises must be maintained to control insects, rodents, and other pests

(15) Fire safety shall be provided as approved by the Tacoma Fire Department (TFD), including:

(a) Approval letter from the Tacoma Fire Department, should the camp contain structures in excess of 200 square feet or canopies in excess of 400 square feet.

(b) Provide at least one fire extinguisher as specified by TFD within seventy-five (75) feet from every tent and at least one (1) in the kitchen facility and security office/tent,

(c) Adequate access for fire and emergency services, with a minimum of two access points,

(d) No smoking or open flames allowed in tents.

(e) Electrical inspection in coordination with Planning and Development Services electrical inspector to ensure safe provision of power to support tents and facilities (administration, security, kitchen, dining, shower, hygiene, and latrine facilities) and individual living tents.

(f) Security plan. The security plan shall:

(i) List the contact name and phone number of the on-site manager,

(ii) Contain an evacuation plan for the camp,

(iii) Contain a controlled access plan for residents, and

(iv) Contain a fire suppression and emergency access plan.

(16) Parking Standards.

(a) Parking spaces, layouts, and configuration shall be designed in accordance with TMC 13.06.510,

(b) A minimum of two (2) off-street parking spaces are required for all temporary homeless camps, and

(c) Any required parking for the principal/existing use on site shall not be displaced as a result of the temporary homeless camp.

(17) Refuse containers shall be provided on site, with service provided by Solid Waste Management.