

## **Legislation Passed May 7, 2013**

The Tacoma City Council, at its regular City Council meeting of May 7, 2013, adopted the following resolutions and/or ordinances. The summary of the contents of said resolutions and/or ordinances are shown below. To view the full text of the document, click on the bookmark at the left of the page.

### Resolution No. 38665

Setting Tuesday, May 21, 2013, at approximately 5:30 p.m., as the date for a public hearing by the City Council on the proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and Land Use Regulatory Code, as recommended by the Planning Commission for the year 2013.

### Purchase Resolution No. 38666

Awarding a contract to:

Michels Corporation, on its bid of \$1,168,433.75, not including sales tax, plus a 15 percent contingency, for a cumulative total of \$1,343,698.81, budgeted from the Surface Water Fund, for the rehabilitation of 28,400 linear feet of 8-inch to 21 inch diameter stormwater sewer pipes using Cured-In-Place pipe technology, as part of the Stormwater Sewer Rehabilitation Project – Specification No. ES13-0043F.

### Resolution No. 38667

Authorizing the submittal of the 2013-2014 Annual Action Plan to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development by the deadline of May 15, 2013 for funding various agencies.

### Resolution No. 38668

Supporting the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission Review recommendations of setting term limits at ten consecutive years; adding two-year youth positions for those between the ages of 16 and 18, to the Human Services Commission, Tacoma Arts Commission, Tacoma Area Commission on Disabilities, and Sustainable Tacoma Commission; and revising the age requirement for participation on all committees, boards, and commissions to 16 years.

### Amended Resolution No. 38669

Establishing a Transportation Commission to advise the City Council on transportationrelated matters; and establishing one or more staff-appointed technical advisory groups to provide specific technical expertise on various transportation policy areas.

### Resolution No. 38670

Establishing a City Events and Recognitions Committee for the purpose of planning and fundraising for City-hosted observation and recognition events; and establishing one or more staff-appointed subcommittees to assist in the planning and implementation of various events.

### Amended Resolution No. 38671

Amending the Council Standing Committee Process Manual by revising Section 2 to include the function and purpose of the Council standing committees; adding a new Section 3 which defines the committees' specified legislative oversight and guidance responsibilities; and adding a new Appendix D: List of Citizen Committees, Boards, and Commissions by Recommended Committees; and addressing inconsistencies and correcting minor errors contained therein.

#### Ordinance No. 28147

Amending Chapters 1.07 and 1.90 of the Municipal Code, relating to the Local Employment and Apprenticeship Training Program (LEAP), to change the federal Renewal Community designation to Washington State Community Empowerment Zone, revise the definition of a LEAP-qualified participant to include youth and veterans, and eliminate the City of Tacoma Target Area designation.

### Substitute Ordinance No. 28148A

Amending Chapter 1.12 of the Municipal Code, relating to the Compensation Plan, to implement a change in pay for approximately 398 non-represented Tacoma Public Utilities positions and 17 non-representative General Government positions; and correct a pay range for one classification represented by Teamsters Local Union No. 117, Public Assembly Facilities Unit, which covers 31 positions.

### Ordinance No. 28149

Amending Chapters 2.01 and 2.17 of the Municipal Code, relating to the Minimum Building and Structures Code, to shorten timeframes for enforcement, clarify cost recovery mechanisms, address concerns raised about elevator accessibility, enhance language related to historic preservation, clarify the role of the Board of Building Appeals, and ensure consistency with other sections of the Municipal Code.

## Ordinance No. 28150

Amending Chapter 11.05 of the Municipal Code, relating to the Model Traffic Ordinance, to remove reference to the Parking Management Advisory Task Force to enable implementation of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions review recommendations.

### Ordinance No. 28151

Amending the 2013-2014 Biennial Budget to appropriate funds from the 2011-2012 budget to cover contract obligations, transfers, and other budget adjustments.



# **RESOLUTION NO. 38665**

A RESOLUTION relating to the 2013 Annual Amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and Land Use Regulatory Code; setting Tuesday, May 21, 2013, as the date for a public hearing on proposed amendments recommended by the Planning Commission for the year 2013.

WHEREAS, each year, the City Council considers revisions to the Comprehensive Plan ("Plan") and development regulations contained in the Land Use Regulatory Code ("Code"), pursuant to the Growth Management Act, and

WHEREAS the amendment cycle for the proposed 2013 Annual Amendment began on July 1, 2012, and ends on June 30, 2013, and

WHEREAS the Planning Commission ("Commission") generated proposed Plan and Code amendments based on community needs and input from members of the public, City Council, and City staff, and then evaluated those proposed amendments for potential benefits and impacts, alternatives, and consistency with existing plans and laws, and

WHEREAS the Commission, after completion of its review process, including a hearing to receive public testimony on the proposed amendments on March 20, 2013, finalized the proposed 2013 Annual Amendment and recommended it to the City Council on May 1, 2013, and



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WHEREAS the proposed 2013 Annual Amendment includes:

(1) changes to the Growth Strategy and Development Concept, Generalized Land Use, Transportation, and Shoreline related elements of the Comprehensive Plan; and (2) changes to Chapters 1.37 (Transfer of Development Rights Program Administrative Code, 10.14 (Driveways), 13.02 (Planning Commission), 13.04 (Platting and Subdivisions), 13.05 (Land Use Permit Procedures), 13.06 (Zoning), and 13.06A (Downtown Tacoma) of the Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC"), and

WHEREAS Chapter 13.02 of the TMC requires the City Council to conduct a public hearing before amending the Comprehensive Plan or Land Use Regulatory Code; Now, Therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

Section 1. That a public hearing on the proposed amendments to the Comprehensive Plan and Land Use Regulatory Code, as contained in the proposed 2013 Annual Amendment, shall be held before the City Council in the Council Chambers on the first floor of the Tacoma Municipal Building, 747 Market Street, Tacoma, Washington, on Tuesday, May 21, 2013, at approximately 5:30 p.m. or as soon thereafter as the same may be heard.



1	Section 2. That the Clerk of the	ne City of Tacoma shall give proper notice
2	of the time and place of said hearing.	
3	or the time and place of said flearing.	
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# RESOLUTION NO. 38666

A RESOLUTION related to the purchase of materials, supplies or equipment, and the furnishing of services; authorizing the appropriate City officials to enter into contracts and, where specified, waiving competitive bidding requirements, authorizing sales of surplus property, or increasing or extending existing agreements.

WHEREAS the City has complied with all applicable laws governing the acquisition of those supplies, and/or the procurement of those services, inclusive of public works, set forth in the attached Exhibit "A," which Exhibit is incorporated herein as though fully set forth, and

WHEREAS the Board of Contracts and Awards has reviewed the proposals and bids received by the City, and the Board has made its recommendation as set forth in Exhibit "A," and

WHEREAS the Board of Contracts and Awards has also made its recommendations as to entering into purchasing agreements with those governmental entities identified in Exhibit "A"; Now, Therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the Council of the City of Tacoma does hereby concur in the findings and recommendations of the Board of Contracts and Awards set forth in the attached Exhibit "A," and does hereby approve and authorize the:

- (X) A. Procurement of those supplies, services, and public works recommended for acceptance in the attached Exhibit "A";
- ( ) B. Rejection of those bids and/or proposals that are recommended for rejection in the attached Exhibit "A";



( ) C. Entry into the proposed purchasing agreement with those governmental entities identified in the attached Exhibit "A," which proposed agreement is on file in the office of the City Clerk; ( ) D. Waiver of competitive bidding procedures in those instances, as set forth in Exhibit "A," in which it is impracticable to obtain supplies or public works improvements by competitive bid, or in those instances in which supplies and/or public works are available from a single source. Adopted \_\_\_\_\_ Mayor Attest: City Clerk Approved as to form: City Atterney 



EXHIBIT	"A"
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38666 RESOLUTION NO.: 1

ITEM NO .:

MEETING DATE:

MAY 7, 2013

City of Tacoma **Environmental Services Department** 

DATE: April 23, 2013

**Board of Contracts and Awards** TO:

SUBJECT: Stormwater Sewer Rehabilitation Project

Budgeted from ES Surface Water Fund 4301 Request for Bids Specification No. ES13-0043F

**RECOMMENDATION:** The Environmental Services Department, Science and Engineering Division, recommends a contract be awarded to the low bidder Michels Corporation, Salem, OR, for rehabilitation of 28,400 linear feet of 8-inch to 21-inch diameter stormwater sewer pipes using Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) technology. The contract reflects a base award of \$1,168,433.75, excluding sales tax, plus a 15% contingency, for a cumulative amount of \$1,343,698.81, excluding sales tax.

**EXPLANATION:** The City's stormwater collection system consists of over 575 miles of underground pipe that conveys stormwater to surface waters in and around the City and ultimately discharges into Puget Sound.

To help address the problem of aging sewer infrastructure, Environmental Services developed an Asset Management Program. This ongoing program focuses on rehabilitating a certain amount of the City's poorest condition pipes every year. Depending on a pipe's age and condition, rehabilitation can be accomplished via removing and replacing the existing pipe using traditional excavation methods or in some cases the pipe can be rehabilitated using pipe-lining technology that minimizes or eliminates the need for costly and disruptive excavation within the street right-of-way.

This contract will utilize the specific pipe-lining technology called Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) to rehabilitate approximately 28,400 linear feet of 8-inch to 21-inch diameter stormwater sewer pipes, at various locations throughout the City, and will avoid any excavation within City streets. This work will also include cleaning, removal and disposal of waste materials, and performing video inspections of all the stormwater pipe segments included in the project.

COMPETITIVE BIDDING: Specification No. ES13-0043F was opened April 9, 2013. The Request for Bids was advertised in the Tacoma Daily Index and the Seattle Daily Journal of Commerce. Three submittals were received. The Historically Under-Utilized Business (HUB) participation level proposed by the bidder(s) are reflected as a credit (maximum applies) against the submitted base bid to arrive at an "evaluated bid" for bid ranking purposes. Michels Corporation submitted a bid that resulted in the lowest evaluated bid after consideration of HUB participation goals.

Respondent	<u>Location</u>	Submittal Amount	Evaluated Submittal
	(city and state)	Excluding Sales Tax	Excluding Sales Tax
Michels Corporation	Salem, OR	\$ 1,168,433.75	<b>\$ 1,168,433.75</b>
Repipe California LP	Riverside, CA	\$ 1,214,958.28	\$ 1,208,816.62
Insituform Technologies, LLC	Chesterfield, MO	\$ 1,592,279.40	\$ 1,592,279.40

Pre-bid Estimate \$ 1,689,470.20

The recommended award is 31% below the pre-bid estimate.

Board of Contracts and Awards April 23, 2013 Page Two

**SUSTAINABILITY FACTORS:** Many of the stormwater pipes scheduled for rehabilitation by this project were installed nearly 100 years ago and are in poor condition. These pipes have an elevated risk of failure. If failure were to occur, it could result in sinkholes, flooding, property damage and an increased threat to public safety. The proposed project would rehabilitate these pipes and reduce the risk of flooding and related damage.

Preventive rehabilitation of underground stormwater pipes in the project vicinity, prior to complete failure, represents the lowest lifecycle cost solution to maintaining these assets. The City is able to perform the less invasive trenchless method to rehabilitate these existing stormwater pipes without the more expensive and disruptive impact of traditional open-cut construction.

**CONTRACT HISTORY:** New contract.

**FUNDING:** Funds are budgeted in the ES Surface Water Fund 4301.

HUB/LEAP COMPLIANCE: The recommended contractor is in compliance with the HUB Regulation requirements per memorandum dated April 19, 2013. The HUB goal for this project is 3 percent, and the level of HUB participation for Michels Corporation is 3.3 percent. The recommended contractor submitted the lowest evaluated bid per the HUB Regulation requirements. The Local Employment and Apprenticeship Training Program (LEAP) goal is 390 hours.

**PROJECT ENGINEER/COORDINATOR:** Geoffrey M. Smyth, P.E., Science and Engineering Division Manager, 253-502-2111.

Michael P. Slevin III, P.E.

Interim Environmental Services Director

cc: Jim Wilkerson, Purchasing Analyst Charles Wilson, HUB Coordinator Peter Guzman, LEAP Coordinator Lorna Mauren, Environmental Services





City of Tacoma

TO:

T.C. Broadnax

City Manager

FROM:

Michael P. Slevin III, P.E.

Interim Environmental Services Director

SUBJECT:

Council Action Memo - Purchase Resolution - May 7, 2013

M.ISC -

Stormwater Sewer Rehabilitation Project

Specification No. ES13-0043F

DATE:

April 26, 2013

The Environmental Services Department, Science and Engineering Division recommends a contract be awarded to the low bidder Michels Corporation, of Salem, OR, for rehabilitation of 28,400 linear feet of 8-inch to 21-inch diameter stormwater sewer pipes using Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) technology. The contract amount reflects a base award of \$1,168,433.75, excluding sales tax, plus a 15% contingency, for a cumulative amount of \$1,343,698.81, excluding sales tax.

## **Background**

The City's stormwater collection system consists of over 575-miles of underground pipe that conveys stormwater to surface waters in and around the City and ultimately discharge into the Puget Sound. Approximately 15% (86 miles), are 75 to 100 years old. To help address the problem of aging sewer infrastructure, Environmental Services developed an Asset Management Program. This ongoing program focuses on rehabilitating a certain amount of the City's poorest condition pipes every year. Depending on a pipe's age and condition, rehabilitation can be accomplished via removing and replacing the existing pipe using traditional excavation methods or in some cases the pipe can be rehabilitated using pipe-lining technology that minimizes or eliminates the need for costly and disruptive excavation within the street right-of-way.

This contract will utilize the specific pipe-lining technology called Cured-In-Place Pipe (CIPP) to rehabilitate approximately 28,400 linear feet of 8-inch to 21-inch diameter stormwater sewer pipes, at various locations throughout the City (see attached map), and will avoid excavation within City streets. This work will also include cleaning, removal and disposal of waste materials, and performing video inspections of all the stormwater pipe segments included in the project.

Preventive rehabilitation of underground pipes in the project vicinity, prior to complete failure, represents the lowest lifecycle cost solution to maintaining these assets. By identifying these pipes through our Asset Management Program, the City is able to perform the less invasive trenchless method to rehabilitate these existing stormwater pipes without undertaking the more expensive and disruptive impact of traditional open-cut construction.

### <u>Funding</u>

Funds are budgeted in the ES Surface Water Fund 4301.

## Reason for Project

Many of the stormwater pipes scheduled for rehabilitation by this project are in poor condition. These pipes have an elevated risk of failure. If failure were to occur, it could result in sinkholes, flooding, property damage and an increased threat to public safety. The proposed project would rehabilitate these pipes and reduce the risk of flooding and related damage.

Environmental Services/ Science & Engineering 326 East D Street , Tacoma WA 98421 (253) 591- 5588 Division, Public Works Department





# **RESOLUTION NO. 38667**

A RESOLUTION relating to the City's Annual Action Plan for the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"); authorizing the submittal of the 2013-2014 Annual Action Plan to HUD by the deadline of May 15, 2013.

WHEREAS the 2013-2014 Annual Action Plan combines the submission of applications for Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG"), HOME Investment Partnership ("HOME"), and Emergency Solutions Grant ("ESG") funding, and

WHEREAS the City is entitled to apply to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") for the following grants: (1) CDBG, \$2,120,874; (2) HOME, \$1,090,047; and (3) ESG, \$217,112, and

WHEREAS the City also intends to reallocate \$243,406 in existing CDBG funds for projects under this Annual Action Plan, and

WHEREAS, because the City of Lakewood ("Lakewood") does not meet the HUD formula requirements for it to apply for HOME funds independently, the City and Lakewood formed a consortium in 1999 for the HOME program, and

WHEREAS the City's share of the HOME grant funds is expected to be \$848,057, and Lakewood's share is \$241,990, and

WHEREAS, during February and March 2013, the Tacoma Community

Redevelopment Authority and the Human Services Commission reviewed

applications for funding, heard presentations by agencies applying for funding, and

considered the historic performance of those agencies and the needs of the

community, and



WHEREAS staff presented funding recommendations at a joint meeting of the Neighborhoods and Housing Committee and Public Safety, Human Services, and Education Committee on March 18, 2013, and

WHEREAS a public hearing on the recommendations was held on April 6, 2013, and

WHEREAS the City Council is now requested to make its final funding decisions for submittal to HUD; Now, Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the proper officers of the City are hereby authorized to submit, by May 15, 2013, the 2013-2014 Annual Action Plan to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for funding for various agencies, said document to be substantially in the form of the proposed 2013-2014 Annual Action Plan on file in the office of the City Clerk.

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Attest:	Mayor	
City Clerk	-	
Approved as to form:		
Deputy City Attorney		



## **RESOLUTION NO. 38668**

A RESOLUTION relating to committees, boards, and commissions; supporting the Citizen Committee, Board and Commission review recommendations of setting term limits for ten consecutive years, with one-term exceptions as needed; adding two-year youth positions to the Human Services Commission, Tacoma Arts Commission, Commission on Disabilities, and Sustainable Tacoma Commission; and revising the age requirement for participation on all committees, boards, and commissions to 16 years.

WHEREAS, in December 2012, the City Council requested a review of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions ("CBC") for the purpose of assessing roles and responsibilities, output, connection to policy process, staff resources, and limitations of staff resources for each CBC, and

WHEREAS additional areas of review included whether the CBCs are meeting the needs of the City Council; have the tools to perform effectively and efficiently, understanding resource limitations; and have opportunities to connect with the City Council through regularly-scheduled updates and work plan progress briefings, and

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2013, the City Manager provided the CBC Chairs with the results of the review, and, on March 5, 2013, City staff presented findings and recommendations to the City Council, and

WHEREAS the City Council supports recommendations relating to term limits and youth participation, and

WHEREAS the proposed recommendations would set term limits for CBCs at ten consecutive years, with one-term exceptions granted as needed for institutional knowledge, and

WHEREAS, in order to encourage youth participation in government, the recommendations include the addition of two-year youth positions, for those



between the ages of 16-18, as a vacancy occurs, to the Human Services

Commission, Tacoma Arts Commission, Commission on Disabilities, and

Sustainable Tacoma Commission; and revising the age requirement for all CBCs to 16 years; Now, Therefore,

### BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the City Council hereby supports the following recommendations of the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission review: (1) setting term limits for ten consecutive years for all committees, boards, and commissions, with one-term exceptions granted as needed for institutional knowledge; (2) adding two-year youth positions, for those between the ages of 16-18, as a vacancy occurs, to the Human Services Commission, Tacoma Arts Commission, Commission on Disabilities, and Sustainable Tacoma Commission; and (3) revising the age requirement for participation on all committees, boards, and commissions to 16 years, all as more specifically set forth in the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission Final Report 2013 and staff recommendations on file in the office of the City Clerk.

Adopted		
Attest:	Mayor	
City Clerk		
Approved as to form:		

City Attorney



Req. #13539 Amended 5-7-13

# **RESOLUTION NO. 38669**

## BY REQUEST OF COUNCIL MEMBER MELLO

A RESOLUTION relating to committees, boards, and commissions; establishing a Transportation Commission ("Commission") to advise the City Council on transportation-related matters, and establishing one or more staff-appointed Technical Advisory Groups to provide specific technical expertise on various transportation policy areas, all as more specifically set forth in the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission Final Report 2013 and staff recommendations on file in the office of the City Clerk.

WHEREAS, in December 2012, the City Council requested a review of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions ("CBC") for the purpose of assessing roles and responsibilities, output, connection to policy process, staff resources, and limitations of staff resources for each CBC, and

WHEREAS, at the Committee of the Whole meetings of April 2nd and April 16th, City Council members provided input on the CBC review, including a request for creation of a Transportation Commission ("Commission") to advise on transportation-related matters such as short-term and long-range transportation planning; compliance with local, regional, and federal transportation regulations; bike, pedestrian, and mass transit-related planning initiatives; and parking and capital improvement plans, and

WHEREAS the Commission will consist of 11 members, nine voting members appointed by the City Council who are City residents, with representatives from each of the City's five Council Districts, and who bring a range of perspectives and expertise that focus on the City's long-term vision for mobility options throughout the City, and two non-voting members appointed by the City Manager, and



WHEREAS it is recommended that members appointed reflect the following categories of special interest/discipline: professional engineering sector; construction/private business sector; bike and pedestrian/mass transit sector; planning/urban growth sector; environmental /sustainability sector; general community; and ADA community, and

WHEREAS it is recommended that one or more staff-appointed Technical Advisory Groups ("TAGs") be established to provide specific technical expertise to the Commission on various transportation policy areas, including due diligence screening and research of policy recommendations and related requests from the Commission, and

WHEREAS it is further recommended that the current Parking

Management Advisory Task Force serve as the Parking TAG, and the current

Bicycle and Pedestrian Action Committee serve as the Bicycle and Pedestrian

TAG; Now, Therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the City Council hereby supports the establishment of a

Transportation Commission ("Commission") for the purpose of advising the City

Council on transportation-related matters, and the establishment of one or more

staff-appointed Technical Advisory Groups to provide specific technical



expertise on various transportation policy areas, all as more specifically set forth in the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission Final Report 2013 and staff recommendations on file in the office of the City Clerk. Adopted \_\_\_\_\_ Mayor Attest: City Clerk Approved as to form: City Attorney 



# **RESOLUTION NO. 38670**

A RESOLUTION relating to committees, boards, and commissions; establishing a City Events and Recognitions Committee for the purpose of planning and fundraising for City-hosted observation and recognition events, and establishing one or more staff-appointed subcommittees to assist in the planning and implementation of various events, all as more specifically set forth in the Citizen Committee, Board, and Commission Final Report 2013 and staff recommendations on file in the office of the City Clerk.

WHEREAS, in December 2012, the City Council requested a review of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions ("CBC") for the purpose of assessing roles and responsibilities, output, connection to policy process, staff resources, and limitations of staff resources for each CBC, and

WHEREAS, at the Committee of the Whole meetings of April 2nd and April 16th, City Council members provided input on the CBC review, including a recommendation to consolidate a City Observances Committee and a Recognition Committee into one committee to be known as the City Events and Recognitions Committee ("Committee"), and

WHEREAS the Committee will serve as an advisory and action committee on matters pertaining to City-hosted events and special recognition programs; will be responsible for planning, reviewing, and evaluating events; and will fundraise for City-hosted events, such as the Martin Luther King, Jr. Celebration and City of Destiny Awards, and

WHEREAS the Committee will engage the community in its fundraising efforts and will solicit corporate and private sponsorships to leverage funds for these events, and



WHEREAS the Committee will consist of nine members who are City residents, with representatives from each of the City's five Council Districts, and who bring a range of perspectives and expertise that focus on the City's commitment to celebrate civic engagement and special observations, and

WHEREAS staff recommends that one or more staff-appointed subcommittees be established to provide assistance in the planning and implementation of the City's Martin Luther King, Jr. Celebration, City of Destiny Awards, and other special national and local observances, and

WHEREAS the Citizens Recognition Committee, created pursuant to Resolution No. 31271, will now serve as the City Volunteer Appreciation Events subcommittee; Now, Therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the City Council hereby supports the establishment of a City Events and Recognitions Committee ("Committee") for the purpose of planning and fundraising for City-hosted observation and recognition events, and the establishment of one or more staff-appointed subcommittees to assist in the planning and implementation of



1	various events, all as more specifically set forth in the Citizen Committee, Board,
2	and Commission Final Report 2013 and staff recommendations on file in the office
3	of the City Clerk.
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5	Adopted
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7	Mayor
8	Attest:
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10	City Clerk
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Req. #13535 Amended 5-7-13

# **RESOLUTION NO. 38671**

A RESOLUTION relating to committees, boards, and commissions; amending the Council Standing Committee Process Manual by revising Section 2 to include the functions and purpose of the Council Standing Committees; adding a new Section 3, which defines the committees' specified legislative oversight and guidance responsibilities related to policies, programs, concepts, and initiatives; adding a new Appendix D: List of Citizen Committees, Boards, and Commissions by Recommended Committees; changing the name of the Environment and Public Works Standing Committee; and addressing inconsistencies and correcting minor errors contained therein.

WHEREAS, in December 2012, the City Council requested a review of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions ("CBC") for the purpose of assessing roles and responsibilities, output, connection to policy process, staff resources, and limitations of staff resources for each CBC, and

WHEREAS additional areas of review included whether the CBCs are meeting the needs of the City Council; have the tools to perform effectively and efficiently, understanding resource limitations; and have opportunities to connect with the City Council through regularly-scheduled updates and work plan progress briefings, and

WHEREAS, on March 5, 2013, City staff presented findings and recommendations to the City Council, including the transition of the appointments process from the Appointments Committee to the Standing Committees to better align City Boards and Commissions to City Council priorities, and

WHEREAS, at the Committee of the Whole meetings of April 2nd and April 16th, the City Manager shared proposed amendments to the *Council Standing Committee Process Manual* to include revising Section 2 to include the functions and purpose of the Council Standing Committees; adding a new Section 3 to define

the committees' specified legislative oversight and guidance responsibilities related to policies, programs, concepts, and initiatives; adding a new "Appendix D: List of Citizen Committees, Boards and Commissions by Recommended Committees," with the transition from the Appointments Committee to the Standing Committees to take place after July 1, 2013, to allow time for the transition; and addressing inconsistencies and correcting minor errors contained therein, and

WHEREAS the City Council further recommends that the name of the Environment and Public Works Committee be changed to the "Infrastructure, Sustainability, and Planning Committee" to better reflect the scope, roles and responsibilities outlined in the *Council Standing Committee Process Manual;* Now, Therefore,

## BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the *Council Standing Committee Process Manual* is hereby amended as follows: (1) revising Section 2 to include the functions and purpose of the Council Standing Committees; (2) adding a new Section 3, which defines the committees' specified legislative oversight and guidance responsibilities related to policies, programs, concepts, and initiatives; (3) adding a new Appendix D: List of Citizen Committees, Boards, and Commissions by Recommended Committees; (4) changing the name of the Environment and Public Works Committee to the "Infrastructure, Sustainability, and Planning Committee"; and addressing



1	inconsistencies and correcting minor errors contained therein, all as more	
2	specifically set forth in the proposed document on file in the office of the City 0	Clerk.
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# **ORDINANCE NO. 28147**

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's Local Employment and Apprenticeship Training Program ("LEAP"); amending Chapters 1.07 and 1.90 of the Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC") to change the federal Renewal Community designation to the Washington State Community Empowerment Zone; and further amending TMC Chapter 1.90 to revise the definition of a LEAP qualified participant to include youth and veterans, and eliminate the City of Tacoma Target Area designation.

WHEREAS the Local Employment and Apprenticeship Training Program ("LEAP") promotes the development of a trained workforce possessing the skills necessary to fully participate in the construction trades, and

WHEREAS the LEAP Advisory Committee ("LAC") was established to provide performance oversight of and recommend policy enhancements to the LEAP Program, and

WHEREAS the LAC is comprised of representatives from the following areas: labor, associated general contractors, Tacoma School District No. 10, Workforce Central, Puyallup Tribe of Indians, contractors, community and technical colleges, apprenticeship programs, and community/faith-based organizations, and

WHEREAS a 2012 biennial performance evaluation review conducted by the LAC acknowledged a successful economic development program that created training and employment opportunities for local residents, leading to family-wage jobs, and

WHEREAS the LAC recognizes that policy enhancements are occasionally necessary to improve LEAP Program participation so that local residents, specifically youth and veterans, are afforded more employment opportunities on City public works projects, and



WHEREAS the LAC is recommending proposed changes to the LEAP Program, codified in Chapter 1.90 of the Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC"), to revise the definition of a LEAP-qualified participant to include youth and veterans; change the federal Renewal Community ("RC") designation to the Washington State Community Empowerment Zone ("CEZ") designation, and eliminate the City of Tacoma Target Area designation, and

WHEREAS a reference in TMC 1.07.050 should also be amended to reflect the change of the RC designation to the CEZ designation, and

WHEREAS the Public Utility Board approved the proposed amendments at its meeting of March 27, 2013, and

WHEREAS the proposed amendments were presented at the April 9, 2013, meeting of the Economic Development Committee and received a "Do Pass" recommendation; Now, Therefore,

### BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TACOMA:

Section 1. That Chapter 1.07 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby amended as set forth in the attached Exhibit "A."



1	Section 2. That Chapter 1.9	0 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereb
2	amended as set forth in the attach	ed Exhibit "B."
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6	Attest:	Mayor
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8	City Clerk	
9	Approved as to form:	
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11	Deputy City Attorney	
12	Requested by Public Utility Board	
13	Resolution No. U-10615	
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### **EXHIBIT "A"**

### Chapter 1.07

#### SMALL BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

1.07.050 Certification.

A. The SBE Program Coordinator shall approve a person as a SBE Certified Business if all of the following criteria are satisfied:

- 1. Each person with an ownership interest in the company has a personal net worth of less than \$375,000, excluding one personal residence and the net worth of the business;
- 2. The company's total gross receipts for any consecutive three year period within the last six years is not more than \$8,000,000 for public works companies and not more than \$4,000,000 for non-public works and improvements companies;
- 3. The owner(s) of the company executes an affidavit and files it with the City which states that all information submitted on the SBE application is accurate, that the business has sought or intends to do business with the City and/or within the Pierce County area and has experienced or expects to experience difficulty competing for such business due to financial limitations that impair its ability to compete against larger firms; and
- 4. The company can demonstrate that it also meets at least one of the following additional requirements:
- a. The company's business offices, or the personal residence of the owner, is located within a City of Tacoma designated Renewal Community/Community Empowerment Zone, prior to designation as a SBE, or
- b. The company's business offices, or the personal residence of the owner, is located within the City of Tacoma for at least six months prior to designation as a SBE; or
- c. The company's business offices are located in a federally designated HUBZone in Pierce County or any adjacent county for at least 12 months prior to designation as a SBE; or
- d. The company's business offices are located in a federally designated HUBZone in a County wherein the work will be performed, or an adjacent county, for at least 12 months prior to designation as a SBE.
- B. Application Process. The SBE Program Coordinator shall make the initial determination regarding certification or recertification. Each SBE applicant shall provide the following documents; as such documents are more fully described in the SBE Regulations, to the SBE Program Coordinator:
- 1. A completed Statement of Personal Net Worth form;
- 2. A completed Declaration of SBE Status Affidavit form;
- 3. Tax returns for the business for six (6) years prior to the date of application for SBE certification, or from the date of inception of the business if the business has been in existence less than six (6) years;
- 4. List of equipment and vehicles used by the SBE;
- 5. Description of company structure and owners;



6. Such additional information as the SBE Program Coordinator or designee may require.

When another governmental entity has an equivalent SBE classification process the City may enter into an interlocal cooperative agreement for mutual recognition of certifications.

- C. Recertification. A SBE qualified business shall demonstrate annually to the satisfaction of the SBE Program Coordinator that the following SBE qualifications are still in effect for such business:
- 1. That the company still meets all of the criteria set forth in subsection 1.07.050.A. TMC, and
- 2. That the company has maintained all applicable and necessary licenses in the intervening period, and
- 3. That the company demonstrates that the owner and/or designated employees have completed the minimum annual continuing business education training requirements set forth in the SBE Regulations.
- D. Appeals. The applicant may appeal any certification determination by the SBE Program Coordinator under this chapter to the Director. The appeal must be made in writing and must set forth the specific reasons for the appeal. The Director shall make a decision on the appeal request within a reasonable time, which decision shall be final unless further appeal is made to the Hearing Examiner. In that event, the Hearing Examiner Rules of Procedure for Hearings, Chapter 1.23 TMC, shall be applicable to that appeal proceeding.

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### **EXHIBIT "B"**

### Chapter 1.90

## LOCAL EMPLOYMENT AND APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING PROGRAM

## 1.90.030 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- A. "Apprentice" shall mean a person enrolled in a course of training specific to a particular construction trade or craft, which training shall be approved by the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council established pursuant to RCW 49.04.010.
- B. "Building Projects" shall mean all Public Works or Improvements having an Estimated Cost greater than \$750,000.00, and for which a building permit must be issued pursuant to Chapter 1 of the current edition of the state building code (Uniform Building Code).
- C. "City" shall mean all divisions and departments of the City of Tacoma, and all affiliated agencies, provided, however, that the Tacoma Community Redevelopment Authority shall not be included within this definition.
- D. "Civil Projects" shall mean all Public Works or Improvements that are not defined as a "Building Project," provided that those projects having an Estimated Cost of less than \$250,000.00 shall not be included in this definition.
- E. "Community Empowerment Zone ("CEZ") shall mean that portion of those census tracts which are situated within the City of Tacoma and designated by the State of Washington as entitled to receive tax incentives because of high levels of poverty and unemployment.
- EF. "Contractor or Service Provider" means a person, corporation, partnership, or joint venture entering into a contract with the City to construct a Public Work or Improvement.
- **FG**. "Director" shall mean the Director of Community and Economic Development, or the Director's Designee.
- GH. "Electrical Utility" shall mean the Light Division of the Department of Public Utilities of the City of Tacoma, and shall include the electrical and telecommunications services of that Division.
- <u>HI</u>. "Estimated Cost" shall mean the anticipated cost of a Public Work or Improvement, as determined by the City, based upon the expected costs of materials, supplies, equipment, and labor, but excluding taxes and contingency funds.
- 4<u>J</u>. "Estimated Labor Hours" shall mean the anticipated number of Labor Hours determined by the City to be necessary to construct a Public Work or Improvement and set forth in the specifications for the project, or as may be subsequently revised due to contract or project adjustment, or pursuant to an agreed upon change order.
- JK. "Existing Employee" shall mean an employee whom the Contractor or Service Provider can demonstrate was actively employed by the Contractor or Service Provider for at least 1000 hours in the calendar year prior to bid opening plus one month following bid opening, and who was performing work in the construction trades.
- <u>KL</u>. "Labor Hours" shall mean the actual number of hours worked by workers receiving an hourly wage who are employed on the site of a Public Work or Improvement, and who are subject to state



or federal prevailing wage requirements. The term "Labor Hours" shall include hours performed by workers employed by the Contractor or Service Provider and all Subcontractors, and shall include additional hours worked as a result of a contract or project adjustment or pursuant to an agreed upon change order. The term "Labor Hours" shall not include hours worked by workers who are not subject to the prevailing wage requirements set forth in either RCW 39.12 or the Davis-Bacon Act - 40 U.S.C. 276 (a).

<u>LM</u>. "LEAP Program" or "Program" shall mean the City of Tacoma's Local Employment and Apprenticeship Training Program, as described in this chapter.

MN. "Pierce County Apprentice" shall mean any person, not defined as a Renewal Community/Resident of the Community Empowermentneterprise Zone, Resident of a Targeted Area, or Resident of Tacoma, who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of Pierce County, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of Pierce County, who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature, and who is enrolled in a course of training specific to a particular construction trade or craft, which training shall be approved by the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council established pursuant to RCW 49.04.010.

O. "Pierce County Veteran" shall mean any person, not defined as a Resident of the Community Empowerment Zone, Tacoma Youth, or Pierce County Youth, who served for any length of time in any military service branch and who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of Pierce County, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of Pierce County, and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature.

P. "Pierce County Youth" shall mean any person, not defined as a Resident of the Community Empowerment Zone or Tacoma Youth, between the ages of 18-24 who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of Pierce County, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of Pierce County, and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature.

NQ. "Project Engineer" shall mean the City employee who directly supervises the engineering or administration of a particular construction project subject to this chapter.

QR. "Public Work or Improvement" shall have the same meaning as provided in Section 39.04.010 RCW, as that Section may now exist or hereafter be amended.

P. "Renewal Community/ Community Enterprise Zone" ("RC/CEZ") shall mean that portion of those census tracts which are situated within the City of Tacoma and designated by the State of Washington and the federal government as entitled to receive tax incentives because of high levels of poverty and unemployment.

QS. "Resident of the Renewal Community/Community Empowermentneterprise Zone" ("RC/CEZ" #Resident") shall mean any person who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the Renewal Community/Community Empowermentneterprise Zone, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the Renewal Community/Community Empowermentneterprise Zone, and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature; provided, however, that an individual initially certified as an RC/CEZ #Resident shall retain such certification status for a period of up to 2 years or 1,000 Labor Hours worked from the date of initial certification, whichever is less, and such certification shall be recognized for any Civil Project, Building Project, or Service Contract covered by this chapter for said certification period. For example, if an individual initially certified as an RC/CEZ #Resident on January 1 of calendar year 1 on project A works 900 hours in that calendar year on project A, and is thereafter hired to work 700 hours in year 2 on project B, the individual



will retain his or her RC/CEZ status for all hours worked on project B; provided, if the individual commences work on project C after he or she has worked 100 or more hours on project B in year 2, and is no longer an RC/CEZ rResident, the Contractor for project C will not be eligible to count the hours worked by said individual as hours worked by an RC/CEZ resident.

<u>RT</u>. "Resident of Tacoma" shall mean any person, not defined as a Resident of <u>Renewal</u> Community/the Community <u>Empowermentnterprise</u> Zone or of a <u>Targeted Area</u>, who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the City, and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature.

SU. "Resident of Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas" shall mean any person who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the Cowlitz, Cushman, Wynoochee, and Nisqually Hydroelectric projects which are located in Lewis, Mason, Grays Harbor, Pierce, and Thurston counties; has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas; and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature.

T. "Resident of Targeted Area" shall mean any person who (1) continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of a census tract lying within the City of Tacoma and whose unemployment rate is equal to or greater than 8.9 percent based on the most recent census for which data has been published, but which census tract lies wholly or partially outside the boundaries of the Renewal Community/Community Enterprise Zone as the same may, from time to time exist, and (2) who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature. Should the City no longer be designated as an RC/CEZ Community, then the census tracts previously designated RC/CEZ and having an unemployment rate equal to or greater than 8.9 percent based on the most recent census for which data has been published shall be designated as a "Targeted Area."

<u>UV</u>. "Seattle's (City of) Duwamish and White Center Community Empowerment Zone" ("CEZ") shall mean that portion of those census tracts which are situated within the City of Seattle and designated by the state of Washington as entitled to receive tax incentives because of the high levels of poverty and unemployment. See Figure 1.

<u>VW</u>. "Service Area - Electrical" or "Electrical Service Area" shall mean that area served with retail sales by the Electrical Utility of the City of Tacoma at the time a bid is published by the Electrical Utility for a Public Work or Improvement to be performed primarily for the Electrical Utility.

 $\overline{WX}$ . "Service Area - Water" or "Water Service Area" shall mean that area served with retail sales by the water utility of the City of Tacoma at the time a bid is published by the water utility for a Public Work or Improvement to be performed primarily for the water utility.

XY. "Service Contract" shall mean all City contracts relating to a Public Work or Improvement which utilize labor at a City site and which are not within the exceptions to nor defined as "Building Projects" or "Civil Projects."

¥Z. "Subcontractor" means a person, corporation, partnership, or joint venture that has contracted with the Contractor or Service Provider to perform all or part of the work to construct a Public Work or Improvement by a Contractor.

**ZAA.** "Tacoma Apprentice" shall mean any person who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature, and who is enrolled in a course of training specific to a particular construction trade or craft, which training shall be approved by the Washington State Apprenticeship and Training Council established pursuant to RCW 49.04.010.



AABB. "Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas" shall mean those areas within the boundaries of the Cowlitz, Cushman, Wynoochee, and Nisqually Hydroelectric projects, which are located in Lewis, Mason, Grays Harbor, Pierce, and Thurston counties.

CC. "Tacoma Veteran" shall mean any person, not defined as a Resident of the Community

Empowerment Zone or Tacoma Youth, who served for any length of time in any military service
branch and who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, has a
present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the City, and who demonstrates the
genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely
transitory in nature.

BBDD. "Tacoma Water's Green River Headworks and Watershed Area" shall mean that area in King County that is served with retail sales by the water utility of the City of Tacoma at the time a bid is published by the water utility for a public work or improvement to be performed primarily for the water utility." See Figure 2.

EE. "Tacoma Youth Resident" shall mean any person, not defined as a Resident of the Community Empowerment Zone, between the ages of 18-24 who continues to occupy a dwelling within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, has a present intent to continue residency within the boundaries of the City, and who demonstrates the genuineness of that intent by producing evidence that the person's presence is more than merely transitory in nature.

CC. "Targeted Area" shall mean those census tracts, or portions thereof, situated in the City of Tacoma that are outside the RC/CEZ and whose unemployment rate is equal to or greater than 8.9 percent based on the most recent census for which data has been published. Should the City no longer be designated as an RC/CEZ Community, then Targeted Area shall mean those census tracts having an unemployment rate equal to or greater than 8.9 percent based on the most recent census for which data has been published.

## 1.90.040 LEAP goals.

A. Utilization Goals.

1. All Contractors constructing Civil Projects or Building Projects, and all Service Providers involved with the construction of a Public Work or Improvement, shall ensure that the lesser of at least 15 percent of the total Labor Hours actually worked on the Project, or 15 percent of the Estimated Labor Hours, are performed by persons having their residence within the boundaries of the City of Tacoma, whether or not an Apprentice, or by Apprentices who are residents of Pierce County, unless as adjusted per subsection B below.

- 2. Twenty-five percent (25%) of the Labor Hours or Estimated Labor Hours identified as the LEAP Utilization Goal above shall have work performed by an RC/CEZ Resident-or a Resident of a Targeted Area; provided, however, that the Utilization Goal Estimated Labor Hours are subject to adjustment as provided in subsection B below.
- 3. If the Project is located within the Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas, then 25 percent of the Labor Hours or Estimated Labor Hours identified as the LEAP Utilization Goal above in subsection A.1 or A.2 may be work performed by a Resident of the Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas in which the Building Project, Civil Project, or Service Contract is located; provided however, that the Utilization Goal Estimated Labor Hours are subject to adjustment as provided in this section.
- 4. If the Project is within the Tacoma Water Green River Headworks and Watershed Area, then the 25 percent requirement of the Labor Hours or Estimated Labor Hours identified in subsection A.1 or A.2 above as the LEAP Utilization Goal may be work performed by Apprentices who reside in King County or by a Resident of the Duwamish and White Center CEZ or of Tacoma Water Green River Headworks and Watershed Area in which the Building Project, Civil Project, or Service Contract is



located; provided however, that the Utilization Goal Estimated Labor Hours are subject to adjustment as provided in this section.

5. All Contractors and Service Providers shall submit a LEAP Utilization Plan as provided for in the regulations adopted under this chapter, and shall meet with the LEAP Coordinator to review said Plan prior to being issued a Notice to Proceed. Failure to submit a LEAP Utilization Plan may be grounds for the City to withhold remittance of a progress payment until such Plan is received from the responsible Contractor or Provider. A meeting with the LEAP Coordinator prior to issuance of a Notice to Proceed shall be excused only when the LEAP Coordinator is unavailable to meet prior to the scheduled date for issuance of the Notice to Proceed and the Contractor and the LEAP Coordinator have otherwise scheduled a meeting for the coordinator to review the Contractor's or Provider's plan.

The Contractor or Service Provider shall be responsible for meeting the LEAP utilization goal requirements of the contract, including all amendments and change orders thereto, and shall be responsible for overall compliance for all hours worked by Subcontractors. To the extent possible, the Contractor or Service Provider shall recruit Apprentices from multiple trades or crafts.

B. Adjustments.

Contractors and Service Providers may achieve compliance with their LEAP Utilization Goal obligation through any combination of the following:

- 1. The number of hours worked by a Resident of the <u>CEZEmpowerment Zone</u>, Renewal Community, or Seattle's Duwamish and White Center CEZ shall be multiplied by two;
- 2. The number of hours worked by a Resident of a Targeted Area Tacoma Youth, Tacoma Veteran or Tacoma Apprentice shall be multiplied by 1.5;
- 3. The number of hours worked by a Resident of Tacoma, <u>Pierce County Youth</u>, <u>Pierce County Veteran</u> or a Pierce or King County Apprentice shall be multiplied by 1;
- 4. The number of hours worked by a Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas Resident shall be multiplied by 1.
- 5. Should the Contractor or Service Provider be unable to satisfy the sub-utilization goal requirement that 25 percent of the utilization goal hours be worked by RC/CEZ Residents or Targeted Area residents, the Contractor or Service Provider shall cure such deficiency by achieving a 2-for-1 ratio of hours worked by a Pierce County Apprentice, Pierce County Youth, Pierce County Veteran, Tacoma Power Hydro Project Areas Resident, or Resident of Tacoma for every unmet, RC/CEZ Resident or Targeted Area resident labor hour until the RC/CEZ or Targeted Area deficiency is met. For example, if a Contractor has a total LEAP utilization goal of 20 hours, but is only able to achieve 4 of the 5 sub goal labor hours, then the Contractor must achieve a total of 17 non-RC/CEZ Resident, Targeted Area resident labor hours to satisfy the deficiency (15 non-sub goal hours plus 2 labor hours for the 1 missed sub goal hour).
- 6. For projects in the Tacoma Water Green River Headworks and Watershed Area, should the Contractor or Service Provider be unable to satisfy the subutilization goal requirement that 25 percent of the utilization goal hours be worked by RC/CEZ Residents or Targeted Area residents, the Contractor or Service Provider shall cure such deficiency by achieving a 2-for-1 ratio of hours worked by a King County Apprentice or Duwamish and White Center CEZ resident for every unmet RC/CEZ Resident or Targeted Area labor hour until the deficiency is met.
- C. Failure to Meet Utilization Goal.
- 1. Contracts for the construction of Building projects or Civil projects and Service Contracts shall provide that Contractors or Service Providers failing to meet the LEAP utilization goals shall be

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assessed an amount for each hour that is not achieved. The amount per hour shall be based on the extent the Contractor or Service Provider met its goal. The amount per hour that shall be assessed shall be as follows:

Percent of Goal Met	Assessment per unmet hour
100%	\$ 0.00
90% - 99%	\$ 2.00
75% to 89%	\$ 3.50
50% to 74%	\$ 5.00
1% to 49%	\$ 7.50
0%	\$10.00

When determining the percent of goal that is met, all rounding shall be down to the nearest whole percent. No penalty shall be waived by the City unless it is determined by the Director to be in the best interests of the City, which determination shall be made after consultation with the LEAP Coordinator.

- 2. Deposit of Assessments. All assessments imposed pursuant to this section shall be deposited into a separate account and utilized to support the City's pre-apprenticeship and training program. The policies and regulations adopted by the City Manager and Director of Utilities pursuant to this chapter shall address issues pertaining to a Contractor's existing workforce. Contributions need not be made for Labor Hours that have been adjusted in accordance with Section 1.90.040(E).
- D. LEAP Reports. Notwithstanding the provisions of TMC 1.90.100, the Director shall, not less than annually, publish a LEAP report setting forth Contractor compliance with this chapter. Said report shall include information on all contracts and all Contractors to which this chapter applies, and shall detail the level and nature of LEAP participation by contract and by Contractor, The Director's LEAP report may include such other information as may be helpful to assuring fair and accurate representation of the contracts, Contractors or projects covered in the report. The Director's LEAP reports may be considered by the Board of Contracts and Awards in its determinations as to bidder responsibility.
- E. LEAP Goal Adjustments.
- 1. LEAP utilization goals may be adjusted prior to bid opening and/or as a result of a contract amendment or change order on a Building Project, Civil Project, or Service Contract.
- a. If LEAP utilization goals are adjusted prior to bid opening, they shall be set forth in the bid or Request For Proposal advertisement and specification documents or in an addendum timely provided to prospective bidders, provided that such adjustment shall be based upon a finding by the Project Engineer that the reasonable and necessary requirements of the contract render LEAP utilization unfeasible at the required levels. The Director shall concur with the Project Engineer's finding, provided that should the Project Engineer and the Director fail to reach agreement on the Project Engineer's finding, then in that circumstance the matter shall be referred to the City Manager or the Director of Utilities, as appropriate, for ultimate resolution. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, the decision of the City Manager or the Director of Utilities with regard to LEAP goal adjustment may not be appealed.
- b. If LEAP utilization goals are adjusted due to contract amendment or change order, the amount of adjustment shall be consistent with the utilization goals set forth in this chapter and shall be



determined pursuant to regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter for administration of LEAP utilization goal adjustments.

- 2. The methodology of determining the appropriate adjustments to LEAP utilization goals shall be determined in consultation with the LEAP Advisory Committee, established pursuant to this ordinance for so long as the LEAP Advisory Committee remains in existence.
- 3. LEAP utilization goals shall not apply to those portions of a project that are funded by sources other than (a) City funds, or (b) funds which the City expends or administers in accordance with the terms of a grant to the City, provided that the Project Engineer shall notify the Director of such non-application prior to bid advertisement. For the purposes of this paragraph, credits extended by another entity for the purpose of providing project funding shall not be considered to be City funds.
- F. Utilization Electrical Projects Outside Electrical Service Area. Civil Projects or Building Projects that are constructed primarily for the benefit or use by the City's Electrical Utility, which are wholly situated outside the Electrical Service Area, and for which the estimated cost is less than \$1,000,000.00, are exempt from the requirements of this chapter.
- G. Utilization Water Projects Outside Water Service Area. Civil Projects or Building Projects that are constructed primarily for the benefit or use by the City's water utility, which are wholly situated outside the Water Service Area, and for which the estimated cost is less than \$1,000,000.00 are exempt from the requirements of this chapter.
- H. Emergency. This chapter shall not apply in the event of an Emergency. For the purposes of this section, an "Emergency" means unforeseen circumstances beyond the control of the City that either: (a) present a real, immediate threat to the proper performance of essential functions; or (b) will likely result in material loss or damage to property, bodily injury, or loss of life if immediate action is not taken.
- I. Conflict <u>Wwi</u>th State or Federal Requirements. If any part of this chapter is found to be in conflict with federal or state requirements which are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal or state funds to the City, then the conflicting part of this chapter is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the City departments directly affected. This provision does not affect the operation of the remainder of this chapter. Administrative rules or regulations adopted under this chapter shall meet federal and state requirements which are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal or state funds by the City.

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# SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE NO. 28148A

AN ORDINANCE relating to pay and compensation; amending Chapter 1.12 of the Tacoma Municipal Code to implement a change in pay for certain nonrepresented executive and nonrepresented classifications, consistent with the Compensation Philosophy as adopted by Resolution No. 38625 on February 12, 2013; and correcting a pay range for one classification represented by Teamsters Local Union No. 117, PAF Unit.

WHEREAS, on November 18, 2008, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 37639, approving a pay structure concept and Compensation Philosophy that defined the values and goals regarding the consistent implementation of the City's compensation program, and

WHEREAS Ordinance No. 27775, passed December 16, 2008, provided for compensation plan language and pay ranges for nonrepresented executive and nonrepresented classifications consistent with the Compensation Philosophy and Pay Structure Concept and Classification and Compensation Study, effective January 5, 2009, and

WHEREAS additional pay structure refinements and classification changes were presented and adopted by the City Council pursuant to Ordinance No. 27805, passed June 2, 2009; and Ordinance No. 27884, passed April 20, 2010, and

WHEREAS the Compensation Philosophy was amended pursuant to Resolution No. 38625, adopted February 12, 2013, and

WHEREAS this ordinance will provide for the creation of two new classifications, with one unclassified title and one classified title; and one title change, and



WHEREAS this ordinance will provide for a wage rate adjustment for seven nonrepresented classifications within General Government that have serious compression issues, and

WHEREAS this ordinance provides for a wage increase of 2.7 percent, effective retroactive to January 1, 2013, for the classification of PAF Maintenance Chief, represented by Teamsters Local Union No 117, PAF Unit, which was inadvertently omitted from Ordinance No. 28136, passed March 5, 2013; Now, Therefore,

## BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TACOMA:

Section 1. That Section 1.12.070 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby amended, effective as provided by law, to read as set forth in the attached Exhibit "A."

Section 2. That Section 1.12.355 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby amended, effective as provided by law, to read as set forth in the attached Exhibit "B."

Section 3. That Section 1.12.355 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby amended, effective retroactive to January 1, 2013, to read as set forth in the attached Exhibit "C."



1	Section 4. That Sect	ions 1 and 2 shall become effective as provided by law.
2	That Section 3 shall become	e effective retroactive to January 1, 2013.
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4	Passed	
5		Mayor
6	Attest:	
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9	City Clerk	
10	Approved as to form	
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12	Deputy City Attorney	
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#### **EXHIBIT "A"**

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## 1.12.070 Salary ordinance and annual budget.<sup>[1]</sup>

This chapter shall be in force and effect January 1, 1958, and from and after said effective date, employees in each class of position in the City Service shall be compensated according to the basic set hourly rates and salary ranges and schematic lists set forth in Sections 1.12.350 to 1.12.640<sup>[2]</sup> inclusive, of this chapter, and subsequent amendments and additions thereto, and in accordance with the annual budgets adopted by the Council pursuant to the laws of the State of Washington. Each annual budget as finally adopted by the City Council shall be the final determining factor for the payment of said compensation during the year to which said budget is applicable and the salaries and wages specifically provided for and set forth therein for each position, applied in conformance with the provisions of this chapter relating to compensation, shall be the salaries and wages to be paid to each officer and employee of the City during said year, unless lawfully changed by ordinance; provided, that, in cases of promotion, transfer, reemployment, and the return of an employee after leave of absence, and in cases of classification or reclassification of positions which, under Section 1.12.050 and under other provisions of this chapter, require the payment of a different wage or salary than that specifically set forth in the annual budget, the compensation to be paid in such cases shall be figured and paid in accordance with said Section 1.12.050 and other pertinent sections of this chapter without ordinance or Council action, if the payment thereof can lawfully be made from funds appropriated in the current annual budget, under the item of salaries and wages, without exceeding such appropriation.

In cases where the annual budget makes provisions for the payments of compensation for any position classification differing from the compensation set forth in said salary ranges, in order to comply with the provisions of subdivision A of Section 1.12.040 of this chapter and the provisions of Section 1.24.360, the employee affected by the provisions of said section shall be paid the compensation for such position as set forth in the annual budget, and in all cases where no provision is made in said salary ranges, the compensation to be paid to any employee shall be that set forth in the annual budget or such compensation as shall be lawfully authorized by the City Council.

Effective January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012, and notwithstanding the above stated requirement that employees be compensated according to the basic set hourly rates and salary ranges and schematic lists set forth in Sections 1.12.350 to 1.12.640 inclusive, in order to address a budget crisis, for the year 2012 the set hourly rates of nonrepresented General Government employees shall be 4.6 percent less than the rate of pay assigned to them as of December 31, 2011; the set hourly rates of General Government Department Directors shall be reduced an additional 5 percent, for a total pay rate reduction of 9.6 percent. This provision shall be retroactive to January 1, 2012; provided that compensation for sick leave, vacation leave, or personal time off (PTO) leave cashed out due to layoff, retirement, or death shall continue to be compensated at the rate of pay assigned as of December 31, 2011.

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Preparation of payroll – See Sections 1.20.040 - 1.20.080.

<sup>[2]</sup> Code Reviser's note: Salary schedules [1.12.355] are on file in the City Clerk's Office.



# **EXHIBIT "B"**

See Next Page

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**EXHIBIT "C"** 

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Code	Title	1	2	3	4	5
5048	PAF Maintenance Chief	<del>28.51</del>	<del>29.93</del>	<del>31.43</del>	<del>33.00</del>	<del>34.65</del>

Code	Title	1	2	3	4	5
5048	PAF Maintenance Chief	<u>29.28</u>	30.74	32.28	33.89	<u>35.59</u>

\* \* \*

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Ord13531subA.doc-CC/bn

# Exhibit "B"

Code		Title	1A	1B	1C	1D	2A	2B	2C	2D	3A	3B	3C	3D	4A	4B	4C	4D	5A	5B	5C	5D	6A
0744	Α	City Manager, Assistant to the	32.57	32.98	33.39	33.81	34.23	<del>34.66</del>	<del>35.09</del>	35.53	35.98	<del>36.43</del>	36.88	37.34	37.81	38.28	<del>38.76</del>	39.25	39.74	40.23	40.74	41.24	41.76
0524	Α	Financial Supervisor	<del>31.62</del>	<del>32.02</del>	32.42	32.82	33.23	<del>33.65</del>	<del>34.07</del>	34.50	34.93	<del>35.36</del>	<del>35.81</del>	<del>36.25</del>	<del>36.71</del>	<del>37.16</del>	<del>37.63</del>	<del>38.10</del>	38.58	<del>39.06</del>	<del>39.55</del>	40.04	40.54
0767	Α	Fire Chief	64.83	65.64	<del>66.46</del>	<del>67.29</del>	68.14	<del>68.99</del>	<del>69.85</del>	<del>70.72</del>	<del>71.61</del>	<del>72.50</del>	73.41	74.33	<del>75.25</del>	<del>76.19</del>	<del>77.15</del>	<del>78.11</del>	<del>79.09</del>	80.08	<del>81.08</del>	<del>82.09</del>	83.12
0136	Α	Information Technology Supervisor	38.12	38.60	<del>39.08</del>	<del>39.57</del>	<del>40.06</del>	<del>40.56</del>	41.07	<del>41.58</del>	<del>42.10</del>	42.63	43.16	43.70	44.25	44.80	<del>45.36</del>	<del>45.93</del>	<del>46.50</del>	<del>47.08</del>	<del>47.67</del>	48.27	48.87
0772	Α	Police Chief	64.48	<del>65.29</del>	66.11	<del>66.93</del>	67.77	<del>68.62</del>	69.47	70.34	71.22	72.11	<del>73.01</del>	73.93	74.85	<del>75.79</del>	<del>76.73</del>	<del>77.69</del>	<del>78.66</del>	<del>79.65</del>	80.64	<del>81.65</del>	<del>82.67</del>
2343		Real Estate Officer	<del>29.31</del>	<del>29.67</del>	30.04	30.42	30.80	31.19	31.58	<del>31.97</del>	32.37	32.77	33.18	33.60	<del>34.02</del>	34.44	34.87	35.31	35.75	<del>36.20</del>	<del>36.65</del>	37.11	37.57
2344	Α	Real Estate Officer, Sr	<del>32.56</del>	<del>32.97</del>	33.38	33.80	34.22	<del>34.65</del>	35.08	<del>35.52</del>	<del>35.97</del>	<del>36.42</del>	<del>36.87</del>	37.33	37.80	38.27	38.75	39.23	<del>39.72</del>	40.22	40.72	41.23	41.75
0733	A	PAF Director, Assistant Deputy Operations Manager	41.79	<del>42.31</del>	42.84	43.37	43.92	44.46	<del>45.02</del>	<del>45.58</del>	<del>46.15</del>	46.73	47.31	<del>47.90</del>	<del>48.50</del>	49.11	<del>49.72</del>	<del>50.35</del>	<del>50.97</del>	<del>51.61</del>	<del>52.26</del>	<del>52.91</del>	<del>53.57</del>

Code		Title	1A	1B	1C	1D	2A	2B	2C	2D	3A	3B	3C	3D	4A	4B	4C	4D	5A	5B	5C	5D	6A
0744	Α	City Manager, Assistant to the	<u>46.52</u>	<u>47.10</u>	<u>47.69</u>	48.29	48.89	49.50	<u>50.12</u>	<u>50.75</u>	<u>51.38</u>	<u>52.02</u>	<u>52.67</u>	53.33	<u>54.00</u>	<u>54.67</u>	<u>55.36</u>	<u>56.05</u>	<u>56.75</u>	<u>57.46</u>	<u>58.18</u>	<u>58.90</u>	<u>59.64</u>
0524	Α	Financial Supervisor	33.44	<u>33.86</u>	34.28	<u>34.71</u>	<u>35.14</u>	<u>35.58</u>	<u>36.03</u>	<u>36.48</u>	<u>36.93</u>	37.39	<u>37.86</u>	38.34	<u>38.81</u>	<u>39.30</u>	39.79	40.29	40.79	41.30	41.82	42.34	42.87
0767	Α	Fire Chief	<u>72.98</u>	73.89	<u>74.81</u>	<u>75.75</u>	<u>76.70</u>	<u>77.65</u>	<u>78.62</u>	<u>79.61</u>	80.60	<u>81.61</u>	<u>82.63</u>	83.66	<u>84.71</u>	<u>85.77</u>	86.84	<u>87.93</u>	<u>89.02</u>	90.14	<u>91.26</u>	92.40	<u>93.56</u>
0136	А	Information Technology Supervisor	41.16	41.68	<u>42.20</u>	42.72	43.26	43.80	44.35	44.90	<u>45.46</u>	46.03	46.61	<u>47.19</u>	47.78	48.38	<u>48.98</u>	<u>49.59</u>	<u>50.21</u>	50.84	<u>51.48</u>	<u>52.12</u>	<u>52.77</u>
0772	Α	Police Chief	<u>72.98</u>	<u>73.89</u>	<u>74.81</u>	<u>75.75</u>	<u>76.70</u>	<u>77.65</u>	<u>78.62</u>	<u>79.61</u>	80.60	<u>81.61</u>	<u>82.63</u>	83.66	<u>84.71</u>	<u>85.77</u>	86.84	<u>87.93</u>	<u>89.02</u>	90.14	<u>91.26</u>	92.40	93.56
2343		Real Estate Officer	<u>31.54</u>	<u>31.93</u>	32.33	32.73	33.14	<u>33.56</u>	33.98	34.40	34.83	<u>35.27</u>	<u>35.71</u>	<u>36.15</u>	<u>36.61</u>	<u>37.06</u>	<u>37.53</u>	38.00	38.47	<u>38.95</u>	<u>39.44</u>	<u>39.93</u>	40.43
2344	Α	Real Estate Officer, Sr	<u>35.04</u>	<u>35.48</u>	<u>35.92</u>	36.37	36.82	37.28	<u>37.75</u>	38.22	38.70	<u>39.18</u>	39.67	40.17	40.67	<u>41.18</u>	41.69	42.21	42.74	43.28	43.82	44.37	44.92
0733	А	PAF Director, Assistant Deputy Operations Manager	41.79	<u>42.31</u>	<u>42.84</u>	43.37	43.91	44.46	<u>45.02</u>	<u>45.58</u>	<u>46.15</u>	46.73	47.31	<u>47.90</u>	48.50	<u>49.11</u>	49.72	50.34	50.97	<u>51.61</u>	<u>52.26</u>	<u>52.91</u>	53.57
0728	<u>A</u>	PAF Marketing Manager	33.00	<u>33.41</u>	33.83	<u>34.26</u>	34.68	<u>35.12</u>	<u>35.56</u>	<u>36.00</u>	<u>36.45</u>	<u>36.91</u>	<u>37.37</u>	<u>37.83</u>	<u>38.31</u>	<u>38.79</u>	<u>39.27</u>	<u>39.76</u>	<u>40.26</u>	40.76	<u>41.27</u>	41.79	42.31
<u>1153</u>		Video Production Assistant	<u>17.70</u>	<u>17.92</u>	<u>18.14</u>	<u>18.37</u>	<u>18.60</u>	<u>18.83</u>	<u>19.07</u>	<u>19.31</u>	<u>19.55</u>	<u>19.79</u>	20.04	20.29	<u>20.54</u>	<u>20.80</u>	<u>21.06</u>	21.32	21.59	<u>21.86</u>	<u>22.13</u>	<u>22.41</u>	22.69



# **ORDINANCE NO. 28149**

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City's Minimum Building and Structures Code; amending Chapter 2.01 of the Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC") relating to standards for existing buildings and structures and clarifying the role of the Board of Building Appeals in processing appeals; and amending Chapter 2.17 of the TMC relating to appeals considered by the Board of Building Appeals.

WHEREAS Chapter 2.01 of the Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC"), "Minimum Building and Structures Code," was enacted to preserve the City's existing building stock and provide tools for minimum building standards and enforcement, and

WHEREAS the proposed amendments will be the first major update since codification in 1999, and

WHEREAS City staff worked extensively with Historic Tacoma and other community organizations, as well as an internal stakeholder group consisting of representatives from the Planning and Development Services Department, Fire Department, and the City's Historic Preservation Officer and ADA Coordinator, on business improvements and the final draft of the proposed modifications, and

WHEREAS the proposed amendments will shorten timeframes for enforcement, ensure consistency with other sections of the TMC, clarify cost recovery mechanisms, address concerns raised regarding elevator accessibility, and enhance language related to historic preservation, and

WHEREAS the proposed amendments were presented at the April 1, 2013, meeting of the Neighborhoods and Housing Committee and received a "Do Pass" recommendation; Now, Therefore,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TACOMA:



	Section 1. That Chapter 2.01 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby								
1	amended as set forth in the attached Exhibit "A."								
2	Section 2. That Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is hereby								
3									
4	amended as set forth in the attached Exhibit "B."								
5	Passed								
6									
7									
8	Attest:								
9									
10	City Clerk								
11	Approved as to form:								
12									
13	Deputy City Attorney								



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#### **EXHIBIT "A"**

Chapter 2.01

#### MINIMUM BUILDING AND STRUCTURES CODE

2 Sections: 3 2.01.010 Title. 2.01.020 Purpose. 4 2.01.030 Scope. 2.01.040 Additions, alterations, and change of use. 5 2.01.050 Definitions. 2.01.060 Administration and Process. 6 2.01.070 Minimum building requirements. 2.01.080 Repair standards. 7 2.01.090 Unoccupied or vacant building standards. 2.01.100 Repealed. 8 9 2.01.020 Purpose.

The purpose of this chapter is for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of the occupants and that of the general public by:

A. Establishing minimum standards for basic equipment and facilities for construction, light, ventilation, heating, sanitation, security, fire, and life safety in structures.

- B. Ensuring neouraging the maintenance and improvement of the City's existing buildings, structures, yards, streets, neighborhoods, and other property.
- C. Avoiding the closure or abandonment of buildings and the displacement of occupants. 14
- D. Encouraging the use of innovative and economical materials and methods of construction while maintaining 15 minimum levels of safety in buildings in the City.
- E. Promoting maintenance of existing property by recognizing differences between new and existing structures 16 as long as an equal level of safety can be achieved.
- 17 F. Providing for administration and enforcement of this chapter.

#### 2.01.030 18 Scope.

The provisions of this chapter shall apply to all buildings and the properties on which they are located, including, but not limited to, residential, commercial, and industrial uses. Buildings in existence at the time of the adoption of this chapter may have their existing use or occupancy continued, if such use or occupancy was legal at the time of the adoption of this chapter, provided such use is not changed in intensity from its original purpose and such continued use is not dangerous to the life, health, safety, or welfare of the occupants or the general public. Buildings in which the use is changed to a use of equal or less intensity as set forth in the UCIEBC may be permitted without full compliance with the Building Code, provided the building complies with this chapter and the UCIEBC for said use.

#### 2.01.040 Additions, alterations, and change of use.

- A. General. Buildings and structures to which additions, alterations, or changes of use are made shall comply with the applicable requirements of the Building Code for new facilities, except as specifically provided in this section. See the Building Code for provisions requiring installation of smoke detectors in existing Group R Occupancies.
- B. When Allowed. Additions or alterations shall not be made to an existing building or structure which will cause the existing building or structure to be in violation of any of the provisions of the Building Code or this



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chapter, nor shall such additions or alterations cause the existing building or structure to become unsafe. An unsafe condition shall be deemed to have been created if an addition or alteration will cause the existing building or structure to become structurally unsafe or overloaded; will lessen or render unsafe existing egress systems complying with the requirement for the use in effect at the time the building was constructed, and approved by a certificate of occupancy; or will reduce required fire resistance or will otherwise create conditions dangerous to human life.

Additions or alterations shall not be made to an existing building or structure when such existing building or structure is not in full compliance with the provisions of the Building Code.

#### Exceptions:

- 1. When such addition or alteration will result in the existing building or structure being no more hazardous based on life safety, fire safety, and sanitation, than before such additions or alterations are undertaken, and such addition or alteration is in compliance with the <u>UCIEBC</u>. (See the Building Code for Group H, Division 6 Occupancies.)
- 2. Alterations of existing structural elements, or additions of new structural elements, which are not required by this chapter or the Building Code and which are initiated for the purpose of increasing the lateral-force-resisting strength or stiffness of an existing structure need not be designed for forces conforming to the Building Code, provided that an engineering analysis is submitted to show that:
- a. The capacity of existing structural elements required to resist forces is not reduced, and
- b. The lateral loading to required existing structural elements is not increased beyond their capacity, and
- c. New structural elements are detailed and connected to the existing structural elements as required by the Building Code, and
- d. New or relocated non-structural elements are detailed and connected to existing or new structural elements as required by the Building Code, and
- e. An unsafe condition as defined above is not created.
- C. Non-structural. Alterations or repairs to an existing building or structure which are non-structural and do not adversely affect any structural member or any part of the building or structure having required fire resistance may be made with the same materials of which the building or structure is constructed.
- D. <u>Glass-Window</u> Replacement. The installation or replacement of <u>glass-window</u> shall be as required for new installations. <u>Historic structures may qualify for an exemption from this requirement per Section F below.</u>
- E. Restoration of Buildings. Restoration of buildings shall-may be required to be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Building Code and this chapter.
- F. Buildings Designated as Historic-Landmarks or Located in Historically Designated Areas Historic Special Review or Conservation Districts. Buildings or structures which are designated as Historic City Landmarks or are located in designated Historic Special Review or Conservation Districts shall require the approval of the City of Tacoma Landmarks Preservation Commission before making additions, repairs, or alterations to the building or structure, or before demolishing the building or structure, per Tacoma Municipal Code ("TMC") 13.05.

#### 2.01.050 Definitions.

For the purpose of this chapter, certain terms, phrases, words, and their derivatives shall be construed as specified in this section. Terms, phrases, and words used in the singular include the plural, and the plural the singular. Terms, phrases, and words used in the masculine gender include the feminine, and feminine the masculine.

Where terms, phrases, and words are not defined herein, their definition shall be taken from the Building Code and, if not defined therein, shall have their ordinary accepted meaning within the context which they are used. Any definitions which are in conflict with or are not referenced by this chapter shall refer back to the Building Code currently adopted and amended by Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. For any definitions



which are not referenced in the Building Code, as adopted and amended by Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code, Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged, copyright 1986 most current version, shall be considered as providing ordinary accepted meanings.

"Accessory structure" is any structure which is incidental and subordinate to the main building(s) and is located on the same property as the main building. Accessory structures may be attached to or detached from the main structure. Examples of accessory structures include: garages, carports, sheds, and other similar buildings; decks, awnings, heat pumps, fences, trellises, flag poles, tanks, towers, exterior stairs and walkways, and other exterior structures on the property.

"Accessory use" is a use customarily incidental and subordinate to the main building or principal use and located on the same lot therewith.

"Apartment house" is any building, or portion thereof, which contains three or more dwelling units and, for the purpose of this chapter, includes condominiums.

"Approved" (as to materials and types of construction) refers to approval by the Building Official as the result of investigation and tests conducted by the Building Official, or by reason of accepted principles or tests by recognized authorities, or technical or scientific organizations.

"Basement" is any floor level below the first story in a building, except that a floor level in a building having only one floor level shall be classified as a basement, unless such floor level qualifies as a first story as defined herein.

"Bathroom" is a room used for personal hygiene and which contains a water closet, a lavatory, and either a bathtub or a shower.

"Bathtub" is a container for personal washing, large enough to allow the person to sit partially submerged in water.

"Blight" is a condition of deterioration, dilapidation, decay, or substandard maintenance of buildings, structures, and/or properties which constitutes a menace to the health, safety, or welfare of the public or which negatively affects the value of surrounding property.

"Blighting conditions" are violations of this chapter, the Building Code, or other City ordinances, which are determined by the Building Official to be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of the public.

"Boarding house" is a lodging house in which meals are provided.

"Building" is any structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.

"Building, existing" is a building erected prior to the adoption of this chapter, or one for which a legal building permit has been issued.

"Building Code" shall mean the Building Code as adopted and amended by Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

"Building Inspector" is an authorized representative of the Building Official, whose primary function is the inspection of buildings and/or the enforcement of the City ordinances.

"Building Official" shall mean the individual authorized by the Director of the Planning and Development Services Department of the City of Tacoma, charged with the administration and enforcement of the Building Code, or his or her duly authorized representatives.

"Ceiling height" shall be the clear vertical distance from the finished floor to the finished ceiling.

"Certificate of eComplaint" is a Findings of Fact and Order, or other document, filed with the Pierce County Auditor, stating the property is in violation of Chapter 2.01 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

"City" shall mean the City of Tacoma.

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13.05 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. 1 2 3 4 three or more sides by walls of a building. 5 6 listed in Table E – Dangerous Buildings and Structures, in Section 2.01.060. 7 8 9 Section 2.01.060. "Dormitory" means: 10 11 12 C. See also congregate residence. 13 14 congregate residence for ten or less persons. 15 16 permits the City to assure compliance with the provisions of this chapter. 17 18 enclosures, horizontal exits, exit passageways, exit courts, and yards. 19 the control of the owner or on-site manager of such premises. 20 21 22 a dwelling unit. 23 where an appeal is not taken-filed within the time provided by law. 24

that is a contributing property within a Historic Special Review or Conservation District as defined in Chapter "Congregate residence" is any building, or portion thereof, which contains facilities for living, sleeping, and sanitation, as required by this chapter, and may include facilities for eating and cooking for occupancy by other than a family. A congregate residence may be a shelter, convent, monastery, dormitory, or fraternity or sorority house, but does not include jails, hospitals, nursing homes, hotels, or lodging houses. "Court" is a space, open and unobstructed to the sky, located at or above grade level on a lot and bounded on "Dangerous buildings or structures" means, for the purpose of this chapter, any building or structure having conditions or defects which exist to the extent that the life, health, property, or safety, or welfare of the public or its occupants are endangered. Specific conditions which determine whether a building is dangerous are "Derelict buildings or structures" means, for the purposes of the chapter, any building or structure where conditions exist which make the building or structure unfit for human occupancy. Specific conditions which determine whether a building or structure is derelict are listed in Table D – Derelict Buildings or Structures, in A. A college or university residence hall, including sorority or fraternity buildings; or B. A room containing three or more beds and serving as communal sleeping quarters. "Dwelling" is any building or portion thereof which contains not more than two dwelling units. "Dwelling unit" is any building or portion thereof which contains living facilities, including provisions for sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation, as required by this chapter, for not more than one family, or a "Efficiency dwelling unit" is a dwelling unit containing only one habitable room. "Enforcement" is the administrative process, within the legal authority of federal, state, and local law, that "Exit" is a continuous and unobstructed means of egress to a public way and shall include, but is not limited to, intervening aisles, doors, doorways, gates, corridors, exterior exit balconies, ramps, stairways, pressurized "Exterior property area" is the open space on the premises and on public property abutting the premises under "Extermination" is the elimination of insects, rodents, vermin, or other pests at or about the affected building. "Family" is an individual or two or more persons related by blood or marriage, or a group of not more than five persons (excluding household employees) who need not be related by blood or marriage, living together in "Final Order" means any order of the Board of Building Appeals, Hearing Examiner or Hearing Officer, "Fire Chief" is the head of the Tacoma Fire Department or a duly authorized representative. "Floor area" is the area included within the surrounding exterior walls of a building or portion thereof, exclusive of vent shafts and courts. The floor area of a building, or portion thereof, not provided with

"City landmark" is a property that has been individually listed on the Tacoma Register of Historic Places, or

surrounding exterior walls shall be the usable area under the horizontal projection of the roof or floor above.

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or sidewalk within the area between the building and the property line or, when the property line is more than 5 feet from the building, between the building and a line 5 feet from the building. 1 "Graffiti" is any unauthorized writing, painting, drawing, inscription, figure, or mark of any type that has been 2 placed upon any property through the use of paint, ink, chalk, dye markers, objects, or any other substance capable of marking property. 3 "Guest" is any person renting or occupying a room for living or sleeping purposes. 4 "Guest room" is any room or rooms used, or intended to be used, by a guest for sleeping purposes. Every 100 square feet of superficial floor area in a dormitory is a guest room. 5 "Habitable space" or "habitable room" is space in a structure for living, sleeping, eating, or cooking. 6 Bathrooms, toilet compartments, closets, halls, storage or utility space, and similar areas, are not considered habitable space. 7 "Health Officer" is the Director of the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department, or his or her duly authorized representatives. 8 "Hearing Officer" is the Director of the Planning and Development Services Department, or a duly authorized 9 representative. "Historic resource" is any property that has been determined to be eligible by the City Historic Preservation 10 Officer or Washington State Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation staff for listing in the Tacoma Register of Historic Places, the Washington State Heritage Register, or the National Register of 11 Historic Places, or any property that appears to be eligible for such listing by virtue of its age, exterior condition, or known historical associations, or inclusion in the City Historic Building Inventories. 12 "Hotel" is any building containing six or more guest rooms intended or designed to be used, or which are used, 13 rented, or hired out to be occupied, or which are occupied, for sleeping purposes by guests. It does not include any jail, hospital, asylum, sanitarium, orphanage, prison, detention home, or other institution in which human 14 beings are housed and detained under legal restraint. "IEBC" is the International Existing Building Code, as adopted and amended by the City in Chapter 2.02 of 15 the Tacoma Municipal Code. 16 "Improper" shall mean unsuitable, inappropriate, or not up to acceptable minimum standards. "Infestation" is the presence of insects, rodents, vermin, or other pests to a degree that is harmful to the 17 building or its occupants. 18 "Inspection" is the examination of property by the Building Official, or his or her duly authorized representative, for the purpose of evaluating its condition as provided by this chapter. 19 "Interested party" is any person or entity that possesses any legal or equitable interest of record in a property, including, but not limited to, the holder of any lien or encumbrance on the property. 20 "Kitchen" shall mean a room used, or designed to be used, for the preparation of food. 21 "Lavatory" is a fixed wash basin connected to hot and cold running water and the building sanitary waste system and used primarily for personal hygiene. 22 "Licensed care" shall include buildings, structures, or portions thereof, used for the business of providing 23 licensed care to clients in one of the following categories regulated by either the Washington State Department of Health or the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services: 24 A. Adult family home. 25 B. Adult residential rehabilitation facility.

"Grade" (adjacent ground level) is the lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving,

C. Alcoholism - intensive inpatient treatment service.

D. Alcoholism - detoxification service.



	E. Alcoholism - long-term treatment service.
1	F. Alcoholism - recovery house service.
	G. Boarding home.
2	H. Group care facility.
3	I. Group care facility for severely and multiple handicapped children.
4	J. Residential treatment facility for psychiatrically impaired children and youth.
5	Exception: Where the care provided at an alcoholism detoxification service is acute care similar to that provided in a hospital, the facility shall be classified as a hospital.
6	"Local agent" is a person, firm, corporation, or other legal entity:
7	A. Whose principal residence and/or property management office, and place of receiving mail, is located either within Pierce County or within a 50 mile radius of the Tacoma Municipal Building;
8	B. Who is the person, firm, or corporation designated by the owner to receive official mail from the City regarding maintenance of the property and actions taken by the City under this chapter; and
9	C. Who is authorized by the owner to act on behalf of the owner in such matters.
10	"Lodging house" is any building or portion thereof containing not more than five guest rooms where rent is paid in money, goods, labor, or otherwise.
11	"Maintenance" means keeping property in proper condition.
12	"Motel" (See "Hotel.").
13	"Nuisance" is any of the following:
14	A. Any public nuisance known at common law or as defined by legal court, especially nuisances defined in Chapter 8.30 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.
15	B. Whatever is dangerous to human life or is detrimental to health, safety, or welfare.
13 1	"Occupancy" is the lawful purpose for which a building, or part of a building, is used or intended to be used.
16	"Occupant" is any person (including owner or on-site manager) occupying a structure or portion of a structure.
17	"On-site manager" is any person on site, representing the owner, who has charge, care, or control for the day-to-day operations of a building or portion of a building offered for occupancy.
18	"Owner" is any person, including any natural person, joint venture, partnership, association, club, company,
19	corporation, business trust, or organization, or the manager, lessee, agent or officer, or having an interest in the real estate in question as indicated in the records of the Office of the Pierce County Assessor, or who
20	establishes, under this chapter, his or her ownership interest therein agent, firm, or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in the property.
	"Partially Secured" means a portion of the building sealed to the weather or unauthorized third-party entry.
21	"Person" is a natural person, his or her heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, and also includes a firm,
22	partnership, or corporation, its or their successors or assigns, or the agent of any of the aforesaid.
23 24	"Plumbing" or "plumbing fixture" is any water heating facilities, water pipes, vent pipes, garbage or disposal units, lavatories, water closets, urinals, bathtubs, shower baths, installed clothes-washing machines or other similar equipment, catch basins, sanitary waste systems, storm sewer systems, vents, or other similarly
25	supplied fixtures, together with all connections to water, gas, sewer, or vent lines.  "Posted" is the placement of an official notice that a building or structure is in violation of this chapter. The
26	notice is attached to the building or structure and states "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED."



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"Public right-of-way" includes the area of land, the right of possession of which is secured by the City for right-of-way purposes and includes the traveled portion of the public streets and alleys, as well as the border area, which includes, but is not limited to, sidewalks, driveway approaches, planting strips, traffic circles, parkways or medians, or the area between the sidewalk and curb line.

"Recreational vehicle" is a vehicle constructed to be licensed for operation on streets, highways, and waterways. Recreational vehicles are designed to provide accommodations for sleeping, and may have cooking facilities, water closets, sinks, lavatories, showers, and similar plumbing facilities. The four classifications of recreational vehicles are, but are not limited to:

- A. Motor Home. A self-motorized recreational vehicle.
- B. Residential or Travel Trailer. A recreational vehicle designed to be towed by a motorized vehicle, including fifth-wheel trailers, tent trailers, or similar types of vehicles.
- C. Campers. A recreational unit designed to be installed in and used while in the bed of a truck.
- D. Boats on Trailers.
- "Resident" is a person who lives or dwells in a residential structure or similar buildings, including, but not limited to, dwelling units, apartments, congregate care homes, licensed care homes, hotels, motels, convalescent homes, and nursing homes.
- "Residential property" is any property zoned for exclusively for residential use or any property containing a residential structure.
  - "Residential rental property" is any property within the City containing a dwelling unit for which payment of money, goods and/or services is rented or leased to an individual or group of individuals.
  - "Residential structure" is any building containing one or more dwelling units, or any accessory structure related to a dwelling unit.
  - "Restoration" means to return a building or structure to a state of utility through alterations and/or repairs. As applied to historic structures, it includes the preservation of those portions or features that are of historical, architectural, and cultural value.
  - "Roof" is an exterior element of a building, sloped less than 60 degrees from the horizontal, which provides weather protection to the spaces below.
  - "Secured" refers to a building which is sealed to unauthorized third-party entry.
  - "Service room" is any room used for storage, bath, or utility purposes, and not included in the definition of habitable rooms.
  - "Shaft" is an interior space, enclosed by walls or construction, extending through one or more stories or basements which connects openings in successive floors, or floors and roof, to accommodate elevators, dumbwaiters, mechanical equipment, electrical equipment, or similar devices, or to transmit light or ventilation air.
  - "Shall," as used in this chapter, is mandatory.
- "Sink" is a fixed basin connected to hot and cold running water and a drainage system and primarily used for the preparation of food and the washing of cooking and eating utensils.
- "Shower" is a compartment which is designed for the purpose of full personal washing of a person in the standing position.
- "Skylight" is a glazed opening in a roof. Skylights can be either fixed or operable.
- "Sleeping room" is any room designed, built, or intended to be used for sleeping purposes.
- "Smoke detector" is an approved, listed device that senses visible or invisible particles of combustion.



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"Solid-fuel-burning device" means any device for burning wood, coal, or any other non-gaseous and non-liquid fuel.

"Story" is that portion of a building included between the upper surface of any floor and the upper surface of the floor next above, except that the topmost story shall be that portion of a building included between the upper surface of the topmost floor and the ceiling or roof above. If the finished floor level directly above a usable or unused under floor space is more than 6 feet above grade, as defined herein, for more than 50 percent of the total perimeter, or is more than 12 feet above grade, as defined herein, at any point, such usable or unused under floor space shall be considered as a story.

"Street," whether improved or unimproved, is any thoroughfare or public way which has been dedicated or deeded to the public for public use.

"Substandard Property," for the purpose of this chapter, shall mean a building or property where conditions exist which make the building substandard. Specific conditions which determine whether a building or property are maintained in a substandard manner are listed in Table B – Substandard Property, and/or Table C – Fire and Life Safety Hazards, in Section 2.01.060. A substandard building or property may be occupied when, in the opinion of the Building Official, the conditions are not an immediate threat to the health, safety, or welfare of the occupants.

"Swimming pool" is an artificial basin, chamber, or tank constructed of impervious material, having a depth of 18 inches or more, and used or intended to be used for swimming, diving, or recreational bathing.

"Toilet". See "water closet."-

"Transient occupancy" is the occupancy of a dwelling unit in a hotel where the following conditions are met:

- A. Occupancy is charged on a daily basis and is payable no less frequently than every two weeks;
- B. The operator provides maid and linen service on a regular basis;
- C. The period of occupancy does not exceed 30 days; and
- D. If the occupancy exceeds five days, the occupant has a business address or a residence other than at the hotel.

"UCBC" is the Uniform Code for Building Conservation, as adopted and amended by the City of Tacoma in Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

"Unoccupied" is the condition where a building is not being used at present, but there is the general appearance of an intent to reoccupy the building in the future. Furnishings may or may not have been removed.

"Unsecured" refers to any building or structure in which doors, windows, or apertures are open or broken so as to allow unauthorized third-party entry.

"Vacant" is the condition where a building is not being used at present, and there is a general appearance of abandonment.

"Vermin" is an all inclusive term used to define unwanted, non-human, biological life and shall include, but not be limited to, mice, rats and other rodents, ants, fleas, lice, termites and other insect-like pests, pigeons and other birds, and other biological pests.

"Walls" shall be defined as follows:

- A. "Bearing wall" is any wall meeting either of the following classifications:
- 1. Any metal or wood stud wall which supports more than 100 pounds per lineal foot of superimposed load.
- 2. Any masonry or concrete wall which supports more than 200 pounds per lineal foot superimposed load, or any such wall supporting its own weight for more than one story.
- B. "Exterior wall" is any wall or element of a wall, or any member or group of members, which defines the exterior boundaries or courts of a building and which has a slope of 60 degrees or greater with the horizontal plane.



CB. "Faced wall" is a wall in which the masonry facing and backing are so bonded as to exert a common action under load. DC. "Nonbearing wall" is any wall that is not a bearing wall. 2 **ED**. "Parapet wall" is that part of any wall entirely above the roof line. FE. "Retaining wall" is a wall designed to resist the lateral displacement of soil or other materials. 3 "Water closet" is a flushable plumbing fixture connected to running water and a drainage system and used for the disposal of human waste. 4 "Water closet compartment" is a room containing only a toilet or only a toilet and lavatory. 5 "Window" shall mean a glazed opening, including glazed doors, which open upon a yard, court, or a vent shaft 6 open and unobstructed to the sky. "Window well" is a soil-retaining structure at a window having a sill height lower than the adjacent ground 7 elevation. 8 "Workmanship" is the quality or mode of execution for building construction normal to the building industry trades. 9 "Yard" is an open, unoccupied space other than a court, unobstructed from the ground to the sky, except where specifically provided by this chapter, on the lot on which a building is situated. 10 2.01.060 **Administration and Process.** 11 A. Initial Filing of Complaint. 12 An initial enforcement determination shall be undertaken against buildings or properties, whenever: 1. The Building Official, the Public Works Director, Director of any City of Tacoma Department, the Director 13 of the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department, the Police Chief, or the Fire Chief, or their duly authorized representatives, have reason to believe that a violation of this Code exists. 14 2. A complaint is filed with the City of Tacoma Department of Public Works by any person, provided that 15 where complaints have been filed by tenants, that the tenant first exhaust all remedies provided through the Washington State Landlord Tenant Act. Complaints may be received either verbally or in writing, and may be 16 anonymous. B. Inspection and Evaluation of Buildings and Property. 17 When a complaint has been filed, or there are other reasons pursuant to normal enforcement of the Tacoma 18 Municipal Code, the Building Official shall inspect the building and property. Based on the inspection, the Building Official shall then determine whether the building and/or property is in violation of this chapter and 19 the degree of violation. All properties where an evaluation inspection is performed shall be evaluated against the standards of "Substandard Property" listed in Table B, "Fire and Life Safety Hazards" listed in Table C, 20 "Derelict Buildings or Structures" listed in Table D, and "Dangerous Buildings or Structures" listed in Table E. Substandard Properties shall be assigned violation points, in accordance with Table B and Table C, 21 and the provisions of Subsection C, Violation Tables. In addition, violations listed in Table C, "Fire and Life Safety Hazards," shall be referred to the Building Official, the Fire Chief, and/or the Electrical Inspection 22 Manager, as appropriate, for evaluation as to whether immediate action is necessary. The standards against which properties shall be evaluated are set forth in Section 2.01.070, Minimum Building Requirements. 23 C. Violation Tables. 24 During the evaluation inspection, and any subsequent inspections of the building and property, the Building Official shall note each violation and evaluate the property in accordance with Table B, Table C, Table D, and 25 Table E. Once all violations are listed, and if it is determined that the property is substandard, the points, as

listed in Table B and Table C, for each violation listed against the property, shall be totaled to determine the

degree of violation. The course or action shall be in accordance with Table A, and subsection D. Substandard

Buildings and Structures.



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Where a building or structure contains violations listed in Table D, Derelict Buildings or Structures, the building or structure shall be declared a Derelict Building or Structure and processed according to the procedures set forth in Subsection E, Derelict Buildings or Structures Procedures.

Where a building or structure contains violations listed in Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures, that building or structure shall be declared a Dangerous Building or Structure and processed according to the procedures set forth in Subsection F, Dangerous Buildings or Structures Procedures.

Groups of buildings on the same property may be processed under a single complaint process.

- D. Substandard Property Building and Structures.
- 1. General. Where all violations are unrelated to the buildings and structures on the property, the complaint against the property shall be processed under the applicable provisions of the Tacoma Municipal Code.
- 2. Standard Property. Property which has been inspected and evaluated, and which received 24 or less violation points, shall be considered standard property and in compliance with this chapter, and no action shall be taken. The complaint shall be closed and all accumulated documentation filed.
- 31. Non-Standard Property Warning. The owner of property which, by an external inspection, is evaluated as being maintained in a substandard condition and receives 25 to 49 violation points, shall-may be considered non-standard property and sent a letter describing the substandard conditions and the appropriate actions for mitigating these conditions. The owner shall-may be advised, in writing, that the property is in a declining state, and that if conditions worsen, more formal mitigating actions willmay be undertaken. Once the advisory letter is sent, the complaint shall be closed and all accumulated documentation filed. The property may be reinspected one year from the date of the letter and the property may be reevaluated to determine whether additional enforcement procedures need to be taken.
- 42. Substandard Property Violation. When any property has been inspected and receives 50 or more points as set forth in Table A, the owner shall be notified by letter that the property is "substandard", and the letter shall describe the violations and the appropriate actions for mitigating these violations.
- 53. Owner Notification, Penalties, Reinspection and Appeals for Substandard Properties shall all be governed by Subsection F, Building Enforcement Procedures.
- E. Derelict Buildings or Structures.
- 1. General. This section shall apply to all buildings, structures, and properties, residential or commercial, which have been evaluated as being Derelict Buildings or Structures, in that the building or structure contains one or more violations listed in Table D, Derelict Buildings or Structures. By definition, Derelict Buildings or Structures are unfit for human occupancy.
- 2. Posting and Placement of Utility Restraint. Derelict Buildings or Structures shall be posted "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED." See Subsection <u>HI</u>, Posting of Buildings. Simultaneously, utility restraints <u>shallmay</u> be placed on such buildings or structures. See Subsection <u>HJ</u>, Utility Restraints.

### **EXCEPTION:**

- If the derelict building is occupied, the Building Official may grant an extension as to when the building will be vacated and whether a posting or utility restraint is required.
- Buildings, which are posted, shall not be occupied for any purpose until repaired to eliminate the violations listed in the Notice of Violation, to the satisfaction of the Building Official. In addition, the building shall only be authorized to be entered for preparing a time schedule and a repair plan and schedule to be submitted to Planning and Development the Neighborhood and Community Services Department for approval. Upon approval of the time schedule and repair plan and schedule, the owner or his or her representatives will be authorized to enter the building to effect repairs. No other entry or occupancy of the building shall be permitted until the repairs are completed and unless approved by the Building Official.
- 3. Owner Notification, Penalties, Reinspection and Appeals for Derelict Properties shall all be governed by Subsection F, Building Enforcement Procedures.

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F. Building Enforcement Procedures.

- 1. Owner Notification and Penalties.
- a. When any property has been evaluated, by inspection, as being "Substandard Property" or "Derelict Property", the owner shall be notified by first class mail, describing the violations and stating that the building, structure, or property has been found to be in violation of this chapter and is "Substandard" or "Derelict." The owner shall be given 3021 calendar days from the date of the notice to respond to the Building Official to negotiate a repair plan and schedule.

If the building is designated as "Derelict Property", the owner shallmay be given 10 calendar days from the date of the notice to secure the building, in accordance with Section 2.01.090, Unoccupied or Vacant Building Standards. The notice shall include the standards for securing an unoccupied or vacant building. In addition, such notification will state that either an Eminent Domain Condemnation proceedings or a Dangerous Building proceedings may be initiated if there is not a workablean agreed-upon plan and schedule submitted or substantial improvement of the property does not occur in substantial compliance with the agreed upon agreed upon repair plan and schedule. Such proceedings may result in the loss of the building(s) and property or the demolition of the building(s).

b. In the event a valid response to the first notice outlined in subsection (a) is not received in the allotted time, a civil penalty in the amount of \$250, may be assessed. These penalties are intended to be only for remedial purposes. A new letter, stating the assessment of penalties, shall be sent by first class mail. The owner shall be given 1410 calendar days from the date of the second letter to respond to the letter, and to negotiate a repair plan and schedule with the Neighborhood and Community Services Department of Public Works-for correcting the violations to the satisfaction of the Building Official.

e. In the event a valid response to the second notice as outlined in subsection (b) is not received in the allotted time, an additional civil penalty in the amount of \$250 may be assessed. A third letter, stating the additional assessments of penalties, shall be sent by first class mail. The owner shall be given 14 calendar days from the date of the third letter to respond, and to negotiate a repair schedule with Planning and Development Services for correcting the violations to the satisfaction of the Building Official.

- dc. The process described in Subsection (eb) above shall be repeated on a regular schedule and a civil penalty may be assessed every day until such time as there is a valid response. In the event that no response is received and assessed penalties are equal to or exceed have accumulated in excess of \$1,0500.00, the City shall-may file a Certificate of Complaint with the Pierce County Auditor to be attached to the title of the property. A copy of the Certificate of Complaint shall be sent to the property owner and may be sent to all tenants, if different from the owner.
- ed. Penalties shall be billed to the owner. Penalties unpaid after 60 calendar days may be referred to a collection agency, approved by the City of Tacoma, for collection.
- **fe**. Each day that a property or person is not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter may constitute a separate violation of this chapter.
- 2. Response to Notification. The response to the City shall be the development of a written repair plan and schedule for repairing the building, jointly agreed upon by the owner and the City. The schedule shall include:
- a. Time for developing and submitting acceptable construction plans, specifications, and calculations when required for the repair of the building or structure.
- b. Time for <del>actually</del> repairing the building or structure once a building permit has been issued. <del>Such time line may include intermediate progress goals, as appropriate.</del>
- c. Once an acceptable schedule has been determined and agreed to, construction plans, specifications, and ealeulations for the repair of the building or structure shall be developed and submitted to the City for approval with the time limits set by the schedule. Once the plans and specifications have been approved for permit, the permit shall be obtained within 14 calendar days of notification that the permit is ready. The work authorized by the permit shall proceed according to a schedule jointly agreed upon by the owner and the City, verified by inspection.



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d. If permits are not required, the repair <u>plan and</u> schedule shall outline when the violations identified in the Substandard or Derelict Property Report will be corrected.

#### e. EXCEPTIONS:

The Building Official may grant extensions to the repair <u>plan and</u> schedule, or agree to an alternative repair <u>plan and</u> schedule, for sufficient reasons on written request. Such requests must be filed with the Building Official prior to the deadlines set for the completion of the construction.

3. Reinspection and Penalties. Once a valid response is received and a schedule is set, the property shall be reinspected upon request by the owner, to assess that progress is being made in correcting the violations and adhering to the agreed upon schedule. If progress, in accordance to the schedule, is not being made to the satisfaction of the Building Official, or the owner has not scheduled a required inspection, penalties may be issued up to \$250 per day. At each inspection of the property, the status of the action shall either remain in the present category or shifted to Derelict or Dangerous Buildings or Structures categories based on whether any of the violations are listed in Table D, Derelict Building and Structures or Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures. Once an enforcement action is undertaken, it shall be continued until all outstanding violations have been corrected.

The Building Official may also issue penalties in the amount of \$250 per day if after the initial contact, any of the following occur:

- a. the owner and the City cannot agree upon a repair plan and schedule, or extension thereto or
- b. the owner does not submit plans and specifications for approval, according to the schedule, for the repair of the building, or
- c. the owner fails to obtain the permits in a timely manner when they are ready to be issued, or
- d. the owner fails to start repairs, or
- e. the owner, once having started repairs, fails to meet intermediate progress goals.
- This penalty procedure shall be repeated in accordance with Subsection 1 above (Owner Notification and Penalties) until progress, satisfactory to the Building Official, is made.
- 4. Violations Corrected. Once the building, structure, and property violations have been corrected to the satisfaction of the Building Official, the case shall be closed and, if appropriate, a final report relative to the action placed in the City's files, and any Certificates of Complaint filed with the Pierce County Auditor against the title of the property shall be removed by the City on payment of any assessed penalties and any costs incurred by the City for securing the property.
- 5. Reviews by the Building Official.
- a. General. A person, firm, or corporation who received a Notice of Violation for a Substandard or Derelict Building(s), or a civil penalty, may request an administrative review of the Notice of Violation for a Substandard or Derelict Building(s) or the civil penalty.
- An appeal of a civil penalty which has been issued in accordance with this chapter shall be limited to assessing any progress which the property owner has made in correcting the violations identified in the first notice, or the property owner's compliance with the repair plan and schedule that led to the issuance of the civil penalty.
- b. How to Request Administrative Review.
- i. Appeal of a Notice of Violation <u>or Civil Penalty</u>. A person, firm, or corporation may request an administrative review by the Building Official of the Notice of Violation for a Substandard or Derelict Building(s), by filing a written request with <u>Planning and Development the Neighborhood and Community</u> Services <u>Department</u> within 310 calendar days of the first notification date of violations.
- ii. Appeal of a civil penalty. A person, firm, or corporation may request an administrative review by the Building Official of a civil penalty by filing a written request with the Department of Public Works within 10 calendar days of the date the civil penalty was issued.



The request shall state in writing the reasons the Building Official should review the Notice of Violation or the issuance of the civil penalty. Failure to state the basis for the review in writing shall be cause for dismissal of the review. Upon receipt of the request for administrative review, the Building Official shall review the information provided.

- c. Decision of Building Official. After considering all of the information provided, including information from the code enforcement officer and the City Attorney, or his or her designee, the Building Official shall affirm, or modify the Notice of Violation for the Substandard or Derelict Building(s), or the amount of any monetary penalty assessed. The Building Official's decision shall be delivered in writing to the appellant by first-class mail.
- 6. Appeals of the Decision of the Building Official to Hearing Examiner.

Appeals of the Decision resulting from the Building Official's Review shall be made to the Hearing Examiner within 3021 calendar days from the date of the Building Official's Decision. The Hearing Examiner, upon receipt of a properly filed appeal, shall set a hearing date, and the appellant shall be notified of the hearing date by first-class mail. Proceedings in regard to appeals filed under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of Tacoma Municipal Code Chapter 1.23 and Office of the Hearing Examiner Rules of Procedure for Hearings. The Hearing Examiner shall issue a Findings of Fact and Order, based on the hearing, in writing, delivered to the appellant by first-class mail.

- 7. Buildings Declared Derelict or Substandard or Derelict. When a building or structure, or any aspect of a building or structure, is Substandard or Derelict, or Substandard by the definitions set forth in Section 2.01.050, Table B, Table C, and Table D of this chapter, those aspects which were declared Derelict and Substandardit shall be repaired to the minimum building requirements set forth in Section 2.01.070, and the minimum standards of repair set forth in Section 2.01.080 of this chapter, as directed by the Building Official.
- 8. Alternate Procedures. Where Derelict Building Proceedings undertaken against a property have extended over a period of time to where it is necessary to file a Certificate of Complaint with the Pierce County Auditor, the Building Official may undertake one of the two following procedures to mitigate the Derelict Status of the Building:
- a. Procure the Property through Eminent Domain: Where the property undergoing the Derelict Building Procedure is of sufficient value to be repairable, the Building Official may obtain the property through eminent domain, pursuant to the provisions of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 35.80A.
- b. <u>StartCommence</u> Dangerous Building Proceedings: Where the property undergoing the Derelict Building Procedure is in a state where it is more economical to demolish the building(s) on the property, the Building Official may initiate Dangerous Building Proceedings pursuant to Tacoma Municipal Code 2.01.060.FG and Table E of this chapter.
- G. Dangerous Buildings or Structures Procedures.
- 1. General. This section shall apply to all buildings, structures, and properties, residential or commercial, which have been evaluated as being Dangerous Buildings and Structures in that the building or structure contains one or more violations listed in Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures. Dangerous Buildings or Structures, by definition, are unfit for human occupancy, are potentially dangerous to life and limb, and/or are in a condition where it is unfeasible to repair.
- 2. Posting and Placement of Utility Restraint. Dangerous buildings or structures shall be posted "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED." See Subsection H, Posting of Buildings. Simultaneously, utility restraints shall be placed on such buildings or structures. See Subsection <u>H</u>, Utility Restraints.
- Buildings, which are posted, shall not be occupied for any purpose until repaired to eliminate the violations listed in the Notice of Violation, to the satisfaction of the Building Official. In addition, the building shall only be authorized to be entered for preparing a time schedule and a repair plan and schedule to be submitted to the Neighborhood and Community Services Department of Public Works for approval. Upon approval of the time schedule and repair plan and schedule, the owner or his or her representatives will be authorized to enter the

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building to effect repairs. No other entry or occupancy of the building shall be permitted until the repairs are completed and approved by the Building Official.

- 3. Owner Notification. The owner shall be notified that the building, structure, or property has been found to be in violation of this chapter and is dangerous. The owner shall-may be given 10 calendar days from the date of the notice to secure the building, in accordance with Section 2.01.090, Unoccupied or Vacant Building Standards. The notice shall include the standards for securing a vacant building. The owner shall be given 30-21 calendar days from the date of the notice to respond to the Building Official to negotiate a repair plan of action and schedule.
- 4. EXCEPTION: Where there is an imminent danger to life or property, the building can be secured by the order of the Building Official, Police Chief, Fire Chief, or Director of the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department, and the cost assessed to the owner in accordance with the provisions of RCW 35.80.030(1)(h).

The response to the City shall be a written-plan for repairing or demolishing the building. The written response shall include a schedule, jointly agreed upon by the owner and the City, for the repair or demolition of the building or structure. The schedule shall include:

- a. Time for developing and submitting acceptable construction plans, specifications, and calculations when required for the repair or demolition of the building or structure.
- b. Time for actually repairing or demolishing the building or structure once a building permit has been issued. Such time line may include intermediate progress goals, as appropriate.

Once acceptable construction plans, specifications, and calculations for the repair or demolition of the building or structure have been submitted to the City and have been approved for permit, the permit shall be obtained within 147 calendar days of notification that the permit is ready. The work authorized by the permit shall proceed according to the schedule jointly agreed upon by the owner and the City. Such schedule shall comply with the Building Code provisions governing the expiration of permits.

#### 5. EXCEPTIONS:

- a. The Building Official may agree for sufficient reason to accept an alternate time schedule for the repair or demolition of the building.
- b. The Building Official may grant extensions to the time schedule for sufficient reasons, on written request. Such requests must be filed with the Building Official prior to the deadlines set for the completion of the construction.
- 6. Dangerous Building Complaint to be Initiated. In <u>the</u> event of any of the following, the City <u>shallmay</u> prepare a Dangerous Building Complaint against the building and property, in accordance with Subsection 7, Contents of Dangerous Building Complaints, and schedule a hearing in accordance with Subsection 8, Hearing Procedures:
- a. There is no response from the owner to the notification.
- b. The response to the notification by the owner is negative.
- eb. An agreement by the owner and the City cannot be reached in respect to the extent of the repairs of the building or the time schedule for the repair or demolition of the building.
- dc. The owner defaults on the time schedule for obtaining the necessary permits and beginning construction or demolition.
- ed. The owner, once having started construction or demolition, does not substantially adhere to the agreed-upon schedule, or abandons the construction or demolition.
- Once the building, structure, and property violations have been corrected to the satisfaction of the Building Official, the case shall be closed and, if appropriate, a final report relative to the action placed in the City's files, and any Certificates of Complaint, Dangerous Building Complaints, or Findings of Fact and Orders, or general tax liens filed with the Pierce County Auditor against the title of the property shall be removed by the



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City on payment of any assessed penalties and any costs incurred by the City for securing the property or processing the Dangerous Building Action.

- 7. Contents of Dangerous Building Complaints. The complaint issued by the Building Official must be in writing and shall be posted on the property and sent by first-class mail and by certified mail, return receipt requested, to all persons having any interest in and to the property, as shown by the records of the Pierce County Auditor, of any building or structure found by the Building Official to be a Dangerous Building within the definition set forth in Section 2.01.050, and Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures; provided, that if the whereabouts of any of such persons is unknown and the same cannot be ascertained by the Building Official in the exercise of reasonable diligence, and the Building Official makes an affidavit to that effect, the serving of such complaint upon such persons may be made by sending a copy of the notice by first-class mail and by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each such-person at the address of the taxpayer of the property as shown on the last equalized tax assessment roll of Pierce County. If the address of the building involved in the proceeding is different from the address of the taxpayer listed on the tax assessment roll, and the whereabouts of any person in interest is unknown, then a copy of the complaint shall also be mailed by first-class mail and certified mail, return receipt requested, to such person or persons. The complaint shall contain, among other things, the following information:
- a. Name of the owner or and other interested persons, as provided herein above.
- b. Street address and legal description of the property on which said building is located.
- c. General description of type of building, wall, or structure deemed unsafe or substandard dangerous.
- d. A complete itemized statement or list of particulars which caused the building, wall, or structure to be a Dangerous Building, as defined in Section 2.01.050, and Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures.
- e. Whether or not That said building should be vacated by its occupants, and the date of such vacation.
- f. Whether or not the statement or list of particulars, as provided for in Subsection 7.d above, can be removed or repaired.
- g. Whether or not the building constitutes a fire menacehazard.
- h. Whether it is reasonable to repair the building or whether the building should be demolished.
- i. If the building is a <u>City landmark or is within a Historic Special Review or Conservation</u> on the <u>Historic Landmark Registry or is in a Historic</u> District, the complaint shall provide the procedural requirements of the Landmark Preservation Commission for repair or demolition.
- j. A notice that a hearing shall be held before the Hearing Officer in the City Council Chambers in the Tacoma Municipal Building, not less than 10 days nor more than 30 days after the servingmailing of such complaint on all interested parties, as recorded by the Pierce County Auditor, and posting, and that all parties in interest shall be given the right to file an answer to the complaint, to appear in person or otherwise, and to give testimony at the time of the hearing.
- k. That a copy of such complaint shall also be filed with the Pierce County Auditor, which filing shall have the same force and effect as other lis pendens notices provided by law. The filing of a complaint is the same as filing a Certificate of Complaint.
- 8. Hearing Procedures.
- a. The Hearing Officer shall convene the hearing at the time specified in the Dangerous Building complaint or soon thereafter. The City shall present its case through the City Attorney, or his or her assistant, who shall be authorized to call witnesses and conduct cross-examinations. The building or property owner, or his or her legal representative, shallmay present his or her case and is authorized to present witnesses and conduct cross-examinations. The agenda for the hearing shall essentially be according to the following:
- 1. Hearing Officer calls the hearing to order.
- 2. Introductions of the Hearing Officer, plaintiffs, defendants, and other parties of interest.

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- 3. City Attorney presents the City's case.
- 4. Defendant presents his or her case.
- 5. City provides rebuttal.
- 6. Defendant provides rebuttal.
- 7. Hearing Officer presents final comments and adjourns hearing.
- b. The Hearing Officer shall issue a Findings of Fact and Order. The Findings of Fact and Order shall contain the following:
- 1. Name of owner or other interested parties, as listed by the Pierce County Auditor.
- 2. Street address and legal description of the property on which the building is located.
- 3. General description of type of building, wall, or structure deemed dangerous or substandard.
- 4. A complete itemized statement or list of particulars which caused the building, wall, or structure to be a Dangerous Building, as defined in Section 2.01.050 and Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures.
- 5. Whether or not the building is vacant, and the date of such vacation, if known.
- 65. Whether or not the statement or list of particulars, as provided for in paragraph 4.d above, can be removed or repaired.
- 76. Whether or not the building constitutes a fire menacehazard.
- 8. Whether it is reasonable to repair the building or structure or whether the building or structure should be demolished.
- 7. A statement that the City of Tacoma has incurred costs in processing the Dangerous Building Abatement action and that, pursuant to RCW 35.80.030(1)(h), all costs incurred by the City for this purpose, including demolition, if necessary, shall be assessed against the property and shall be collected thereafter by the County Treasurer as a part of the general taxes.
- 98. Whether the building is a City landmark or is within a Historic Special Review or Conservation District on the Historic Register or within a Historically Designated Area, and the procedures required by the Historic Landmarks Preservation Commission.
- The Order shall provide specific instructions on whether the building or structure is to be demolished or repaired, and a time frame for doing so. In the event the building is a City landmark or is within a Historic Special Review or Conservation Districton the Historic Register or is within a Historically Designated Area, the time schedule shall include as much as possible take into account Landmark Preservation Commission procedures defined in Chapter 13.05.045 of the Tacoma Municipal Code, unless an emergency condition has been declared by the Building Official. In the event the building is to be repaired, specific direction shall be provided as to the extent of repairs necessary to remove the violations listed against the building or structure. In addition, a building, structure, or property that is declared dangerous shallmay be required to comply with the requirements set forth in Subsection 132, Buildings Declared Dangerous. There may be reason to negotiate repairs due to the historic significance of the property.

#### **EXCEPTION:**

- If a building is a City landmark or located within a Historic Special Review or Conservation District, or is determined to be a historic resource by the Landmarks Preservation Commission or Historic Preservation Office, the repair requirements may be waived by the Building Official.
- 9. A requirement that the property shall be nuisance free at all times.
- 10. Appeals to the Board of Building Appeals. The Findings of Fact and Order shall also state that appeal of the Findings of Fact and Order issued by the Hearing Officer shall be made to the Board of Building Appeals, as established and governed by Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. Appeals shall be filed within 30 calendar days of receipt of the Findings of Fact and Order.



The Findings of Fact and Order shall be sent to all interested parties, as listed by the Pierce County Auditor as having interest in the property, by both first class mail, and by certified mail, return receipt requested.

In the event that an appeal is filed to the Board of Building Appeals, a hearing shall be scheduled and all interested parties shall be notified by first class mail and by certified mail, return receipt requested. The Board of Building Appeals shall hold the hearing no sooner than 10 calendar days from the date of the filing of the appeal in accordance with the rules established by Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code, and shall follow the same agenda used for the hearing held by the Hearing Officer.

The Board of Building Appeals shall make a recommendation based on the hearing within 50 calendar days of the filing of the appeal to the Hearing Officer, who shall issue a new Findings of Fact and Order based on the Board of Building Appeals recommendation, and shall so notify the appellant using the same procedure for notification as used for the original Findings of Fact and Order, within 60 calendar days of the filing of the appeal.

- 11. Appeals of Findings of Fact and Order Based on Recommendation of Board of Building Appeals. The new Findings of Fact and Order shall state that an appeal of the Findings of Fact and Order issued by the Hearings Officer, based on the recommendation of the Board of Building Appeals, shall be made directly to Pierce County Superior Court within 30 calendar days of the date of the Findings of Fact and Order. Such appeal shall be de novo.
- 102. Buildings Declared Dangerous Whether the building should be repaired or demolished. When it is determined in a hearing, convened in accordance with the provisions of Subsection 8 above, Hearing Procedures, that a building or structure, or any aspect of a building or structure, is dangerous by the definition set forth in Section 2.01.050 and Table E, Dangerous Buildings or Structures, of this chapter, such building or structure shall be:
- a. Demolished, or
- b. Those aspects which were declared dangerous in the hearing shall be repaired to the minimum building requirements set forth in Section 2.01.070 of this chapter, as directed by the Hearing Officer, and the following items shall be complied with whether or not they are addressed in the Dangerous Building Complaint:
- 1. Exiting facilities, including doors, corridors, stairs, exit enclosures, and smoke-proof enclosures, shall be brought into full compliance with the Building Code. Stairways with risers not exceeding 7-1/2 inches in height, and treads not less than 10 inches in depth, which are in good condition and otherwise meet the Building Code's requirements, do not have to be rebuilt.
- 2. The fire resistance of all building elements, in regard to the required type of construction, shall be brought into full compliance with the Building Code; provided that, in buildings which have full sprinkler systems, the outside fire-resistive membrane on exterior walls may not be required.
- 3. If required by the Building Code, automatic fire sprinkler systems shall be installed.
- 4. If required by the Building Code or by the Fire Code, as adopted and amended by the City of Tacoma, fire alarm systems shall be installed and shall meet all requirements of the Building Code and the Fire Code, as adopted by the City of Tacoma.
- 5. The building shall be brought into structural compliance with the Building Code, except that the building shall be considered as complying with the seismic structural requirements if it can withstand the forces specified by the <u>Uniform Code for Building Conservation IEBC</u>, as adopted and amended in the Building Code in Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.
- 6. The building shall be brought into compliance with provisions of the <u>building code related to accessibility</u> Washington State Barrier Free Code for new construction.
- 7. The building shall be brought into compliance with the Washington State Energy Code.
- EXCEPTION: Exterior stud frame walls need only be provided with insulation which can be accommodated by the stud depth of the wall.



11. If the Hearing Officer declares a building dangerous, he/she shall make a recommendation on whether the building should be demolished or repaired. The recommendation to repair or demolish shall be based on the estimated costs of repair in relation to the existing value of the building, as determined by the Pierce County Assessor. The Pierce County Assessor shall be requested to make an assessment of the value of the building specifically for the dangerous building action. If the cost of repairs exceeds 50 percent of the assessed value of the building, the Hearing Officer shallmay recommend that the building be demolished.

12. Appeals to the Board of Building Appeals. The Findings of Fact and Order shall also state that appeal of the Findings of Fact and Order issued by the Hearing Officer shall be made to the Board of Building Appeals, as established and governed by Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. Appeals shall be filed within

the Findings of Fact and Order issued by the Hearing Officer shall be made to the Board of Building Appeals, as established and governed by Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. Appeals shall be filed within 30 calendar days from the date of the Findings of Fact and Order. Any appeal of the Findings and Order shall be governed by Chapter 2.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

13. The Findings of Fact and Order shall be sent to all interested parties, as listed by the Pierce County Auditor as having interest in the property, by both first-class mail, and by certified mail, return receipt requested.

H. Recovery of Costs and Expenses. The costs incurred by the City, relating to the enforcement of Sections 2.01.060.E and G, may be recovered against the owner of the property as authorized in RCW 35.80.030(1)(h) and shall become due no later than 30 calendar days from the date of the invoice. "Costs" include, but are not limited to, personnel costs, both direct and indirect, including attorney's fees; costs to secure the building; costs incurred in documenting the violations; hauling, storage and disposal expenses; filing fees and actual expenses in costs of the City in preparing notices, specifications, and contracts in accomplishing and/or contracting and inspecting the work; the costs of any required printing or mailing; and any and all costs of collection.

HI. Posting of Buildings.

If a building is determined to be in violation of this chapter to an extent that it fails to provide the amenities which are essential to decent living or the building is unsafe, unsanitary, or structurally unsound, the building shall be posted for non-occupancy.

The notice posted on the building shall identify the location of the building by street address, the date on which the building was posted, the signatures of the Building Official and the inspector who posted the notice onto the building, and a telephone number and street address where the inspector can be contacted. The notice shall also state the violation and penalties for removal of the notice from the building.

The notice posted on the building shall state that the building "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED" and shall be affixed to all doors, if accessible, or a minimum of being posted on the main door facing the address street or any other accessible doors, if needed. The "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED" portion of the notice shall be of letters of sufficient size to be read from the public way.

**I**J. Utility Restraints.

When a building is determined as being in violation of this chapter and is unfit for human occupancy, a utility restraint may be placed against the property by the Building Official, restraining the utility providers from providing utilities to the building. Dangerous buildings or structures and derelict buildings or structures, which are not occupiable and are posted "MUST NOT BE OCCUPIED," \*\*shall-may\*\* have utility restraints placed on them. The utility restraint shall be recorded with the Tacoma Public Utilities Department or other utility providers. The utility restraint shall not be released until the building is repaired or demolished. Once the building has been repaired or demolished, the Building Official shall record with the Tacoma Public Utilities Department, or other utility providers, a written release granting utility service to the building or property. The utility restraint shall not interfere with any Code enforcement action taken by the Tacoma Public Utilities Department or other utility providers.

EXCEPTION: Limited utilities may be permitted to be supplied to the property for facilitating the repairs, at the discretion of the Building Official.



JK. Emergency Cases.

Where, in the opinion of the Building Official, it appears there is an imminent danger to the life or safety of any person occupying or being admitted to a building or structure, the Building Official shall cause the immediate vacation of the building, in whole or in part, as is necessary, to mitigate the danger to life. The Building Official shall also order the barricading of public sidewalks, streets, or alleysrights-of-way as necessary to protect the public, and shall secure the building from unauthorized entry, and cause the immediate bracing or repair of the building as necessary to protect the public, or, if that is not possible, to have the building or structure demolished. For buildings that are City landmarks, located within a Historic Special Review or Conservation District, or are identified as "historic resources," the Historic Preservation Officer, at the direction of the Building Official, shall actively pursue feasible intermediate alternatives to total demolition within the timeframe determined by the Building Official that will remediate emergency condition and/or retain the building or its historic features. If an alternative to demolition is identified, then it may be pursued as the preferred action. The costs of such emergency vacation, bracing, repair, or demolition of such building or structure shall be assessed to the owner in accordance with the provisions of RCW-35.80.030(h)(1).

**KL**. Permits.

No person, firm, or corporation shall erect, construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, improve, remove, convert, or demolish any building or structure, or cause or permit the same to be done, without first obtaining all permits required by the Tacoma Municipal Code and the laws of the State of Washington. The owner or their agent is required to obtain all permits, as required by the codes, prior to the work being performed. The time frame of the permits may be conditioned in accordance with the time frames agreed upon in the negotiated repair schedule.

L. Duties of the City Attorney.

The City Attorney, or his or her assistant, shall:

- 1. Prosecute all persons failing to comply with the terms of the notices provided for and/or the order provided for in Section 2.01.060.
- 2. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before the Hearing Examiner in regard to appeals filed relative to decisions issued by the Building Official pertaining to Substandard Buildings.
- 3. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before the Hearing Examiner in regard to appeals filed to the Finding of Fact and Order issued by the Building Official pertaining to Derelict Buildings.
- 4. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before the Board of Building Appeals in regard to appeals filed to the Finding of Fact and Order issued by the Building Official pertaining to Dangerous Buildings.
- 5. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before superior court in regard to appeals filed to the Finding of Fact and Order issued by the Hearing Examiner pertaining to Substandard Buildings.
- 6. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before superior court in regard to appeals filed to the Finding of Fact and Order issued by the Hearing Examiner pertaining to Dereliet Buildings.
- 7. Represent the City of Tacoma at hearings before superior court in regard to appeals filed to the Finding of Fact and Order issued by the Building Official, based on the recommendation of the Board of Building Appeals pertaining to Dangerous Buildings.
- 8. Bring suit to collect costs incurred by the City of Tacoma in repairing or causing to be vacated or demolished the Dangerous Buildings.

M. Severability.

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this chapter is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a distinct and independent provision, and such holdings shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof.

N. Repeat Offenders. A repeat offender is defined as a property owner who has a confirmed non-compliance history, including any identical or similar violations of this chapter at the same site or on a different tax parcel

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under the same ownership, two (2) times within a twelve (12) month period. If an owner is found to be a repeat offender, he or she may be subject to an inspection fee equivalent to a reinspection fee as defined in Chapter 2.09 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. Owners may appeal a reinspection fee pursuant to Section 2.01.060.F.5 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

TABLES:

	TABLE A POINT LIMITS
Number of Points	Abatement Category/Process
24 or Less	Standard Property
25 to 49	Non-standard property warning
50 or More	Substandard Property

	TABLE B SUBSTANDARD PROPERTY									
Item No	EXTERIOR PROPERTY VIOLATIONS  Violation	Maximum Points								
1	Unsightly or Overgrown Ground Cover, Trees, or Shrubbery	5								
2	Garbage/Junk/Debris in Yard	15								
3	Abandoned or Inoperable Vehicles in Yard	15								
4	Graffiti on Buildings, Fences, or Other Structures	25								
5	Missing or Unreadable Address Numbers or Apartment Numbers	10								
6	Exterior Stairways (In Yards) Need Repair or Replacement	15								
7	Exterior Stairways (In Yards) Need Handrails/Guardrails	10								
8	Exterior Sidewalks, or other paved areas, broken, buckled, or deteriorated	15								
9	Retaining Wall Needs Repairing or Replacing	10								
10	Broken or Plugged Sewer	25								

EXTERIOR BUILDING VIOLATIONS								
Item No	Violation	Maximum Points						
11	Accessory Structure Needs to be Repaired or Demolished	25						
12	Accessory Structures Need Painting	5						
13	Chimney(s) Needs to be Repaired or Removed	15						
14	Roofing Needs Repair	10						
15	Roofing Needs Replacing	15						
16	Gutters Need to be Repaired or Replaced	5						
17	Exterior Walls Need to be Repaired	15						
18	Exterior Walls Need Siding Repaired	10						
19	Foundations Need Repair	10						
20	Foundations Need Replacing	15						
21	Porch, Deck, or Balcony Needs to be Repaired, Replaced or Removed	15						
22	Porch, Deck, or Balcony Needs Guardrail	15						
23	Porch, Deck, or Balcony Needs Guardrail Repaired/Replaced	10						
24	Overhangs or Cornices Need Repairing or Replacing	15						
25	Window Glass Needs Replacement	10						
26	Window Frames Need Repair or Replacement	15						
27	Exterior Doors and/or Door Framework Needs to be Repaired or Replaced	10						
28	Peeling or absence of paint or weather protection on exterior walls, decks, stairs, porches, and other exterior surfaces	5						

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29 Improper Use of Recreational Vehicles 50 30 Improper placement or use of cargo containers 50 31 Use of Semi-Trailers for storage 50 1 32 Exterior unpermitted or non-compliant work 50 2 INTERIOR VIOLATIONS Maximum Violation Item No. 3 **Points** 3<del>32</del> Inadequate Number of Electrical Convenience Outlets 10 4 3<del>43</del> Electrical Convenience Outlets or Switches do not have Device Plates 5 15 354 Improper water closets, lavatories, bathtubs, showers, or other plumbing 5 fixtures 3<del>65</del> Insufficient number of water closets, lavatories, bathtubs, showers or other 10 6 plumbing fixtures as required by the size or occupant load of the occupancy 7 25 376 All lavatories, sinks, bathtubs or similar fixtures where the spigot outlet is below the level of the basin rim, and any other fixtures where cross-8 connection or back-siphonage is possible 3<mark>87</mark> Substandard Kitchen 15 9 3<mark>98</mark> Substandard Laundry 15 Plumbing piping or fixtures of non-approved materials 3940 10 10 410 Leaking Plumbing Piping (Supply and/or Waste) 15 421 Sagging or Improperly Supported Piping 5 11 4<del>32</del> Clogged or Inoperative Plumbing Piping 15 4<del>43</del> Appliances, including solid-fuel-burning appliances, which have been 25 12 installed without proper clearances to combustible materials 454 Unlisted appliances which have been illegally installed 13 4<del>65</del> Improper Gas Piping 15 476 Missing Temperature/Pressure Relief Valve on Water Heater 25 14 4<mark>87</mark> Inadequate, inoperable, or deteriorated heating, or-mechanical, or elevator <del>25</del>50 15 equipment 4<del>98</del> Inadequate Supply of Combustion Air for Fuel Fired Equipment 15 <del>49</del>50 Window Locks Missing or Inoperative 16 15 5<del>10</del> Door Locks Missing, Inoperative, or Illegal 15 17 5<del>21</del> Interior Doors Need Repair 5 Weather Stripping of Doors and/or Windows Missing or Needs Repair 5<del>32</del> 5 18 5<u>4</u>3 Deteriorated brick, concrete, or stone masonry, or detached veneer 15 5<mark>5</mark>4 Deteriorated wood building materials due to inadequate wood to earth 10 19 clearance 5<del>65</del> Deteriorated or crumbling plaster or gypsum board 10 20 5<del>76</del> Flaking, scaling, or peeling of wallpaper, paint, or other interior wall 10 coverings 21 5<mark>87</mark> Infestations of Vermin (See Definitions) 25 5<mark>98</mark> No Windows or Inadequate Window Area to Provide Natural Light 15 22 Inadequate or no ventilation (either natural or mechanical ventilation) <del>5960</del> 15 610 Room and space dimensions less than required by this chapter 15 23 Dampness, mold and/or mildew within the building 10 6<del>21</del> 10 632 Lack of or inadequate garbage and rubbish storage and disposal 24 643 Exit Signs are not Provided With Two Sources of Power 25 25 6<u>5</u>4 Exit Path Lighting is not Provided With Two Sources of Power 25 Exit Stairs have Incorrect Rise and Run 25 6<del>65</del> Access to Electrical Panels is Inadequate 15 676 26 Floor Surfacing Needs Repair 25



6<mark>98</mark> Floor Framing Needs Repair <del>69</del>70 Wall Surfacing Needs Repair Wall Framing Needs Repair 7<del>21</del> Ceiling Surfacing Needs Repair Ceiling and/or Roof Framing Needs Repair Overcrowding: Any building or portion thereof, where the exiting is 7<u>4</u>3 insufficient in number, width, or access for the occupant load served, or where the number of occupants in sleeping rooms exceeds the number permitted by the area of the sleeping room Interior unpermitted or non-compliant work

	UNOCCUPIED OR VACANT BUILDING STANDARDS VIOLATIO	NS
Item No.	Violation	Maximum Points
7 <u>6</u> 4	Exterior Openings are not properly secured in accordance with Section 2.01.090	50
7 <u>7</u> 5	Weather protection is not adequate to prevent deterioration of the building	50
7 <u>8</u> 6	There is debris within the building or on the premises, which creates a fire-hazard or a nuisance	50
7 <u>9</u> 7	Fire alarms or Fire Sprinkler Systems are inoperable	50
<del>78</del> 80	Adequate heat is not provided to protect the sprinkler system from freezing	50
<del>79</del> 81	Sewer lines are not capped	50
8 <u>2</u> 0	The owner does not inspect the property and keep the property from looking uncared for	50
<u>83</u>	The owner does not repair door(s), window(s), exterior wall(s), or other areas of the building which have been damaged, thereby exposing the building to unauthorized third-party entry or inclement weather	<u>50</u>

	TABLE C FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY HAZARDS							
Item No.	Violation	Maximum Points						
1	Exit Doors Have Improper Hardware	15						
2	Required Corridors Are Not of One-Hour Construction	50						
3	Corridor Doors Are Not Properly Rated (or Equivalent)	50						
4	Corridor Doors Don't Have Closers	50						
5	Corridor Doors Have Improper Hold Open Devices	25						
6	Corridor Doors Don't Have Gasketting	25						
7	Corridor Door Frames Need to be Repaired or Replaced	50						
8	Transoms Above Corridor Doors are not Sealed or Fire-Rated	50						
9	Exit Paths Are Not Properly Illuminated	50						
10	Required Exit Signs are Missing	50						
11	Required Exit Signs are not Illuminated	50						
12	Exit Stairs Need to be Repaired or Replaced	50						
13	Exit Stairs Need to be Provided With Handrails/Guardrails, or Handrails/Guardrails Need Repair or Replacement	50						
14	Exit Stairs Are Missing or Have Improper Landings	50						
15	Stair Width is Too Narrow	25						
16	Stairs Need to be Enclosed in a Fire Rated Shaft	50						
17	Stair Enclosures are not of the Proper Fire Rating	50						
18	Doors to Stair Enclosure are Missing or are Blocked Open	50						



Doors to Stair Enclosures Do Not Meet Required Fire Assembly Requirements Fire Assembly Needs Replacement or Repair Exit Windows From Sleeping Rooms not Provided Exit Windows From Sleeping Room Too Small in Area or Dimension Exit Windows From Sleeping Room Have Too High a Sill Height Improper or Hazardous Wiring Missing or Inoperative Unit Smoke Detectors or Carbon Monoxide Alarms Missing or Inoperative Fire Extinguishers Improper Storage, Building Clutter, or other Fire Hazards Required Fire Sprinkler System or Fire Alarm System are Inoperative or Missi Fire Resistive Occupancy Separation or Area Separation Walls need to be repaired or replaced Fire resistive construction needs repair or replacement Lack of, inoperable, or inadequate fire alarm system 

TABLE D  DERELICT BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES				
Item No. Violation				
1	Interior Environment Violations, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following, if required specifically by the occupancy classification for the use of the building:  a. Lack of, or inadequate ventilation.  b. Infestation by insects, vermin, or rodents.			
2	<ul> <li>Structural Hazards, Structural hazards which constitute a danger to life and limb, but are of limited extent, and are repairable. These shall include, but not be limited to, the following:</li> <li>a. Cracked or crumbling concrete or masonry foundation walls, footings, or posts, or deteriorated or rotting wood foundations or wood posts.</li> <li>b. Flooring or floor supports which are defective, deteriorated, or of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety.</li> <li>c. Members of walls, partitions, or other vertical supports that split, lean, list, or buckle due to defective materials or deterioration, or are of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety.</li> <li>d. Members or supports of ceilings and roofs, or other horizontal members which sag, split, or buckle due to defective material or deterioration, or are of insufficient size to carry imposed loads with safety.</li> <li>e. Fireplaces or chimneys which list, bulge, or settle due to defective materials or deterioration, or are of insufficient size or strength to carry imposed loads with safety.</li> <li>f. Exterior cantilever walls or parapets, appendages attached to or supported on the exterior of a building located adjacent to a public way or other space used by pedestrians which are not constructed, anchored, and braced to be able to withstand earthquake forces.</li> <li>g. Exterior walls located adjacent to a public way or other space used by pedestrians, which are not constructed, anchored, and braced to be able to withstand earthquake</li> </ul>			
3	forces.  Hazardous or inadequate wiring which presents an immediate danger to life or limb:  a. Wiring which is inadequately sized for the presently imposed electrical loads.  b. Wiring where, due to improper ground, lack of insulation, or other conditions, short circuits can occur.  c. Damaged, missing, or insufficient electrical convenience outlets, electrical components, or equipment.			



		4	Hazardous or inadequate plumbing which present a hazard to health, or do not provide
			minimum acceptable amenities for occupancy:
1			a. Lack of, or inoperable water closets, lavatories, bathtubs, showers, or other plumbing
			fixtures as required for the occupancy.
2			b. Lack of hot and/or cold running water to plumbing fixtures.
			c. Lack of, or inadequate water heating facilities.
3			d. Plumbing piping and fixtures improperly installed.
			e. Plumbing piping and connections which leak, are plugged, or otherwise are
4			inoperative.
			f. Plumbing fixtures which are not properly connected to the waste and vent system, or
5			which are cracked, inoperative, or leak.
			g. Lack of or inadequate sewage disposal/or connection of plumbing fixtures thereto.
6		5	<b>Hazardous mechanical equipment</b> which present a hazard to health, life, or limb, or do
			not provide minimum acceptable amenities for occupancy:
7			a. Lack of or inadequate heating facilities.
-			b. Mechanical equipment with undersized vents or chimneys.
8			c. Fuel-fired equipment with insufficient combustion air.
			d. Mechanical equipment which, because of lack of maintenance or improper
9			installation, constitutes a fire hazard.
Ŭ		6	Faulty Weather Protection: Indications of which shall include, but not be limited to, the
10		O	following:
'			a. Holes, including broken windows or doors; breaks; cracked, loose, or rotted boards
11			or timbers; and any other conditions in exterior walls and weather-exposed exterior
''			surfaces or attachments which might admit rain or dampness to the interior portions
12			of the walls or occupied spaces of the building.
'-			
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13			c. Standing water in crawl spaces or basements.
14		7	d. Deteriorated or rotted stairs, porches, balconies, or decks.
14		7	<b>Fire Hazard:</b> Any conditions which, in the opinion of the Fire Chief, constitute a distinct
15		0	hazard to life or property.
15		8	Faulty Materials or Construction: Faulty materials are defined as all materials not
40			specifically allowed or approved by the Building Code in effect at the time of
16			construction, or this chapter. Faulty materials also include approved materials which are
4-			used improperly. Faulty Construction is defined as materials assembled using improper
17			or substandard workmanship.
40		9	Hazardous or Unsanitary Premises: Those premises on which an accumulation of
18			weeds, vegetation, junk, dead organic matter, debris, garbage, offal, rat harborages,
			stagnant water, combustible materials, and similar materials or condition which
19			constitute fire, health, or safety hazards.
		10	<b>Inadequate Exits:</b> All buildings or portions thereof not provided with exit facilities as
20			required by the Building Code, except those buildings or portions thereof whose exit
_			facilities are safe and conformed with all applicable laws at the time of their construction.
21		11	Inadequate Fire-Protection or Fire-Fighting Equipment: All buildings or portions
			thereof which are not provided with fire-resistive construction, fire extinguishing
22			systems, or smoke detection equipment as required by the Tacoma Municipal Code.
		12	Improper Occupancy: Buildings or portions thereof, where the use or character of its
23			occupancy has changed from the original approved design or intended use, without a
			recorded action reviewed by the Building Official.
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TABLE E DANGEROUS BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES Item No. Violation 1 Whenever any door, aisle, passageway, stairway, or other means of exit is not of 2 sufficient width or size, or is not arranged as to provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic. Whenever the walking surface of any aisle, passageway, stairway, or other means of exit 3 2 is racked, warped, buckled, settled, worn, loose, torn, or otherwise is in such condition as 4 to not provide safe and adequate means of exit in case of fire or panic. 3 Whenever any portion thereof has been damaged by fire, earthquake, wind, flood, or by 5 any other cause to such an extent that the structural strength or stability thereof is materially less than it was before such catastrophe and is less than the minimum 6 requirements of the Building Code in effect at the time the building was constructed. 4 Whenever any portion, member, or appurtenance thereof is likely to fail, become 7 detached, dislodged, or collapse and thereby injure persons or damage property. 5 Whenever any portion of a building, any member, appurtenance, or ornamentation on the 8 exterior thereof has deteriorated, or been damaged so as to be no longer capable of withstanding wind pressures or seismic forces specified in the Building Code in effect at 9 the time the building was constructed. Whenever any portion thereof has wracked, warped, buckled, or settled to such an extent 6 10 that walls or other structural portions have materially less resistance to winds or earthquakes than is required in the case of similar new construction. 11 7 Whenever the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is likely to partially or completely collapse because of: (i) dilapidation, deterioration, or decay; (ii) faulty 12 construction; (iii) removal, movement, or instability of any portion of the ground necessary for the purpose of supporting such building; (iv) deterioration, decay, or 13 inadequacy of its foundation; or (v) any other cause. 8 Whenever, for any reason, the building or structure, or any portion thereof, is unsafe for 14 the purpose for which it is being used. Whenever the exterior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean, or buckle to 9 15 such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity does not fall inside the middle one-third of the base. 16 10 Whenever the building or structure, exclusive of the foundation, shows 33 percent or more damage or deterioration of a supporting member or members, or 50 percent damage 17 or deterioration of non-supporting members, including wall coverings. Whenever the building or structure has been so damaged by fire, wind, earthquake, flood, 11 18 or other causes, or has become so dilapidated or deteriorated as to become (i) an attractive nuisance to children; (ii) a harbor for transients or vandals; or (iii) a place for 19 performing criminal or unlawful activities. 12 Whenever any building or structure has been constructed, exists, or is maintained in 20 violation of any specific requirement or prohibition applicable to such building or structure provided by the building regulations of this jurisdiction, as specified in the 21 Building Code or this chapter, or of any law or ordinance of this state or jurisdiction relating to the condition, location, or structure of buildings. 22 13 Whenever any building or structure which, whether or not erected in accordance with all applicable laws and ordinances, has in any non-supporting part, member, or portion less 23 than 50 percent [or in any supporting part, member, or portion less than 66 percent] of the (i) strength; (ii) fire-resisting qualities or characteristics; or (iii) weather-resisting 24 qualities or characteristics required by law in the case of a newly constructed building of like area, height, and occupancy in the same location. 25



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14 Whenever a building or structure, used or intended to be used for dwelling purposes, because of inadequate maintenance, dilapidation, decay, damage, faulty construction, or arrangement, inadequate light, air, or sanitation facilities, or otherwise, is determined to be unsanitary, unfit for human habitation, or in such a condition that is likely to cause sickness or disease. 15 Whenever any building or structure, because of dilapidated condition, deterioration, damage, inadequate exits, lack of sufficient fire-resistive construction, faulty electric wiring, gas connections or heating apparatus, or other cause, is determined to be a fire hazard. Whenever any building or structure is in such a condition as to constitute a public 16 nuisance known to the common law or in equity jurisprudence. 17 Derelict Buildings where Alternate Procedures have been undertaken pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.01.060.D.8.b.

## 2.01.070 Minimum building requirements.

No owner shall maintain, or permit to be maintained, any property which does not comply with the requirements of this chapter. All property shall be maintained to the Building Code requirements in effect at the time of construction. Alterations or repairs shall meet the minimum standards in this section and the repair standards set forth in Section 2.01.080, Repair Standards.

#### A. Display of Address Number.

Address numbers posted shall be the same as the number assigned by the City of Tacoma Building and Land Use Services Division. All buildings shall have address numbers posted in a conspicuous place on contrasting background so they may be read from the street or public way. Tenant spaces in buildings shall be clearly numbered or lettered, in a logical and consistent manner.

#### B. Foundations.

Building foundation systems shall adequately support the building. Those parts of the system constructed of wood shall be free from deterioration or dry rot. Concrete and masonry elements shall be integral without substantial fracturing or cracks.

Exterior walls shall be supported on a continuous concrete or masonry foundation, or an engineer-designed foundation system, which accounts for both vertical and lateral (earthquake and wind) loads, shall be provided. In absence of a continuous masonry or concrete foundation, an approved skirting system shall be provided to prevent the entrance of rodents and other animals to the crawl space or under-floor area of the building.

The building shall be anchored to the foundation system in an approved manner.

Under-floor areas shall be ventilated by an approved mechanical means or by openings in the exterior foundation walls to provide natural ventilation.

#### C. Floors.

Floors shall be even, without breaks or holes, and constructed of materials of adequate strength to support the dead loads of the floor materials and the live loads required by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built. Floors shall be reasonably level and free from deterioration and dry rot.

#### D. Exterior Walls.

Exterior walls and exposed exterior surfaces shall be structurally sound, and shall form a weather-tight barrier to the outside elements. Exterior walls shall be free from deterioration and dry rot.

Exterior walls shall comply with the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built for fire resistance, parapets, and opening protection.



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25 26 E. Windows and Glazing.

Windows and glazing shall be in good condition and maintain a weather barrier against the elements. All glazing shall be uncracked and unbroken. Operable windows shall be able to operate in the manner in which they were designed, and shall not be painted closed or otherwise bind in a manner rendering them inoperable. Sash weights and cords shall be intact and in good condition if needed for the operation of the windows. Frames and sashes shall be free of deteriorated or rotted materials.

F. Roofs.

Roof structures shall be structurally sound and free of deteriorated or rotted materials. Roofing shall be weather tight and provide protection to the interior of the building from outside elements. Roof drainage shall be directed to approved locations. Roofs shall be maintained in good repair.

Roof systems shall be provided with adequate ventilation to prevent deterioration.

An attic where the ceiling or roof is constructed of combustible materials and which has a vertical height of 30 inches or more shall be provided with an access opening as required by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built. If one does not exist, then provide an attic access opening to current code.

G. Exterior Stairs, Ramps, Porches, and Decks.

Every exterior stair, ramp, porch, deck, or other exterior appurtenances, including guardrails and handrails, shall be constructed of materials of sufficient strength to perform the function for which it is designed and to carry the live and dead loads prescribed by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built. All material shall be kept in sound condition and good repair. Replacement of materials shall be made as necessary of flooring treads, risers, stringers, decking, and other materials that show excessive wear <a href="mailto:and/or are broken">and/or</a> are broken, warped, loose, or deteriorated. Weather-exposed surfaces shall be protected in an approved manner.

H. Exits.

All buildings shall be provided with exits in accordance with the Building Code.

Exception: Exiting systems which met the Building Code at the time that the building or structure was constructed, which have been maintained in good condition and do not pose a danger to life, in the opinion of the Building Official, may be accepted as an alternative to the Building Code.

Exits shall terminate at a public street or shall terminate to a place of refuge which is sufficiently large enough to receive all the occupants in the structure, and which is no less than 60 feet from the building or structure.

I. Doors, Latches, and Locks.

All exit doors shall comply with the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built for width and height for all exit doors shall comply with the Building Code in effect at the time the building was originally constructed, and shall be openable from the inside interior without a key or special knowledge. All doors serving an occupant load of 50 or more shall swing in the direction of egress.

Doors serving an occupant load of less than ten, as calculated by the Building Code, may have dead bolts, provided they are provided with a thumb operator, knob, or equivalent is installed on the insideinterior side of the door. Dead bolts which require keys to be operated from the insideinterior are not permitted.

Doors serving occupancies classified as Group A (Assembly), Group E (Educational or Day Care), Group H (Hazardous), and Group I (Institutional) shall be provided with panic hardware when serving occupant loads of 50 or more as calculated by the Building Code, or when otherwise required by the Building Code.

J. Corridors.

Corridors shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code in effect at the time the building was builtconstructed. Corridors shall terminate at doors to the exterior of the building or to doors leading to stair enclosures or to doors passing through horizontal exits, as defined by the Building Code. Exits from corridors shall not pass through intervening rooms except for lobbies and waiting areas constructed to corridor standards as defined by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was builtconstructed.



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K. Stairways and Stair Enclosures.

Stairs shall be constructed as required by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was constructed. Stairs shall be enclosed when required by the Building Code in effect at the time the stair enclosure was builtconstructed.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Stairways constructed prior to July 1, 1988, which serve occupant loads of ten or more, but which have risers in excess of 7 inches but not exceeding 7.5 inches, and/or have treads with a depth less than 11 inches but not less than 10 inches measured from tread nose to tread nose.
- 2. Buildings and structures which have fire escapes which have been maintained and tested in accordance with the Building Code and the Fire Code. See Subsection O. Fire Escapes, of this chapter.
- L. Ramps.
- Ramps shall be constructed as required by the Building Code.
- Exception: Existing ramps which do not exceed a slope of one vertical to eight horizontal (12.5 percent) and which conformed to the Building Code in effect at the time the building or structure was constructed may be used for exiting purposes, provided there are landings at the top and the bottom of the ramp which have lengths equal to the width of the ramp, or 36 inches, whichever is greater. The length of such landings do not need to exceed 44 inches.
- M. Guardrails.
- Unenclosed floor and roof openings, open and glazed sides of stairways, landings and ramps, balconies or porches, which are more than 30 inches above grade or floor below, and roofs used for other than service of the building shall be protected by a guardrail.
- 13 Exception: Guardrails need not be provided at the following locations:
  - 1. On the loading side of loading docks.
  - 2. On the auditorium side of a stage, raised platforms, and other raised floor areas, such as runways, ramps, and side stages used for entertainment or presentation; along the side of an elevated walking surface, when used for the normal functioning of special lighting or for access and use of other special equipment; at vertical openings in the performance area of stages.
  - 3. Along vehicle service pits not accessible to the public.
  - Height. The top of guardrails shall meet the requirements of Building Code in effect at the time the guardrail was built, but need not exceed 42 inches in height.
  - Exceptions:
  - 1. The top of guardrails for Group R, Division 3 and Group U, Division 1 Occupancies, and interior guardrails within individual dwelling units, Group R, Division 3 congregate residences living facilities and guest rooms of Group R, Division I Occupancies, do not need to exceed 36 inches in height.
  - 2. The top of guardrails on a balcony immediately in front of the first row of fixed seats and which are not at the end of an aisle may be 26 inches in height.
  - 3. The top of guardrails for stairways, exclusive of their landings, may have a height as specified in the Stairway Handrails section of this chapter.
  - Openings. Open guardrails shall have intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern such-that complies with the Building Code in effect at the time the guardrail was built. If the guardrail is new or needs to be reconstructed, the intermediate rails or ornamental pattern shall comply with the presently adopted Building Code. If the existing guardrail does not have intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern, intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern shall be provided which complies with the presently adopted Building Code.



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N. Stairway Handrails.

Stairways shall have handrails on each side, and every stairway required to be more than 88 inches in width shall be provided with not less than one intermediate handrail for each 88 inches of required width. Intermediate handrails shall be spaced approximately equally across with the entire width of the stairway.

#### **Exceptions:**

- 1. Stairways less than 44 inches in width or stairways serving one individual dwelling unit in Group R, Division 1 or Division 3 Occupancies, or a Group R, Division 3 congregate residence living facilities, may have one handrail.
- 2. Private stairways 30 inches or less in height may have handrails on one side only.
- 3. Stairways having less than four risers and serving one individual dwelling unit in Group R, Division 1 or Division 3, or a Group R, Division 3 congregate residence living facilities, or serving Group U Occupancies, need not have handrails.

The top of handrails and handrail extensions shall meet the requirements of the Building Code in effect at the time the stairway was built, but in no case shall be less than 30 inches nor more than 38 inches above the nosing of treads and landings. Handrails shall be continuous the full length of the stairs. Handrail ends shall be returned or shall terminate in newel posts or safety terminals.

- The handgrip portion of handrails shall meet the requirements of the Building Code in effect at the time the stairway was built. The handgrip portion of handrails shall have a smooth surface with no sharp corners.
- Handrails projecting from a wall shall have a space of not less than 1-1/2 inches between the wall and the handrail.

Handrails used to protect the open side of stairways or landings shall be provided with intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern, when the drop from the stairs or landing is 30 inches or more to the ground or surface below. The intermediate rails or patterns shall be as required by the Building Code under which it was constructed. If such handrail is new or being replaced, it shall meet the requirements of the presently adopted Building Code. If such handrail is existing, but is not provided with intermediate rails or ornamental pattern, intermediate rails or an ornamental pattern shall be provided to comply with the presently adopted Building Code.

O. Exit Path Lighting.

- General. Except within individual dwelling units, guest rooms, and sleeping rooms, exits shall be illuminated at any time the building is occupied, with light having intensity of not less than 1.0 foot-candle at floor level.
- Exception: In auditoriums, theaters, concert or opera halls, and similar assembly uses, the illumination at floor level may be reduced during performances to not less than 0.2 foot-candle.
  - Sources of Power. The power supply for exit illumination shall normally be provided by the premises' wiring system. Emergency backup power or power on separate circuits shall be in accordance with the Building Code in effect at the time the lighting was installed.
  - P. Exit Signs.
  - Where Required. When two or more exits from a story are required, exit signs shall be installed at stair enclosure doors, horizontal exits, and other required exits from the story. When two or more exits are required from a room or area, exit signs shall be installed at the required exits from the room or area and where otherwise necessary to clearly indicate the direction and path of egress.
  - **Exceptions:**
  - 1. Main exterior exit doors, which obviously and clearly are identifiable as exits, need not be signed when approved by the Building Official.
  - 2. Group R, Division 3, and individual units of Group R, Division 1 Occupancies.



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25 26 3. Exits from rooms or areas with an occupant load of less than 50 when located within a Group I, Division 1.1, 1.2, or 2 Occupancy, or a Group E, Division 3 day-care occupancy.

Graphics. The color and design of lettering, arrows, and other symbols on exit signs shall be in high contrast with their background. Words on the signs shall be in block letters 6 inches in height with a stroke of not less than 3/4 inch, or in accordance with the Building Code in effect at the time the original signs were installed.

Illumination. Signs shall be internally or externally illuminated in accordance with the Building Code in effect at the time the exit signs were installed.

Power Supply. Current supply to one of the lamps for exit signs shall be provided by the premises' wiring system. Power to the other lamp shall be from storage batteries or an on-site generator set, and the system shall be installed in accordance with the Electrical Code or in accordance with the Building Code in effect at the time the exit signs were installed.

Q. Fire Escapes.

New fire escapes shall not be permitted to be installed. Existing fire escapes complying with this section may be accepted by the Building Official as one of the required exits. The fire escape shall not be the primary or the only exit. Fire escapes shall not take the place of stairways required by the codes under which the building was constructed. Fire escapes shall be subject to re-inspection as required by the Building Official. The Building Official shall require documentation to show compliance with the requirements of this section.

Fire escapes shall comply with the following:

1. Access from the corridor shall not be through an intervening room.

Exception: Access through an intervening room may be permitted if the intervening door is not lockable and an exit sign is installed above the door which will direct occupants to the fire escape. Such intervening rooms shall not be storage rooms, mechanical equipment rooms, kitchens, or similar spaces, and shall be common to the building in general and not part of a tenant space.

- 2. All openings in an exterior wall below or within 10 feet, measured horizontally, of an existing fire escape serving a building over two stories in height, shall be protected by a self-closing fire assembly having a three-fourths-hour fire protection rating. When located within a recess or vestibule, adjacent enclosure walls shall be of not less than one-hour fire-resistive construction.
- 3. Egress from the building shall be by an opening having a minimum clear width and height of not less than 29 inches. Such openings shall be openable from the <a href="insideinterior">insideinterior</a> without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort. The sill of an opening giving access to the fire escape shall be not <a href="more than-exceed">more than-exceed</a> 30 inches above the floor of the building or balcony. The top of the frame of the opening giving access to the fire escape shall be <a href="more than-exceed">not less than minimum of 59 inches above the floor.</a>
- 4. Fire escape stairways and their balconies shall support their dead load plus a live load of not less than 100 pounds per square foot or a concentrated load of 300 pounds placed anywhere on the balcony or stairway so as to produce the maximum stress conditions. The stairway shall have a slope not to exceed 60 degrees from the horizontal and shall have a minimum width of 18 inches. The stairway shall be provided with a top and intermediate railing on each side. Treads shall not be less than 4 inches in width, and the rise between treads shall not exceed 10 inches. All stairway and balcony railings shall support a horizontally applied force of not less than 50 pounds per lineal foot of railing or a concentrated load of 200 pounds placed anywhere on the railing so as to produce the maximum stress conditions.
- 5. Fire escape balconies shall not be less than 44 inches in width with no floor openings greater than 5/8 inch in width except the stairway opening. Stairway openings in such balconies shall not be less than 22 inches by 44 inches. The guardrail of each balcony shall not be less than 36 inches high with not more than 9 inches between intermediate rails.
- 6. Fire escapes shall extend to the roof or provide an approved gooseneck ladder between the top floor landing and roof when serving buildings four or more stories in height having roofs with a slope not exceeding 4 in 12. Such ladders shall be designed and connected to the building to withstand a horizontal force of 100 pounds per



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lineal foot; each rung shall support a concentrated load of 500 pounds placed anywhere on the rung so as to produce the maximum stress conditions. All ladders shall be at least 15 inches in clear width, be located within 12 inches of the building, and shall be placed flat wise relative to the face of the building. Ladder rungs shall be 3/4 inch in diameter and shall be located 10 inches to 12 inches on center. Openings for roof access ladders through cornices and similar projections shall have minimum dimensions of 30 inches by 33 inches.

- 7. The lowest balcony shall not be more than 18 feet from the ground. Fire escapes shall extend to the ground or be provided with counter-balanced stairs reaching the ground.
- 8. Fire escapes shall be kept clear and unobstructed at all times and shall be maintained in good working order. Fire escape stairways, balconies, railings, and ladders shall be visually inspected annually and shall be subjected to a stress test every five years in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 3.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. Fire escapes failing the stress test shall be repaired or removed from the building, as directed by the Fire Chief. If the fire escape is removed from the building, it shall be replaced with stairways meeting all requirements for stairways in new construction.
- 9. The fire escape shall have clearance from electrical service conductors as required by the Electrical Code.
- R. Exits for Sleeping Rooms.

All sleeping rooms below the fourth story in buildings shall be provided with two exits. One of the exits may be a window opening onto a public way or into a court or yard which provides access to a public way. Such exit window shall provide a net openable area of 5.7 square feet with a minimum clear width of 20 inches and a minimum clear height of 24 inches, and a maximum sill height of 44 inches measured from the floor of the sleeping room.

# **Exceptions:**

- 1. In buildings constructed prior to May 26, 1981, existing window with a net openable area of 5 square feet, a minimum clear width of 22 inches, a minimum clear height of 22 inches, and a maximum sill height of 48 inches measured from the floor of the sleeping room, shall be deemed to meet the exit window requirement. Where the window frame is to be replaced, this exception shall not apply, except as necessary to fit within the rough framed opening, in which case the opening dimensions shall be maximized. (Note: If a new opening needs to be created or an existing opening needs to be enlarged to provide an exit window from a sleeping room, this exception shall not apply.)
- 2. Where the sill height exceeds the maximum specified, including when Exception 1 applies, a landing with a minimum depth of 24 inches and width equal to the width of the window and frame, but not less than 36 inches, may be provided directly below the exit window within the sleeping room, provided: stairs shall be provided to the landing if its height exceeds 12 inches above the sleeping room floor, and that the landing and stairs do not decrease the minimum required dimensions of the sleeping room below those required by this chapter and the Building Code.
- 3. The size of egress windows below the fourth floor opening onto a court yard may be modified by the Building Official or the Fire Chief.
- Escape and rescue windows with a finished sill height below the adjacent ground elevation shall have a window well. Window wells at escape or rescue windows shall comply with the following:
- 1. The clear horizontal dimensions shall allow the window to be fully opened and provide a minimum accessible net clear opening of 9 square feet, with a minimum dimension of 36 inches.
- 2. Window wells with a vertical depth of more than 44 inches shall be equipped with an approved permanently affixed ladder or stairs that are accessible with the window in the fully open position. The ladder or stairs shall not encroach into the required dimensions of the window well by more than 6 inches.
- Bars, grilles, grates, or similar devices may be installed on emergency escape or rescue windows, doors, or window wells, provided:
- 1. The devices are equipped with approved release mechanisms which are openable from the insideinterior without the use of a key or special knowledge or effort; and



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- 2. The building is equipped with smoke detectors installed in accordance with the Building Code.
- S. Minimum Room Dimensions for Residential Buildings.
- 1. Ceiling heights. Habitable space shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet. 6 inches, except as otherwise permitted in this section. Kitchens, halls, bathrooms, and toilet compartments may have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet measured to the lowest projection from the ceiling. Where exposed beam ceiling members are spaced at less than 48 inches on center, ceiling height shall be measured to the bottom of these members. Where exposed beam ceiling members are spaced at 48 inches or more on center, ceiling height shall be measured to the bottom of the deck supported by these members, provided that the bottoms of the members are not less than 7 feet above the floor.

If any room in a building has a sloping ceiling, the prescribed ceiling height for the room is required in only one-half the area thereof. No portion of the room measuring less than 5 feet from the finished floor to the finished ceiling shall be included in any computation of the minimum area thereof.

If any room has a furred ceiling, the prescribed ceiling height is required in two-thirds the area thereof, but in no case shall the height of the furred ceiling be less than 7 feet.

Exception: The Building Official may permit lower ceiling heights where existing conditions make the strict compliance with this section impractical.

- 2. Floor area. Dwelling units and congregate residences shall have at least one room which shall have not less than 120 square feet of floor area. Other habitable rooms, except kitchens, shall have an area of not less than 70 square feet. Sleeping rooms shall be increased in floor area by a minimum of 50 square-feet for each occupant in excess of two. Efficiency dwelling units shall comply with the requirements of Subsection T.
- 3. Width. Habitable rooms, other than a kitchen, shall not be less than 7 feet in any dimension. 12
  - T. Efficiency Dwelling Units.

An efficiency dwelling unit shall conform to the requirements of the Building Code in effect at the time the building was constructed, except as herein provided:

- 1. The unit shall have a living room of not less than 220 square feet of superficial floor area. An additional 100 square feet of superficial floor area shall be provided for each occupant of such unit in excess of two.
- 2. The unit shall be provided with a separate closet.
- 3. The unit shall be provided with a kitchen sink, cooking appliance, and refrigeration facilities, each having a clear working space of not less than 30 inches in front. Light and ventilation conforming to this chapter shall be provided.
- 4. The unit shall be provided with a separate bathroom containing a water closet, lavatory, and bathtub or shower.
- U. Residential Dwelling or Dwelling Unit Room Arrangement.

Rooms in dwellings and dwelling units containing two or more sleeping rooms shall be arranged in such a manner that bathroom or water closet compartment access is provided without traveling through a sleeping room.

- Exception: Where each bedroom has its own bathroom facilities.
  - Rooms in dwellings or dwelling units shall be so arranged that access to all sleeping rooms can be made directly without traveling through other sleeping rooms, bathrooms, or water closet compartments.
  - Dwellings and dwelling units shall be self-contained, with access to all portions being possible without leaving the dwelling or dwelling unit.
  - V. Overcrowding, Residential Buildings.

For single family dwellings, and duplexes, and multi-family dwellings with three or more units, the maximum number of residents of each dwelling unit shall not exceed the gross area divided by 3200, rounded to the

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nearest whole number. Bedrooms will accommodate two persons with a minimum size of 70 square feet, with no dimension being less than 7 feet. An additional 50 square feet shall be provided for each person in excess of two.

For multiple family dwellings buildings with three or more units, the maximum number of residents of each dwelling unit shall not exceed the gross area divided by 200, rounded to the nearest whole number. Bedrooms will accommodate two persons with a minimum size of 70 square feet, with no dimension being less than 7 feet. An additional 50 square feet shall be provided for each person in excess of two.

Children less than one year of age shall not be considered in applying the above provisions.

- W. Smoke Detectors and Fire Alarm Systems.
- 1. Smoke detectors.
- a. General. Dwelling units, congregate residences, and hotel or lodging house guest rooms that are used for sleeping purposes shall be provided with smoke detectors. Detectors shall be installed in accordance with the approved manufacturer's instructions.
- b. Additions, alterations, or repairs to Group R Occupancies. When the valuation of an addition, alteration, or repair to a Group R Occupancy exceeds \$1,000.00 and a permit is required, or when one or more sleeping rooms are added or created in existing Group R Occupancies, smoke detectors shall be installed in accordance with the <u>current Building Code</u>.

Exception: Repairs to the exterior surfaces of a Group R Occupancy are exempt from the requirements of this section.

- c. Power source. In new construction, required smoke detectors shall receive their primary power from the building wiring when such wiring is served from a commercial source, and shall be equipped with a battery backup. The detector shall emit a signal when the batteries are low. Wiring shall be permanent and without a disconnecting switch other than those required for over-current protection. Smoke detectors may be solely battery operated when installed in existing buildings; or in buildings without commercial power; or in buildings which undergo alterations, repairs or additions regulated by the Building Code.
- d. Location within dwelling units. In dwelling units, a detector shall be installed in each sleeping room and at a point centrally located in the corridor or area giving access to each separate sleeping area. When the dwelling unit has more than one story, and in dwellings with basements, a detector shall be installed on each story and in the basement. In dwelling units where a story or basement is split into two or more levels, the smoke detector shall be installed on the upper level, except that when the lower level contains a sleeping area, a detector shall be installed on each level. When sleeping rooms are on an upper level, the detector shall be placed at the ceiling of the upper level in close proximity to the stairway. In dwelling units where the ceiling height of a room open to the hallway serving the bedrooms exceeds that of the hallway by 24 inches or more, smoke detectors shall be installed in the hallway and in the adjacent room. Detectors shall sound an alarm audible in all sleeping areas of the dwelling unit in which they are located.
- e. Location in efficiency dwelling units, congregate residences and hotels. In efficiency dwelling units, hotel suites, and in hotel and congregate residence sleeping rooms, detectors shall be located on the ceiling or wall of the main room or each sleeping room. When sleeping rooms within an efficiency dwelling unit or hotel suite are on an upper level, the detector shall be placed at the ceiling of the upper level in close proximity to the stairway. When actuated, the detector shall sound an alarm audible within the sleeping area of the dwelling unit or congregate residence, hotel suite, or sleeping room in which it is located.
- f. Carbon Monoxide Alarms shall be installed in existing apartments, condominiums, hotels, motels, and certain single-family residences by January 1, 2013, in accordance with state law and adopted codes.
- 2. Fire Alarm Systems.
- a. <u>Certain Group R</u>, Division 1 Occupancies shall be provided with <u>an-approved manual and automatic fire alarm systems, which include Group R-2 in apartment houses three or more stories in height or containing 16 or more dwelling units, <u>and</u> in <u>Group R-1</u> hotels three or more stories in height or containing</u>



20 or more guest rooms, and in congregate residences three or more stories in height or having an occupant load of 20 or more. A fire alarm and communication system shall be provided in Group  $R_{-}$ , Division-1 Occupancies located in a high-rise building.

Exceptions:

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- 1. A manual fire alarm system need not be provided in buildings not over two stories in height when all individual dwelling units and contiguous attic and crawl spaces are separated from each other and public or common areas by at least one-hour fire-resistive occupancy separations and each individual dwelling unit or guest room has an exit directly to a public way, exit court, or yard.
- 2. A separate fire alarm system need not be provided in buildings which are protected throughout by an approved supervised fire sprinkler system having a local alarm to notify all occupants. The alarm signal shall be a distinctive sound which is not used for any other purpose other than the fire alarm. Alarm-signaling devices shall produce a sound that exceeds the prevailing equivalent sound level in the room or space by 15 decibels minimum, or exceeds any maximum sound level with a duration of 30 seconds minimum by 5 decibels minimum, whichever is louder. Sound levels for alarm signals shall be 120 decibels maximum. The minimum sound pressure levels shall be 75 decibels in Group R Occupancies. Sound levels for all alarm signals shall not exceed a maximum of 110 decibels.
- 9 For the purposes of this section, area separation walls shall not define separate buildings.
  - b. Occupancies Other Than Group R. Fire alarm systems shall be provided in all other buildings other than Group R occupancies in accordance with <u>any currently adopted requirement to do so or</u> the provisions of the Building Code and Fire Code in effect at the time the building was constructed, or when last substantially renovated, remodeled, extended, or altered.
- 12 | X. Kitchen Facilities.
- 13 Each dwelling unit shall be provided with a kitchen. The kitchen area shall contain:
  - 1. A sink with hot and cold running water.
  - 2. Space for a stove, or hot plate, or microwave.
  - 3. Space for a refrigerator.
  - 4. Adequate counter space for food preparation and dish washing.
  - 5. Adequate storage space for kitchen utensils and food.
  - 6. Adequate floor space.
- 18 | Kitchens shall be provided with light and ventilation meeting the minimum standards set forth in this chapter.
  - Communal kitchens shall be permitted only in rooming house or boarding homes. Such communal kitchens shall be located within a room accessible to the occupants of each guest room sharing the use of the kitchen without going outside the rooming house or boarding home, or going through a unit of another occupant.
  - Commercial kitchens shall comply with the Mechanical Code in effect at the time the kitchen was constructed, and the requirements of the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department. Commercial kitchens shall be provided with grease hoods and grease traps or interceptors when determined necessary.
  - Y. Laundry Facilities.
  - All residential buildings shall provide facilities for the washing of clothes in accordance with the provisions of the codes in force at the time the building was constructed. In an apartment house, where laundry facilities are not provided for each unit, means such as laundry trays or washing machines shall be provided elsewhere on site and shall be available to tenants.
  - Z. Electrical System and Lighting.



All occupied buildings shall be connected to an approved source of electrical power. An approved source of electrical power shall be Electrical Utilities authorized to furnish electrical power within the limits of the City of Tacoma. 1 All electrical equipment, components, and wiring shall be installed and maintained in a safe manner in 2 accordance with applicable codes. All electrical equipment shall be listed by an approved testing and/or listing agency. All damaged or missing electrical components or equipment shall be replaced, repaired, or removed as 3 appropriate. The electrical system shall be safe and not be a shock or fire hazard to the occupants of the building. Services 4 shall be adequately sized and provided with fuses, breakers, and other appropriate safety equipment. Wiring shall be maintained in a safe condition. 5 Exit facilities and other hallways and stairs shall be provided with supplied and operable lighting capable of 6 providing a minimum of one foot-candle lighting intensity at floor level. Emergency power shall be provided if required by the code under which the building was constructed. 7 Every habitable room shall contain at least two supplied and operable electrical convenience outlets, or one supplied electric convenience outlet and one supplied and operable light fixture. 8 Every kitchen, furnace room, and laundry room shall contain at least one supplied electric convenience outlet 9 and one supplied and operable light fixture. 10 Every bathroom, rest room, and toilet compartment shall contain at least one supplied and operable electric light fixture. In addition, every room containing lavatories shall be provided with at least one convenience 11 outlet. AA. Heating, and Mechanical, and Elevator Equipment. 12 Heating equipment shall be provided to heat every dwelling and guest room, and shall have the capacity to 13 heat all habitable rooms to 70 degrees Fahrenheit with an ambient outside temperature of 20 degrees Fahrenheit. Such equipment shall be in compliance with the Mechanical Code and or the Building Code in 14 effect at the time of installation. Solid-fuel-burning appliances and portable heating devices shall not be used to provide the primary heat for the dwelling or guest rooms. 15 Elevators shall be maintained in compliance with the code at the time of installation and the manufacturer's specifications. 16 BB. Water Heating Equipment. 17 Every dwelling or dwelling unit shall have water heating equipment which is properly installed and maintained in safe and good working condition. Such equipment shall be provided with piping to distribute the hot water 18 to all locations required by the Building, Plumbing, and Mechanical Codes and this chapter. Water heating equipment shall be capable of heating water to 120 degrees Fahrenheit in quantities to permit a reasonable 19 amount of hot water to be drawn at every required kitchen sink, lavatory, bathtub, or shower on demand. Hot water heating equipment shall have its thermostat set no lower than 120 degrees Fahrenheit, and shall be 20 provided with all safety equipment prescribed by the Plumbing and Mechanical Codes. Water-heating equipment required by this section shall be independent of the building heating system. 21 CC. Light and Ventilation. 22 1. Lighting. All occupied portions of buildings shall be provided with natural or artificial light. 23 All habitable rooms in residential dwelling buildings or dwelling units shall be provided with natural light. Natural light shall be provided for each room by windows and/or skylights which combine to have a minimum 24 area of one-tenth (1/10) of the floor area of the room or combination of rooms being considered. 25 Artificial light shall be provided with electrical fixtures wired to house power provided by a supply utility which provide a minimum light intensity of 1.0 foot-candle at floor level. Existing lighting which met the 26 Building Code in effect at the time the building was constructed, has been maintained in safe condition, and



shall be required to meet the Washington State Energy Code. 1 Adjacent rooms may be considered as one room, provided that the opening in the wall between the two rooms provide a minimum clear opening of one-tenth (1/10) of the floor area of the interior room, 25 square feet, or 2 one-half of the area of the wall between the rooms, whichever is greater. 3 2. Ventilation. All occupied portions of buildings shall be provided with natural or mechanical ventilation. Natural ventilation shall be by means of openable windows, doors, skylights, or other approved openings to the 4 exterior of the building. Natural ventilation shall be provided at a rate of one-twentieth (1/20) of the floor area of the space or combination of spaces being considered. 5 Existing mechanical ventilation meeting the requirements of the Building and Mechanical Codes in effect at 6 the time the building was constructed shall be considered satisfactory. New or revised mechanical ventilation shall meet the requirements of the Washington State Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality Code. 7 DD. Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances. 8 Solid-fuel-burning appliances shall be listed by an approved testing and/or listing agency, and shall be installed in accordance with their listings for clearances, chimneys, and floor protection. 9 Exception: Unlisted solid fuel burning appliance installations which existed prior to 1977, and which are in good condition, may remain, provided: 10 1. The clearances to combustible materials are in accordance with Tables 3. A and 3. B of the 1994 Uniform 11 Mechanical Code. 2. The installation meets the requirements of the Building Code in effect at the time of the installation. 12 Solid fuel burning appliances shall not be used as the primary heating source for dwelling units. 13 Exception: Solid fuel burning furnaces with an approved ducted heat distribution system, and an automatic fuel delivery system. A City of Tacoma building permit is required for the installation of a solid-fuel-burning 14 device. 15 Solid-fuel-burning appliances shall be listed by an approved testing agency and shall be installed in accordance with their listing and with the manufacturer's installation instructions, and shall comply with the applicable 16 Washington State Department of Ecology emissions standards and/or the United States Environmental Protection Agency emission standards for air quality. 17 The appliance shall be vented in accordance with the International Mechanical Code, International Building Code, or the International Residential Code. Masonry chimneys must be lined. Factory-built chimneys shall be 18 listed by an approved testing agency and shall be installed in accordance with their listing. 19 The installation of a used appliance is prohibited, except for engineered installations with prior approval by the Building official or other authorities having jurisdiction. 20 EE. Chimneys. 21 Every smoke pipe and every chimney shall remain adequately supported and free from obstructions and shall be maintained in a condition which ensures there will be no leakage or back-up of noxious gases. Every 22 chimney shall be reasonably plumb. Loose bricks or blocks shall be rebonded. Loose or missing mortar shall be replaced. Unused openings into the interior of the structure must be permanently sealed using approved 23 materials. Chimneys used for approved gas appliances shall be lined with approved materials. Masonry chimneys supported on chimney brackets ("shelf chimneys") shall be removed, or the chimney shall 24 be modified to provide an approved support system. 25 FF. Plumbing.

which provides the minimum 1.0 foot-candle at floor level is deemed as meeting this section. New lighting

Supply, waste, and vent plumbing piping shall be in good condition and free from leaks. Waste piping shall be

adequately sized to safely convey waste water to the City Sewer or to other approved plumbing waste disposal



systems. Vent piping shall be adequately sized and configured to prevent siphoning of plumbing fixture traps. All plumbing fixtures shall be in good condition, free from cracks and leaks, and shall be properly connected to the waste and vent system of the building. 1 GG. Number of Plumbing Fixtures. 2 Dwelling Units: Every dwelling unit shall be provided with a kitchen sink, a water closet, a lavatory (bathroom sink), and either a bathtub or a shower. 3 Lodging Houses: Lodging Houses shall be provided with a minimum of a kitchen sink, a water closet, a 4 lavatory (bathroom sink), and a bathtub or a shower, provided that, where the bathtub or shower is provided in the same room as a water closet and lavatory, that there shall be an additional water closet and lavatory in the 5 building in a different location. 6 Apartment Houses, Hotels, and Motels: Each apartment house dwelling unit, hotel unit, or motel unit shall be provided with a water closet, a lavatory (bathroom sink), and a bathtub or a shower. 7 Exception: Apartment houses, hotels, and motels existing prior to January 1, 1961, which contain communal toilet and bathing facilities rather than facilities for each unit, may continue operation without requiring 8 modification, provided: 9 1. There are separate toilet and bathing facilities for each sex. 2. Toilet and bathing facilities shall be separate from each other or of adequate size to permit simultaneous use. 10 3. The men's toilet facilities shall contain: 11 Water Closets: One for every ten guest rooms, or fraction thereof, but not less than one. 12 Urinals: One for every 25 guest rooms, or fraction thereof, but not less than one. Lavatories: One for every 12 guest rooms, or fraction thereof, but not less than one. 13 4. The women's toilet facilities shall contain: 14 Water Closets: One for every eight guest rooms, or fraction thereof, but not less than one. 15 Lavatories: One for every 12 guest rooms, or fraction thereof, but not less than one. 5. The bathing facilities for each sex shall contain: 16 One shower and bathtub combination and, in addition, shall provide one additional shower for every eight 17 guest rooms over eight. Dormitories: Dormitories shall provide toilet facilities in accordance with the exception listed for Hotels and 18 Motels. 19 Commercial and Industrial Buildings: Commercial and Industrial Buildings shall be provided with toilet facilities for each sex. Each toilet facility shall be provided with a minimum of one water closet and one 20 lavatory. In addition, each men's toilet facility shall also be provided with a urinal where there are more than four persons using the facility. 21 **Exceptions:** 22 1. Commercial and Industrial buildings may provide a single toilet facility with a lockable door where four or less persons are employed. 23 2. Restaurants with seating for 24 or less patrons may provide a single toilet facility with a lockable door. 24 The number of fixtures provided in each of the toilet facilities for commercial and industrial buildings shall meet the requirements set forth in the Building Code. 25 Exception: Toilet facilities which provided adequate fixtures in accordance with the Plumbing Code in effect when the building was constructed. 26



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HH. Sanitation.

1. Floors. In other than dwelling units, toilet room floors shall have a smooth, hard, nonabsorbent surface, such as Portland cement, concrete, ceramic tile, or other approved material which extends upward onto the walls at least 5 inches.

2. Walls. Walls within 2 feet of the front and sides of urinals and water closets shall have a smooth, hard, nonabsorbent surface of Portland cement, concrete, ceramic tile, or other smooth, hard, nonabsorbent surface to a height of 4 feet, and except for structural elements, the materials used in such walls shall be of a type which is not adversely affected by moisture.

# Exceptions:

- 1. Dwelling units and guest rooms.
- 2. Toilet rooms which are not accessible to the public and which have not more than one water closet.
- 3. Hardware. In all occupancies, accessories such as grab bars, towel bars, paper dispensers, and soap dishes, provided on or within walls, shall be installed and sealed to protect structural elements from moisture.
- 4. Bathtub and Shower. Bathtub and shower enclosures in all occupancies shall be finished as specified in items 1 and 2 above, to a height of not less than 70 inches above the drain inlet. Materials other than structural elements used in such walls shall be of a type which is not adversely affected by moisture.
- 5. Water Closet Room Separation. A room in which a water closet is located shall be separated from food preparation or food storage rooms by tight-fitting doors.
- II. Infestation.

Every building shall be kept free from infestations of vermin. Where infestations of vermin are found, they shall be promptly eliminated by extermination. After elimination of infestations, proper precautions shall be taken to prevent reinfestations. (See definition of vermin.)

JJ. Accessory Structures.

All accessory structures shall be maintained structurally safe and sound and in good repair. All exterior surfaces of accessory structures shall be of a material specifically for use in such a weather-exposed location. Accessory structures shall not be used for the storage of garbage or rubbish unless such garbage or rubbish is placed in an approved container or stored in a manner so as not to constitute a health or safety hazard.

An accessory structure shall contain no habitable space. No person shall occupy or allow another to occupy an accessory structure for living purposes. Plumbing shall not be permitted in an accessory structure, except as permitted by the Tacoma Land Use Regulatory Code.

Accessory buildings are not permitted on building lots separate from the main building, except as permitted by the Tacoma Land Use Regulatory Code. Detached accessory buildings located on a site where the main building has been removed may remain on the lot for up to a year, without the main building being replaced.

Exception: With the permission of the Building Official, accessory buildings may remain on a building lot where the main building has been destroyed for longer than one year, for sufficient reasons, presented to the Building Official in writing.

KK. Accessibility for the Physically Disabled.

All buildings shall be in compliance with the provisions of the Washington State Code for Barrier Free DesignAmerican National Standards Institute 117.1 that were in effect at the time the building was constructed. Additions, renovations, and/or remodeling of existing buildings shall meet the requirements of the present Washington State Code for Barrier Free DesignAmerican National Standards Institute 117.1 as it applies to existing buildings and to the specific project.

LL. Exterior Maintenance.



- 1. Buildings. The exterior of buildings shall be maintained in a manner which appears neat and orderly. Weatherproofing elements, such as roofing and siding, shall be firmly attached and in good condition. Glazing and exterior doors shall be intact and in good repair. Painted surfaces shall be fully covered and all peeling or blisters shall be scraped and repainted.
- 2. Sidewalks and Paving. The owner shall be responsible for maintaining sidewalks and other paving on the property. Sidewalks and other paving on the property shall provide a reasonably even surface without potential hazards.
- 3. Exterior Property Areas, Yards, and Courts. The owner shall be responsible for maintaining all exterior property areas, yards, and courts in a reasonably neat, clean, and sanitary condition. Property areas shall be maintained free from any accumulation of garbage, litter, debris, overgrown, or noxious vegetation, or other conditions which constitute a nuisance as defined by Chapter 8.30 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. For the purposes of this section, owners shall be responsible for maintaining the property to the centerline of abutting public streets and alleys, pursuant to Chapter 9.17 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.
- MM. Recreational Vehicles or Other Vehicles.
- No recreational vehicles, as defined by this chapter, or other vehicles shall be used for the purpose of living, sleeping, cooking, or any similar use while parked on public or private property.
- NN. Cargo Containers and Semi-Trailers.
- 1. Except as permitted by the City of Tacoma Land Use Regulatory Code, cargo containers shall not be permitted to be used as storage buildings.
- 2. Semi-trailers shall not be used for storage buildings.

# 2.01.080 Repair standards.

It is recognized that, in order to maintain the properties as required by this chapter, repairs will need to be made. Repairs, renovations, alterations, and additions in general will be required to meet the applicable codes in effect at the time they are undertaken, with the minimum acceptable standard of repair being made to bring the building or element of a building up to at least the minimum standards listed in Section 2.01.070 of this chapter. The following provisions provide guidelines for these repairs, renovations, alterations, and additions which, when undertaken, require meeting a higher standard or repair than just meeting the minimum requirements set forth in Section 2.01.070 of this chapter.

In the case of wWhere there is a change of use or where there is a substantial renovation as defined by the Building Code, all work shall be in accordance with the Building Code and the UCIEBC, as adopted and amended by the City of Tacoma in Chapter 2.02 of the Tacoma Municipal Code.

#### A. Foundations.

When an existing foundation system supporting the exterior walls of a building is a post and beam system, and is found by inspection to be substandard, it shall either be replaced with a continuous concrete or masonry foundation system or shall be analyzed by an engineer as to its structural adequacy to support vertical and lateral loads and shall be modified according to the engineering report to correct deficiencies.

Exception: Skirting and other non-structural material, or occasional deteriorated or damaged structural members, may be replaced with the approval of the Building Official.

The building shall be anchored to the foundation system in an approved manner.

In crawl space construction using combustible materials, a minimum clearance of 18 inches shall be provided between the dirt and the floor joists or flooring, and 12 inches between the dirt and floor beams. The dirt shall be covered by a 6-mil black polyethylene or approved equivalent moisture barrier. When the above under-floor clearances are required, access to the under-floor area shall be provided. Access to under-floor areas shall be provided with a minimum 18-inch by 24-inch opening, unobstructed by pipes, ducts, and similar construction. All under-floor access openings shall be effectively screened or covered. Pipes, ducts, and other construction shall not interfere with the accessibility to or within under-floor areas.

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Exception: When proper under-floor clearance is not provided under an existing building, the Building Official may permit the required clearance to be provided only where plumbing or other equipment is located, provided there is at least adequate clearance to prevent deterioration of materials or where the wood is pressure treated with approved wood preservatives.

Under-floor areas shall be ventilated by an approved mechanical means or by openings in the exterior foundation walls.

Mechanical Ventilation: Mechanical ventilation shall meet the Building Code requirements.

Natural Ventilation: If the under-floor space is to be provided ventilation by openings in the foundation walls, such openings shall have a net area of not less than 1 square foot for each 150 square feet of under-floor area. Openings shall be located as close to corners as is practical and shall provide cross-ventilation. The required area of such openings shall be approximately equally distributed along the length of at least two opposite sides. They shall be covered with corrosion-resistant wire mesh with 1/4-inch square mesh openings.

B. Floors.

Floors which are required to be repaired or reconstructed shall, as nearly as possible, follow the requirements of the Building Code for materials, floor loads, support, bracing, sheathing, and nailing. Where it is not practical, in the opinion of the Building Official, to repair or replace a floor to new building code standards, he/she may approve an alternate level of compliance, which is no less than that required by the Building Code in effect at the time the building was built.

C. Exterior Walls.

Exterior walls and exposed exterior surfaces shall be structurally sound, and shall form a weather tight barrier to the outside elements.

Deteriorated or dry rotted elements of exterior walls shall be replaced or repaired. Siding and weather-resistant coatings or coverings shall be maintained in good condition.

Exterior walls which are opened for repair shall be insulated as required by the Energy Code.

New or rebuilt exterior walls shall comply with the Building Code for fire resistance, parapets, and opening protection.

D. Windows and Glazing.

Broken glazing (panes of glass) may be replaced with new glazing that matches the broken glass in thickness, thermal performance, fire resistance, and strength, provided that safety glazing shall be used to replace broken glass in all locations where safety glazing is required by the Building Code.

All new windows (glazing and frames) shall meet the Building Code for fire protection due to location relative to the property lines, safety glazing where glass is subject to impact as defined in the Building Code, and the thermal requirements of the Energy Code for building envelope and type of heating.

Exception: In Group R, Division 3 Occupancies where new windows are provided with no modifications to the existing wall framing, the fire protection rating of the new windows shall be at least equal to the windows being replaced.

E. Roofs.

Roof structures shall be structurally sound. Roofing shall be weather tight and provide protection to the interior of the building from outside elements. Roof drainage shall be directed to approved locations. Deteriorated or dry-rotted materials shall be replaced or repaired. Roofs shall be maintained in good repair.

Where ventilation is being added to roof systems, the aggregate net ventilation area shall be provided at a rate of 1/150 of the ceiling area.

Exception: Where the outlet vents are 3 feet or more above the inlet vents, the aggregate net roof ventilation area may be reduced to 1/300 of the ceiling area.



The vent area shall be divided evenly between the inlet and outlet vents. Vents shall be so located to provide cross ventilation and to avoid creating unventilated areas. The openings shall be covered with corrosionresistant metal mesh with mesh openings of 1/4-inch in dimension. 1 Where attic access openings need to be provided, the opening shall be located in a corridor, hallway, or other 2 readily accessible location. Attics with a maximum vertical height of less than 30 inches need not be provided with access openings. The attic access opening shall not be less than 22 inches by 30 inches. Thirty-inch 3 minimum clear headroom in the attic space shall be provided at or above the access opening. F. Doors, Latches, and Locks. 4 All new doors serving an occupant load of ten or more, as calculated by the Building Code, shall have a 5 minimum width of not less than 36 inches and a minimum height of not less than 6 feet 8 inches, and shall be openable from the inside without a key or special knowledge. All doors serving an occupant load of 50 or more 6 shall swing in the direction of egress. 7 Doors serving an occupant load of less than ten, as calculated by the Building Code, may have dead bolts, provided they have a thumb operator, knob, or equivalent on the inside. Dead bolts which require keys to be 8 operated from the inside are not permitted. Doors serving occupancies classified as Group A (Assembly), Group E (Educational or Day Care), Group H, 9 (Hazardous), and Group I (Institutional) shall be provided with panic hardware when serving occupant loads of 50 or more, as calculated by the Building Code, or when otherwise required by the Building Code. 10 G. Corridors. 11 New, reconstructed, or remodeled corridors shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of the Building Code. 12 Exception: Existing duct penetration provided with fire dampers in accordance with the Building Code in 13 effect at the time the building or structure was constructed do not need to be updated to the smoke/fire dampers required by the Building Code. 14 Newly established required corridors shall not have dead ends which exceed 20 feet, and corridors shall terminate at doors to the exterior of the building or to doors leading to stair enclosures or to doors passing 15 through horizontal exits, as defined by the Building Code. Exits from corridors shall not pass through intervening rooms, except for lobbies and waiting areas constructed to corridor standards as defined by the 16 Building Code. 17 H. Stairways and Stair Enclosures. New or rebuilt stairs shall be constructed as required by the Building Code. New stairs shall be enclosed, when 18 required by the Building Code. 19 I. Guardrails. New guardrails, and guardrails which need to be replaced, shall meet all the requirements set forth for 20 guardrails in the Building Code. 21 J. Stairway Handrails. Where stairways are missing handrails, handrails shall be provided which meet all the requirements of the 22 Building Code. 23 K. Exit Path Lighting. Exit path shall be illuminated at all times the building or structure is occupied. Exit path lighting shall provide 24

General. Except within individual dwelling units, guest rooms, and sleeping rooms, exits shall be illuminated

at any time the building is occupied with light having intensity of not less than 1.0 foot-candle at floor level.

a minimum illumination at floor level of 1.0 foot-candle. Where exit path lighting in existing buildings is

missing or is required to be upgraded, it shall meet the following requirements:

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Exception: In auditoriums, theaters, concert or opera halls, and similar assembly uses, the illumination at floor level may be reduced during performances to not less than 0.2 foot-candle.

Separate Sources of Power. The power supply for exit illumination shall normally be provided by the premises' wiring system. In the event of its failure, illumination shall be automatically provided from an emergency system for Group I, Divisions 1.1 and 1.2 Occupancies, and for all other occupancies where the exiting system serves an occupant load of 100 or more.

Emergency systems shall be supplied from storage batteries or an on-site generator set and the system shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the Electrical Code.

L. Exit Signs.

Where exit signs in existing buildings are missing or are required to be upgraded, they shall meet the following requirements:

Where Required. When two or more exits from a story are required, exit signs shall be installed at stair enclosure doors, horizontal exits, and other required exits from the story. When two or more exits are required from a room or area, exit signs shall be installed at the required exits from the room or area and where otherwise necessary to clearly indicate the direction and path of egress.

Exceptions:

- 1. Main exterior exit doors, which obviously and clearly are identifiable as exits, need not be signed when approved by the Building Official.
- 2. Group R, Division 3, and individual units of Group R, Division 1 Occupancies.
- 3. Exits from rooms or areas with an occupant load of less than 50 when located within a Group I, Divisions 1.1, 1.2, or 2 Occupancy, or a Group E, Division 3 day-care occupancy.
- Graphics. The color and design of lettering, arrows, and other symbols on exit signs shall be in high contrast with their background. Words on the sign shall be in block letters 6 inches in height with a stroke of not less than 3/4 inch.
- Illumination. Signs shall be internally or externally illuminated by two electric lamps or shall be of an approved self-luminous type. When the luminance on the face of an exit sign is from an external source, it shall have an intensity of not less than 5.0 foot-candles from either lamp. Internally-illuminated signs shall provide equivalent luminance.
- Power Supply. Current supply to one of the lamps for exit signs shall be provided by the premises' wiring system. Power to the other lamp shall be from storage batteries or an on-site generator set, and the system shall be installed in accordance with the Electrical Code.
- (Note: Refer to Building Code for high-rise buildings and for amusement structures.)
  - 2.01.090 Unoccupied, or vacant, or partially secured building standards.

A. Intent.

It is the intent of this section that buildings which are unoccupied, or vacant, or partially secured, but are occupied, shall present a neat and orderly appearance, and, as much as possible, will appear occupied or ready for occupancy. If a building is to remain unoccupied or vacant for a period of time, it shall meet the following standards:

1. All exterior openings shall be properly secured as outlined in Subsection C below, Standards for Securing Buildings. Openings shall be secured by the normal building amenities, including, but not limited to, doors, shutters, grills, and window glazing, which can be considered appropriate for securing an occupied building. If it becomes necessary to temporarily secure openings by covering them with structural paneling, the use of the paneling shall be limited to a maximum of 30 calendar days. Where it becomes impractical to secure buildings using the normal security measures, the Building Official may permit the use of medium density overlay or other approved materials, installed in the window frames and painted with a glossy paint of such color to



simulate glazing. In such case, the paneling or other approved materials shall blend with the exterior finish of the building, to provide the building with a neat and tended appearance.

- 2. The building shall be properly weather-protected to prevent deterioration of the exterior and interior of the building. This weather protection shall be approved by the City and shall include the roof and wall assemblies.
- 3. All miscellaneous debris which constitutes a fire hazard shall be removed from the building and property, and the property shall be left in such condition as to not be in violation of the City of Tacoma's Nuisance Ordinance, Chapter 8.30 of the Tacoma Municipal Code. The property shall remain nuisance free at all times.
- 4. All buildings which have automatic fire sprinklers systems and/or fire alarm systems shall have such systems maintained in operable condition at all times.
- 5. Adequate heat shall be maintained within an unoccupied or vacant building to prevent plumbing and automatic fire sprinkler systems from freezing, or alternatively the plumbing, automatic fire sprinkler systems, or any other element in the building sensitive to freezing may be winterized in an approved manner.
- 6. All sewer lines shall be capped. (When approved by Planning and Development Services, this may be accomplished by providing an approved plug at the fixtures within the building.)
- 7. The owner shall inspect the property periodically to assure that the property remains in compliance with this chapter. In the event that the unoccupied building does not conform to this standard, the Building Official may order the owner to inspect the property, according to a specific schedule, and to provide written reports that the inspections have been performed and that the property is in compliance with these standards.
- B. Procedures for Securing Buildings.
- 1. Vacant Buildings.

Once a building is determined to be vacant and is open to unauthorized third-party entry, the Building Official shall make reasonable effort to contact the owner to have the building secured. If the owner cannot be contacted with reasonable effort, the City of Tacoma shall secure the building. If such building is presenting an immediate danger to the health, safety, and welfare of the public, or is requested to be immediately secured by the Building Official, the City of Tacoma Police Department, the City of Tacoma Fire Department and/or the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department, the Building Official shall immediately cause the building to be secured. In the event that the City of Tacoma secures the building, all costs incurred shall be assessed to the owner of the property.

2. Occupied Buildings.

If a building is occupied and determined by the City of Tacoma to be in violation of this chapter and presents an immediate danger to the health, safety, and welfare of the occupants or the public, the building shall be ordered vacated by the Building Official, and the Building Official shall cause the building to be immediately secured from unauthorized third-party entry. In the event that the City of Tacoma secures the building, all costs incurred shall be assessed to the owner of the property.

3. Occupied Buildings which have been secured due to vandalism or other hazards.

Occupied buildings that have been secured due to vandalism or other hazards may remain secured for a period of 21 calendar days while the owner obtains estimates for the repair of the damaged door(s), window(s), exterior wall(s), or other areas of the building which have been damaged due to hazards beyond the control of the owner. It shall be a violation of Section 2.01.090 of the Tacoma Municipal Code if the owner has not made repairs within 30 calendar days from the date of the Notice of Violation or negotiated a repair schedule.

C. Standards for Securing Buildings.

To secure a building, all doors, window openings, or other openings on floors accessible from grade shall be closed and locked, or shuttered to prevent third-party entry, to the satisfaction of the Building Official.

2.01.100 Residential Building Rental Registration Program. Repealed by Ord. 27154.

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# **EXHIBIT "B"**

1	BOARD OF BUILDING APPEALS		
2			
3	Sections: 2.17.010 Bo	pard of Building Appeals.	
4	2.17.020 Di	uties and authority of Board of Building Appeals. earings – Procedures – Appeals.	
5	2.17.040 Bo	pard member liability.	
6	* * *   2.17.030 H	earings – Procedures – Appeals.	
7 8	A. An aggrieved party in interest may appeal to the Board, an interpretation, or a decision and order of the Director of Planning and Development Services, or his duly authorized representative, or of the Chief of the Fire Department, or his duly authorized representative, or the Building Official, or his duly authorized representative, by filing a notice of appeal with the City Clerk and with the secretary of the Board within 30 calendar days from the date of service of athe written interpretation, decision, or order.		
9			
10	B. The appeal shall be in writing and shall clearly and concisely state the basis for such appeal.		
11	C. The Board is authorized to promulgate procedural rules for appeal hearings conducted pursuant to this Chapter.		
12	BD. The secretary to the Board shall review the requested appeal and make an initial determinatione whether said appeal is within the authority of the Board. In the event it is determined that an appeal is not within its		
13	authority, the aggrieved party shall be notified, in writing, by the secretary of the Board within ten days following such determination.		
14	CE. The Board shall conduct hearings of all timely appeals, determined to be within the Board's authority, at a date and time certain after having given the aggrieved party in interest not less than ten days' notice thereof. At said hearing the Board shall receive evidence as may be presented by any department of the City of Tacoma and by the aggrieved party in interest. Failure of aggrieved party or his representative to appear at the hearing		
16	properly noticed may be cause for dismissal of the appeal.		
17	and make its recommendation within 60 days from the date of the completion of the hearing. Such recommendation or decision shall be made to the Director of Public Works, or his duly authorized representative, or to the Chief of the Fire Department, or his duly authorized representative. Such		
19			
20	EG. For those appeals of dangerous building orders issued by the Hearing Officer pursuant to TMC 2.01.060, the appeal hearing shall be de novo. The Board shall have the authority to affirm, modify, or reverse the Hearing Officer's decision. In the event the Board determines that an appeal is not within its authority, the aggrieved party shall be notified in writing by the secretary of the Board within ten days following such determination.  FH. The Director of Public Works, or his duly authorized representative, or the Chief of the Fire Department, or his duly authorized representative, may seek the advice of the Board as to their interpretation of any section of a code by filing a request therefore, as described in subsection A, above.		
21			
22			
23			
24		the Board of Building Appeals' interpretations, decisions, penalties, and/or orders pertaining to	
25	appeals filed relative to the codes and laws assigned to the authority of the Board shall be made to the superior court within 21 calendar days, from the date of receipt of the interpretation, decision, penalty, and/or order in conformance with RCW 35.80.030(2).		



# **ORDINANCE NO. 28150**

AN ORDINANCE relating to committees, boards, and commissions; amending Section 11.05.260 of the Tacoma Municipal Code to remove reference to the Parking Management Advisory Task Force, to enable implementation of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions review recommendations.

WHEREAS, in December 2012, the City Council requested a review of the City's Committees, Boards, and Commissions ("CBC") for the purpose of assessing roles and responsibilities, output, connection to policy process, staff resources, and limitations of staff resources for each CBC, and

WHEREAS, at the Committee of the Whole meetings of April 2nd and April 16th, City Council members provided input on the CBC review, including a request for creation of a Transportation Commission ("Commission") to advise on transportation-related matters such as short-term and long-range transportation planning; compliance with local, regional, and federal transportation regulations; bike, pedestrian, and mass transit-related planning initiatives; and parking and capital improvement plans, and

WHEREAS the Commission will consist of 11 members, nine voting members appointed by the City Council who are City residents, with representatives from each of the City's five Council Districts, who will bring a range of perspectives and expertise that focus on the City's long-term vision for mobility options throughout the City, and two non-voting members appointed by the City Manager, and



WHEREAS it is recommended that one or more Technical Advisory

Groups ("TAGs") be established to provide specific technical expertise to the

Commission on various transportation policy areas, and

WHEREAS the TAGs will report to the Commission and will provide due diligence screening and research of policy recommendations and related requests from the Commission, and

WHEREAS, as vacancies occur, members of the TAGs will be appointed by the Commission, and

WHEREAS it is further recommended that the Commission have the current Parking Management Advisory Task Force serve as the Parking TAG, and the current Bicycle and Pedestrian Action Committee serve as the Bicycle and Pedestrian TAG, and

WHEREAS, because the Parking Management Advisory Task Force was created by Substitute Ordinance No. 27840 and codified in Section 11.05.260 of the Tacoma Municipal Code, this language needs to be repealed so that the task force can be appointed by and report to the Commission, Now, Therefore,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TACOMA:



1	Section 1. That Section 11.05.260 of the Tacoma Municipal Code is		
2	hereby amended as set forth in the	e attached Exhibit "A."	
3			
4	Passed		
5		-	
6	Attest:	Mayor	
7			
8			
9	City Clerk		
10	Approved as to form:		
11	Approved as to form.		
12			
13	City Attorney		
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### **EXHIBIT "A"**

# Chapter 11.05

## MODEL TRAFFIC ORDINANCE

11.05.260 On-street parking regulation. Pay stations; establishing pay station rates, designating revenues; citizen advisory committee.

The City Manager, or his or her designee, shall have the authority to designate zones within the City where on-street parking will be regulated by pay stations and/or time limits. The City Manager, or his or her designee, shall have the authority to establish rates for such pay stations based on market rates. For purposes of this section, "market rates" shall mean the rate at which a 15 percent on-street vacancy rate per nationally recognized standards is achieved. All revenues from pay stations are hereby designated for payment into the Parking Enterprise Fund. The City Manager, or his or her designee, is hereby directed to create a Parking Management Advisory Task Force, which shall assist the City Manager, or his or her designee, with the establishment and management of the herein established on street parking system. Once created, the Parking Management Advisory Task Force shall report to the Environment and Public Works Committee on its activities and recommendations on an annual basis.

\* \* \*



ORDINANCE NO. 28151

AN ORDINANCE relating to the Biennial Budget; amending the Biennial Budget of the City for the fiscal years 2013-2014 to appropriate funds from the 2011-2012 budget to cover current contract obligations, transfers, and other budget adjustments.

WHEREAS under RCW 35.34.200, this ordinance is necessary to appropriate funds from the 2011-2012 budget to account for contract obligations, transfers, and other budget adjustments that were not identifiable in December 2012; Now, Therefore,

# BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TACOMA:

That the Biennial Budget of the City for the fiscal years 2013-2014 ("Biennial Budget") is hereby amended by adopting the proposed 2013-2014 biennial modifications, set out in Exhibit "A" and explained in narrative form in Exhibit "B" and Exhibit "C," which exhibits are attached hereto and incorporated as part of this ordinance; and that the Biennial Budget shall be deemed to be and is hereby amended to provide for the appropriation and expenditure of said funds.

Attest:

City Clerk
Approved as to form:

Deputy City Attorney